

FIPS 140-3 Non-Proprietary Security Policy for:

KIOXIA TCG OPAL SSC Crypto Sub-Chip TC58NC1132GTC



KIOXIA CORPORATION Rev 2.0.0

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Section 1 - General

This document explains precise specification of the security rules about KIOXIA TCG OPAL SSC Crypto Sub-Chip TC58NC1132GTC. The Cryptographic Module (CM) meets the requirements of FIPS 140-3 Security Level 2 Overall. The Table below shows the security level detail.

Section	Level
1. General	2
2. Cryptographic Module Specification	2
3. Cryptographic Module Interfaces	2
4. Roles, Services, and Authentication	2
5. Software/Firmware Security	2
6. Operational Environment	N/A
7. Physical Security	2
8. Non-invasive Security	N/A
9. Sensitive Security Parameter Management	2
10. Self-tests	2
11. Life-cycle Assurance	2
12. Mitigation of Other Attacks	N/A
Overall Level	2

Table 1 - Security Levels

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Section 1.1 - Acronyms

- AES Advanced Encryption Standard
- CM Cryptographic Module
- SSP Sensitive Security Parameter
- DRBG Deterministic Random Bit Generator
- HMAC The Keyed-Hash Message Authentication code
- KAT Known Answer Test
- POST Power on Self-Test
- CAST Cryptographic Algorithm Self-Test
- PSID Printed SID
- SED Self-Encrypting Drive
- SHA Secure Hash Algorithm
- SID Security ID
- TCG Trusted Computing Group

Section 2 – Cryptographic Module Specification

KIOXIA TCG OPAL SSC Crypto Sub-Chip TC58NC1132GTC (listed in Section2.1 Product Version) is used for solid state drive data security. The CM is a single chip hardware module implemented as a sub-chip compliant with IG 2.3.B in the TC58NC1132GTC 0003 SoC (see Figure 1 in Section 7). Overall Security Rating of the CM is Level2 (See Table 1 in Section 1 for individual security area levels). The CM is intended to be used by being embedded in TCG OPAL compliant solid state drive.

The CM provides various cryptographic services using approved algorithms. The CM has multiple functions, but they do not support the degraded operation. The physical boundary of the CM is the TC58NC1132GTC 0003 SoC and the logical boundary of the CM is TC58NC1132GTC CRPT module.

The CM has one approved mode of operation and CM is always in approved mode of operation after initial operations are performed (See Section 11). In approved mode, the CM provides services defined in Table 7 in Section 4.2.

Section 2.1 – Product Version

The CM are validated with the following versions:

Physical single-chip	The sub-chip cryptographic subsystem soft circuitry core	The associated firmware	
TC58NC1132GTC 0003	TC58NC1132GTC CRPT module 0001	SC02AN	

 Table 2 - Cryptographic Module Tested Configuration

Section 2.2 – Security Functions

The CM executes following approved algorithms:

CAVP Cert	Algorithm and Standard	Mode/ Method	Description/Key Size(s)/ Key Strength(s)	Use/Function
#C1925	AES256 (FIPS 197 / SP800-38A)	CBC	Key Size: 256 bits/ Key Strength: 256 bits	Data and Key Encryption/ Decryption

#C1925	AES256	XTS ¹	Key Size: 256 bits/	Data Encryption/	
# C1925	(FIPS 197 / SP800-38E)	Key Strength: 256 bits		Decryption	
	SHA256			Hashing	
#C1925	(FIPS 180-4)	N/A	N/A	messages	
				Message	
#C1925	HMAC-SHA256	N/A	Key Size: 256 bits/	Authentication	
	(FIPS 198-1)		Key Strength: 256 bits	Code	
	RSASSA-PKCS#1-v1 5		Key Size: 2048 bits/	Signature	
#C2009	(FIPS 186-4)	N/A	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2	
			Key Strength: 112 bits	verification	
#62002	Hash DRBG	N/A	Upph haard, CUADEC	Deterministic Random Bit	
#C2002	(SP800-90A Rev.1)		Hash based: SHA256	Generation	
			MACs: HMAC-SHA256/		
#C2001	KBKDF (SP800-108 Revised)	Counter	Key Size: 256 bits/	Key derivation	
	(SPOULIUS Revised)		Key Strength 256 bits		
			Combination of		
	KTS (IG D.G)		AES256 CBC Mode and	Key Transport	
#C1925		N/A	HMAC-SHA256 /	, ,	
			Key Size: 256 bits/	Scheme	
			Key Strength: 256 bits		
Vendor	СКС		Methods described in	Cryptographic	
Affirmation	(SP800-133 Rev.2)	N/A	section 4 of the SP800-133 Rev.2	Key Generation	
	Entropy Source			Hardware RNG used to seed the	
ENT(P)	(SP800-90B)	N/A	N/A	used to seed the approved Hash_DRBG.	
L	1	1	1		

Table 3 - Approved Algorithm

The CM does not implement any Non-Approved Algorithms Allowed in the Approved Mode of Operation.

¹ ECB mode is used as a prerequisite of XTS mode. ECB is not directly used in services of the Cryptographic Module. The CM performs a check that the XTS Key1 and XTS Key2 are different according to IG C.I.

Section 2.3 – Module Configuration

Overview block diagram of the CM is shown below.

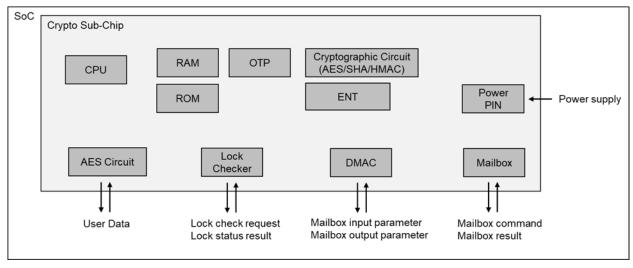


Figure 1 – Configuration of module and peripheral components

Components of the CM is shown with gray background include processor and memories (volatile and non-volatile memory) and HW circuitry for cryptographic processing. Physical ports bordering outside the CM's boundary and the data passing over them are also indicated (see Section 3 for details on physical ports and interfaces).

Section 3 – Cryptographic Module Interface

Physical port	Logical Interface	Data that passes over port/interface
Mailbox	Data Input	Mailbox input parameter.
AES circuit		User data.
DMAC		Read/Write destination address information.
Lock Checker		
Mailbox	Data Output	Mailbox output parameter.
AES circuit		User data.
DMAC		
Mailbox	Control Input	Mailbox command information.
Lock Checker		Lock status confirmation request signal.
Mailbox	Status Output	Mailbox command result.
Lock Checker		Lock status confirmation result signal.
Power PIN	Power Input	Power

Note: Control output is omitted in the table above because the CM does not implement this type of interface.

Table 4 - Ports and Interface

Section 4 – Roles Services and Authentication

The relation between Roles and Services in this CM is shown below.

Role	Service	Input	Output		
	Download Port Lock/Unlock				
	Firmware Download ²				
	Set PIN (for AdminSP.SID and				
	AdminSP.Admin1)				
FIPS Crypto Officer	Authority Enable/Disable	Mailbay, as managed	Mailbay assumed you dt		
(AdminSP.SID)	Revert	Mailbox command	Mailbox command result		
	Data Locking protection Enable				
	Sanitize				
	Format Namespace				
	Namespace Create/Delete				
	Set PIN (for AdminSP.Admin1)				
	Revert				
FIPS Crypto Officer (AdminSP.Admin1)	Sanitize	Mailbox command	Mailbox command result		
(Authinsp.Authint)	Format Namespace				
	Namespace Create/Delete				
	Band Lock/Unlock				
	Cryptographic Erase		Mailbox command result		
	Cryptographic Erase and Initialize				
	Band State				
	Set Band position and Size,				
	Set Band position and Size for Band				
	of Single User Mode				
	Set PIN(for LockingSP.Admin1-4				
FIPS Crypto Officer	and LockingSP.User1-192)	Mailbox command			
(LockingSP.Admin1-4)	Authority Enable/Disable				
	Revert				
	Data Locking protection Enable				
	Sanitize				
	Format Namespace				
	Namespace Create/Delete				
	Band Set Enable				
	Band Set Disable				
	Data Read/Write	Encrypted/Decrypted data	Decrypted/Encrypted data		
	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of				
FIPS Crypto Officer	Single User Mode (for GlobalRange)	Mailbox command	Mailbox command result		
(LockingSP.User1)	Cryptographic Erase for Band of				
	Single User Mode (for GlobalRange)				

² "Firmware Download" service is controlled by AdminSP.SID role and signature of downloaded external firmware is verified (RSASSA-PKCS#1-v1_5).



	Cryptographic Erase and Initialize			
	Band State (for GlobalRange)			
	Set Band position and Size for Band			
	of Single user Mode (for			
	GlobalRange			
	Set PIN (for LockingSP.User1),			
	Set PIN for Band of Single User			
	Mode (for LockingSP.Use1)			
	Format Namespace			
	Namespace Create/Delete			
	Data Read/Write	Encrypted/Decrypted data	Decrypted/Encrypted data	
	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of			
	Single User Mode (for Band1)			
	Cryptographic Erase for Band of			
	Single User Mode (for Band1)			
	Cryptographic Erase and Initialize			
	Band State (for Band1)	Maillan anns an d	Mailbox command result	
FIPS Crypto Officer	Set Band position and Size for Band	Mailbox command		
(LockingSP.User2)	of Single user Mode (for Band1)			
	Set PIN (for LockingSP.User2),			
	Set PIN for Band of Single User			
	Mode (for LockingSP.User2)			
	Format Namespace			
	Data Read/Write	Encrypted/Decrypted data	Decrypted/Encrypted data	
	Data Read/Write	Encrypted/Decrypted data	Decrypted/Encrypted data	
		Encrypted/Decrypted data 	Decrypted/Encrypted data 	
		Encrypted/Decrypted data 	Decrypted/Encrypted data 	
	 Band Lock/Unlock for Band of	Encrypted/Decrypted data 	Decrypted/Encrypted data 	
	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191)	Encrypted/Decrypted data 	Decrypted/Encrypted data 	
	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of	Encrypted/Decrypted data 	Decrypted/Encrypted data 	
	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191)			
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize	Encrypted/Decrypted data Mailbox command	Decrypted/Encrypted data Mailbox command result	
	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191)			
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band			
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191)			
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192),			
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User			
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode (for LockingSP.User192)			
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode (for LockingSP.User192) Format Namespace	 Mailbox command	 Mailbox command result	
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode (for LockingSP.User192) Format Namespace Data Read/Write	 Mailbox command Encrypted/Decrypted data	 Mailbox command result Decrypted/Encrypted data	
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode (for LockingSP.User192) Format Namespace Data Read/Write Firmware Verification	 Mailbox command	 Mailbox command result	
FIPS Crypto Officer	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode (for LockingSP.User192) Format Namespace Data Read/Write Firmware Verification Random Number Generation Show Status	 Mailbox command Encrypted/Decrypted data	 Mailbox command result Decrypted/Encrypted data	
FIPS Crypto Officer (LockingSP.User192)	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode (for LockingSP.User192) Format Namespace Data Read/Write Firmware Verification Random Number Generation Show Status Zeroisation	 Mailbox command Encrypted/Decrypted data Mailbox command	 Mailbox command result Decrypted/Encrypted data Mailbox command result	
FIPS Crypto Officer (LockingSP.User192)	Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode (for Band191) Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State (for Band191) Set Band position and Size for Band of Single user Mode (for Band191) Set PIN (for LockingSP.User192), Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode (for LockingSP.User192) Format Namespace Data Read/Write Firmware Verification Random Number Generation Show Status	 Mailbox command Encrypted/Decrypted data	 Mailbox command result Decrypted/Encrypted data	

Table 5 - Roles, Service Commands, Input and output

The CM supports the configuration of roles and services. The authenticated operator is expected to configure locked bands for data storage, the associated role and the lock-based authentication data (PIN) per Table 6 (refer to section 11 for detail settings to maintain secure operation). Bands that are not configured are considered unprotected or plaintext. This configuration enables Data Read/Write service using the lock-based authentication model (IG 4.1.A). To Read/Write data from/to each band, an operator must unlock the bands with appropriate authenticated roles. Once the bands are unlocked, Read and Write access to the bands must be controlled by a trusted operator outside of the module who has been authenticated as the associated role until powered off. The module prevents Data read/write service for locked bands. If Read and Write access needs to be inhibited prior to power off, the operator who authenticates the role must set the bands to the locked state again.

Section 4.1 – Roles and Authentication

Role Name	Role Type	Type of Authentication	Authentication	Authentication Strength	Multi Attempt strength
AdminSP.SID	Crypto Officer	Role	PIN	1 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 1,000,000	30 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 100,000
AdminSP.Admin1	Crypto Officer	Role	PIN	1 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 1,000,000	30 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 100,000
LockingSP.Admin1-4	Crypto Officer	Role	PIN	1 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 1,000,000	30 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 100,000
LockingSP.User1	Crypto Officer	Role	PIN	1 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 1,000,000	30 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 100,000
LockingSP.User2	Crypto Officer	Role	PIN	1 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 1,000,000	30 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 100,000
LockingSP.User192	Crypto Officer	Role	PIN	1 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 1,000,000	30 / 2 ⁶⁴ < 1 / 100,000

This section describes roles, authentication method, and strength of authentication.

 Table 6 - Identification and Authentication Policy

The CM performs role authentication by comparing whether the PIN entered by the user matches the information stored inside the CM. PINs are hashed with SHA-256 to store them on the CM. The PIN entered by the user is hashed and compared to the stored PIN hash.

PINs can be changed by executing the Set PIN Service (see Section4.2) with appropriate roles authenticated. The CM refuses to set a PIN less than 8 bytes, and responds with an error if such a setting is attempted. Therefore the probability that a random attempt will succeed is $1 / 2^{64} < 1 / 1,000,000$ (the CM accepts any value (0x00-0xFF) as each byte of PIN). The CM waits 2sec when authentication attempt fails, so the maximum number of authentication attempts is 30

times in 1 min. Consequently the probability that random attempts in 1 min will succeed is $30 / 2^{64} < 1 / 100,000$.

The Roles of AdminSP.Admin1, LockingSP.Admin2-4 and LockingSP.User1-192 are set initial authentication data to null (means data of length 0). These role's authentication data are need to be replaced upon the first-time authentication. Otherwise, the operator who assumes these role cannot execute services except Set PIN and services that does not need authorized roles.

Section 4.2 – Services

This section describes services which the CM provides.

Service	Description	Approved Security Function	Keys and/or SSPs	Role(s)	Access rights to Keys and/or SSPs ³	Indicator
Band Lock/Unlock Band Lock/Unlock for Band of Single User Mode	Lock or unlock read / write of user data in a band. Lock or unlock read / write of user data in band"X" of single user mode.	KBKDF HMAC-SHA256	KDK MEKs System MAC Key	LockingSP.Admin 1-4 LockingSP.User"X +1"	E G E	Mailbox command result
Check Lock State	Check a lock state of band that read / write user data.	N/A	N/A	None	N/A	Band Lock state
Data Read/Write	Encryption / decryption of user data to/from unlocked band of SSD ⁴ .	AES256-XTS	MEKs	LockingSP.Admin 1-4 LockingSP.User1- 192	E	Readable/Writab le signal from lock check module
Cryptographic Erase	Erase user data (in cryptographic means) by changing the key that derives the data encryption key.	CKG (Hash_DRBG) KBKDF HMAC-SHA256 AES256-CBC KTS	DRBG Internal Value KDK KDK MEKs System MAC Key System Enc Key KDK	LockingSP.Admin 1-4	E G, Z E G, Z E E W, R	Mailbox
Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode	Erase user data in band"X" of single user mode (in cryptographic means) by changing the key that derives the data encryption key.			LockingSP.user"X +1"		command result

³ The letters (G, R, W, E, Z) mean <u>Generate</u>, <u>Read</u>, <u>Write</u>, <u>Execute</u> and <u>Zeroise</u> respectively.

⁴ The band has to be unlocked by corresponding role beforehand.



Cryptographic Erase and Initialize	Erase user data in band"X" of single user	CKG (Hash_DRBG)	DRBG Internal Value	LockingSP.Admin 1-4	E	
Band State	mode (in cryptographic means) by changing the key	KBKDF	KDK KDK MEKs	LockingSP.user"X +1"	G, Z E G, Z	Mailbox command result
	that derives the data encryption key, and initialize the band state.	HMAC-SHA256 AES256-CBC KTS	System MAC Key System Enc Key KDK		E E W, R	
Download Port Lock/Unlock	Lock / unlock firmware download.	N/A	N/A	AdminSP.SID	N/A	Mailbox command result
Firmware Verification	Digital signature verification for firmware outside the CM.	RSASSA-PKCS#1- v1_5	Public Key embedded on the CM's code	None	E	Mailbox command result
Firmware Download	Download a firmware image ⁵ .	SHA256 RSASSA-PKCS#1- v1_5	PubKey1 PubKey1	AdminSP.SID	W, E E	Mailbox command result
Random Number Generation	Provide a random number generated by the CM.	Hash_DRBG	DRBG Internal Value	None	E	Mailbox command result
Set Band Position and Size	Set the location and size of the band.	CKG (Hash_DRBG) KBKDF HMAC-SHA256 AES256-CBC	DRBG Internal Value KDK KDK MEKs System MAC Key System Enc Key	LockingSP.Admin 1-4	E G, Z E G, Z E E	Mailbox command result
Set Band Position and Size for Band of Single User Mode	Set the location and size of the band"X" of single user mode.	ктѕ	KDK	LockingSP.Admin 1-4 LockingSP.User"X +1"	W, R	
Set PIN	Set PIN (authentication data).	SHA256 HMAC-SHA256 AES256-CBC KTS	PINs System MAC Key System Enc Key PINs	AdminSP.SID, AdminSP.Admin1 , LockingSP.Admin 1-4, LockingSP.User1- 192	W, E E E W, R	Mailbox command result
Set PIN for Band of Single User Mode	Set PIN (authentication data) of authority for band"X" of single use mode			LockingSP.User1- 192		
Authority Enable/Disable	Enable/Disable the authority.	HMAC-SHA256 AES256-CBC	System MAC Key System Enc Key	AdminSP.SID LockingSP.Admin 1-4	E	Mailbox command result
Revert	Initialize the band State and disable band lock setting.	SHA256 CKG (Hash_DRBG)	PINs DRBG Internal Value KDK	AdminSP.SID, AdminSP.Admin1 LockingSP.Admin 1-4,	W, E E G, Z	Mailbox command result

 $^{\rm 5}$ Only the CMVP validated version is to be used



		KBKDF	KDK		E	
		nonor	MEKs		G, Z	
		HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key		E	
		AES256-CBC	System Enc Key		E	
		KTS	PINs		L W, R	
		KI5	KDK		W, R W, R	
Data La alvia a	Enable Data	SHA256	PINs	AdminSP.SID	W, K W, E	
Data Locking						Mailhau
Protection Enable	protection with band	HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key	LockingSP.Admin	E	Mailbox
	lock setting.	AES256-CBC	System Enc Key	1-4	E	command result
		KTS	PINs		W, R	
Sanitize	Erase all user data (in	CKG (Hash_DRBG)	DRBG Internal	AdminSP.SID,	E	
	cryptographic means)		Value	AdminSP.Admin1	0.7	
	by changing the key		KDK	/	G, Z	
	that derives the data	KBKDF	KDK	LockingSP.Admin	E	Mailbox
	encryption key.		MEKs	1-4	G, Z	command result
		HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key		E	
		AES256-CBC	System Enc Key		E	
		KTS	KDK		W, R	
Format Namespace	Erase user data (in	CKG (Hash_DRBG)	DRBG Internal	AdminSP.SID,	E	
	cryptographic means)		Value	AdminSP.Admin1		
	on Namespace by		KDK	1	G, Z	
	changing the key that	KBKDF	KDK	LockingSP.Admin	E	Mailbox
	derives the data		MEKs	1-4,	G, Z	command result
	encryption key.	HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key	LockingSP.User1-	E	
		AES256-CBC	System Enc Key	192	E	
		KTS	KDK		– W, R	
		-				
Namespace	Create and delete	CKG (Hash_DRBG)	DRBG Internal	AdminSP.SID,	E	
Create/Delete	Namespace.		Value	AdminSP.Admin1		
			KDK	/	G, Z	
		KBKDF	KDK	LockingSP.Admin	E	Mailbox
			MEKs	1-4,	G, Z	command result
		HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key	LockingSP.User1	E	
		AES256-CBC	System Enc Key		E	
		KTS	KDK		W, R	
Band Set Enable	Set the location, size	CKG (Hash_DRBG)	DRBG Internal	LockinSP.Admin1	E	
	and lock state of the		Value	-4		
	band.		KDK		G, Z	
		KBKDF	KDK		E	Mailbox
			MEKs		G, Z	command result
		HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key		Е	
		AES256-CBC	System Enc Key		E	
		KTS	KDK		– W, R	
Dand Cat Diaphla	Initialize the location,	CKG (Hash_DRBG)	DRBG Internal	LockingSP.Admin	E	
Band Set Disable	size and lock state of			-	E	
			Value	1-4	C 7	
	the band.		KDK		G, Z	
		KBKDF	KDK		E	Mailbox
			MEKs		G, Z	command result
		HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key		E	
		AES256-CBC	System Enc Key		E	
		KTS	KDK		W, R	
Show Status	Report status of the	N/A	N/A	None	N/A	Mailbox
	CM and versioning					Mailbox
	information.					command result
Zeroisation	Erase SSPs.	N/A	RKey	None ⁶	Z	Mailbox

 $^{^{\}rm 6}$ Need to input PSID, which is public drive-unique value used for the zeroisation service.



			-			
			KDK		Z	command result
			MEKs		Z	
			PINs		Z	
			System MAC Key		Z	
			System Enc Key		Z	
			DRBG Internal		z	
			Value			
Reset	Power-OFF:	N/A	System MAC Key	None	Z	
			System Enc Key		Z	
	Delete SSPs in RAM.		KDK		Z	
			MEKs		Z	
			PINs		Z	
			DRBG Internal		Z	
			Value			
			PubKey1		Z	
	Power-ON:	RSASSA-PKCS#1-	PubKey1		W, E	
		v1_5				
	Runs various self-tests	KBKDF	RKey		E	N/A
	to be performed at		System MAC Key		G	
			System Enc Key		G	
	power-on (POSTs,	Entropy Source	DRBG Seed		G	
	CASTs, Firmware Load	Hash_DRBG	DRBG Seed		E, Z	
			DRBG Internal		G	
	test) and generate /		Value			
	import some SSPs.	HMAC-SHA256	System MAC Key		E	
		AES256-CBC	System Enc Key		E	
		KTS	KDK		W	
			PINs		W	

Note 1: "CKG(Hash_DRBG)" means direct use of Hash_DRBG output as a key.

Table 7 - Approved services

Section 5 – Software/Firmware Security

Firmware Security of components in this CM is shown below.

ROM Code:

- Form of the executable code: ELF format
- Integrity verification method: 32bit CRC
- Method for integrity test on demand: Power cycling

Firmware image (User Code):

- Form of the executable code: ELF format
- Integrity verification method: Approved signature verification (RSASSA-PKCS#1-v1_5, see table 3)
- Method for integrity test on demand: Power cycling

Section 6 – Operational Environment

Operational Environment requirements are not applicable because the CM does not employ operating systems and operates in a non-modifiable environment that is the CM cannot be modified and no code can be added or deleted.

Section 7 – Physical Security

The CM is a sub-chip enclosed in a single chip that is an opaque package. Gathering information of the module's internal construction or components is impossible without forcing the package to open. In this case, it is confirmed package damage as a tamper-evidence. Operators of the CM can ensure that the physical security is maintained to confirm the package has no obvious attack damage. If the operator discovers tamper evidence, the CM should be removed.

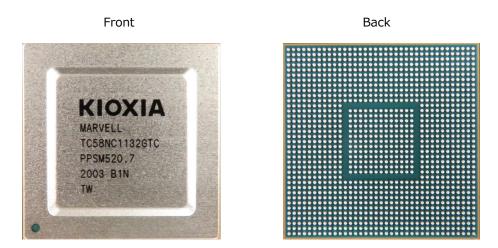


Figure 1 - TC58NC1132GTC 0003 SoC

Physical Security Mechanism Recommended Frequency of Inspection/Test	Inspection/Test Guidance Detail
Passivated opaque package Every month or every two mont	S Confirmation that there is no visual damage

 Table 8 - Physical Security Inspection Guidelines

Section 8 – Non-invasive security

The CM does not apply Non-invasive security.

Section 9 – Sensitive security parameter management

The CM uses keys and SSPs in the following table.

Key/SSP Name/Ty pe	Strength (bit)	Security Function and Cert Number	Generation	Import/ Export	Establishment	Storage	Zeroisation	Use & related keys
Critical Sec	urity Param	eters (CSPs)						
RKey	256	KBKDF	Hash_DRBG	N/A	Manufacturing	Plaintext in	<u>Explicit</u>	Derivation of System
		(#C2001)	(Method			ΟΤΡ	Zeroisation	Enc Key and System
			SP800-133				service	MAC Key
			Rev.2 Section					
			4)					
System Enc	256	AES-CBC	KDF in Counter	N/A	Power-On	Plaintext in	<u>Explicit</u>	Data and Key
Key		(#C1925)	Mode			RAM	Zeroisation	Encryption /
							service	Decryption for KTS
							Implicit	
							Power-Off	
System MAC	256	НМАС	KDF in Counter	N/A	Power-On	Plaintext in	Explicit	Message
Key		(#C1925)	Mode			RAM	Zeroisation	Authentication Code
							service	generation and
							Implicit	verification for KTS
							Power-Off	
KDK	256	KBKDF	Hash_DRBG	Imported	Key update	Plaintext in	<u>Explicit</u>	Derivation of MEKs
		(#C2001)	(Method	and	services ⁷	RAM	Zeroisation	
			SP800-133	Exported			service,	
			Rev.2 Section	by KTS		Encrypted	Key update	
			4)	(see Table		in System	services	
				3)		Area	Implicit	
						outside the	Power-Off	
						module		

⁷ The following service are applicable, Cryptographic Erase, Cryptographic Erase for Band of Single User Mode, Cryptographic Erase and Initialize Band State, Set Band Position and Size, Set Band Position and Size for Band of Single User Mode, Revert, Sanitize, Format Namespace, Namespace Create/Delete and Band Set Enable.



(#C1925) Mode service, AES Zeroisation Decryption Key update register service, Key update service, services Implicit power-Off Power-Off Implicit Power-Off	Encryption / on
MEKs 256 AES-XTS KDF in Counter N/A Band Lock/Unlock Plaintext in Explicit Data of Decryptic MEKs 256 AES-XTS Mode AFS Service, AES Zeroisation Decryptic Key update service, AES Service, AES Service, Key update service, service, Key update service,	
MEKs 256 AES-XTS KDF in Counter N/A Band Lock/Unlock Plaintext in Explicit Data in MEKs (#C1925) Mode Aes Zeroisation Decryptin Very update service, AES Key update service, Key update services Mode service, Key update	
PINs Referred to SHA256 Electric input Imported Set PIN service Hashed in Explicit Decryption 4.1 (#C1925) Mode Encored Set priced Set PIN service Hashed in Setvice Setvice 6) Implicit Setvice <	
PINs Referred to SHA256 Electric input Imported Set PIN services Hashed in Explicit Version Version 4.1 (Table (#C1925) Februe Electric input Imported Set PIN service Hashed in Explicit Version 6) (#C1925) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) 6) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) (%e) 6) (%e) (%	on
PINs Referred to SHA256 Electric input Imported Set PIN services Hashed in Explicit Vervices 4.1 (Table (#C1925) Imported Exported by KTS KTS Hashed in Explicit Services 6) Imported Key update Set PIN service Hashed in Explicit Vervice Vervice	
Implicit Services Services PINs Referred to SHA256 Electric input Imported Set PIN service Hashed in Explicit User aut 4.1 (Table (#C1925) Electric input Exported Fand Hashed in Explicit User aut 6) Explicit Exported Exported Hashed in Ervices Ervices 6) Exported Exported Exported Hashed in Ervices Ervices 6) Exported Exported Exported Ervices Ervices Ervices	
Implicit Implicit Implicit Implicit PINs Referred to SHA256 Electric input Imported Set PIN service Hashed in Explicit User aut 4.1 (Table (#C1925) Electric input Exported Fashed in Set PIN service Hashed in Service Service Service 6) Implicit Implicit Service Serv	
Image: Normal systemImage: Normal system	
PINs Referred to SHA256 Electric input Imported Set PIN service Hashed in Explicit User aut in Section (#C1925) and and RAM Zeroisation service service 6) - - - by KTS Location Encrypted Encrypted Encrypted Encrypted	
in Section(#C1925)andRAMZeroisation4.1 (TableExportedservice6)by KTSHashed +(see TableEncrypted	
4.1 (Table Exported service 6) by KTS Hashed + (see Table Encrypted	hentication
6) by KTS Hashed + (see Table Encrypted	
(see Table Encrypted	
3) in System <u>Implicit</u>	
Area Power-Off	
outside the	
module	
using the	
Approved	
KTS	
DRBG V: 440 bits Hash_DRBG SP800-90A N/A Power-On Plaintext in Explicit Random	number
Internal C: 440 bits (#C2002) Instantiation of RAM Zeroisation generation	on
Value Hash_DRBG service	
Implicit	
Power-Off	
DRBG Seed Entropy Hash_DRBG Entropy N/A Power-On Plaintext in Implicit Random	number
Input (#C2002) collected from RAM Immediately generation	on
String and Entropy Source after use ⁸	
Nonce: 512 at instantiation	
bits (Minimum	
entropy of 8	
bits: 6.31)	
Public Security Parameters (PSPs)	

⁸ Zeroised after input to Hash_DRBG algorithm.



Γ	PubKey1	112	RSA	Electric input	Imported	Power-on	Plaintext in	Implicit	Signature verification.
			(#C2009)		during FW	FW Download	RAM	Power-Off	
					load.	service		(Data in RAM)	
							Hashed in		
							OTP		

Table 9 - SSPs

Entropy source	Minimum number of bits of entropy		Details						
Entropy Source ⁹	Minimum of 8 bits is		Hardware Hash_DRB		used	to	seed	the	approved

Table 10 - Non-Deterministic Random Number Generation Specification

For the Entropy Source listed in the table above, self-tests are performed each time before data is obtained (see Section 10 for details of these self-tests). When these tests detect that the Entropy Source cannot generate the sufficient amount of entropy, the CM is transient to error state. The CM can be recovered from the error state by rebooting the module, and the obtaining of Entropy data is attempted again. If the CM continuously enters in error state in spite of several trials of reboot, the CM may be sent back to factory to recover from error state.

Section 10 – Self Tests

The CM runs self-tests in the following table.

Function	Self-Test Type	Execution	Abstract	Failure Behavior
		Condition		
AES256-CBC	Conditional	Power-On	Encrypt and Decrypt KAT	Enters Boot Error State.
				(Indicated Error Code: 0x24)
AES256-XTS	Conditional	Power-On	Encrypt and Decrypt KAT	Enters Boot Error State.
				(Indicated Error Code: 0x23)
SHA256	Conditional	Power-On	Digest KAT	Enters Boot Error State.
				(Indicated Error Code: 0x25)

⁹ The Entropy Source is a hardware module inside the CM boundary. The Entropy Source supplies the Hash_DRBG with 512 bits entropy input. From Table 10 this input contains about 404 bits of entropy, which is sufficient entropy to obtain 256 bits of security strength.

HMAC-SHA256	Conditional	Power-On	Digest KAT	Enters Boot Error State.
	Conditional	Tower on	Digest Ival	(Indicated Error Code: 0x26)
	Canaditianal	Dawyay Ora		
Hash_DRBG	Conditional	Power-On	DRBG KAT	Enters Boot Error State.
				(Indicated Error Code: 0x18/0x19)
RSASSA-PKCS#1-v1_5	Conditional	Power-On	Signature verification KAT	Enters Boot Error State.
				(Indicated Error Code: 0x27)
KDF in Counter Mode	Conditional	Power-On	KDF KAT	Enters Boot Error State
				(Indicated Error Code: 0x28)
Entropy Source (Health	Conditional	Power-On	Verify not deviating from	Enters Boot Error State
tests of noise source at			the intended behavior of the	(Indicated Error Code: 0x2C/0x2D)
startup.)			noise source by Repetition	
			Count Test and Adaptive	
			Proportion Test specified in	
			SP800-90B.	
Hash_DRBG	Conditional	Random	Verify newly generated	Enters Error State.
		number	random number not equal to	(Indicated Error Code: 0x1D)
		generation	previous one	
Entropy Source	Conditional	Entropy	Verify newly generated	Enters Error State.
		output	random number not equal to	(Indicated Error Code: 0x1E)
		request	previous one	
Entropy Source	Conditional	Entropy	Verify not deviating from	Enters Error State.
(Continuous noise source		output	the intended behavior of the	(Indicated Error Code: 0x2C/0x2D)
health tests during		request	noise source by Repetition	
operation.)			Count Test and Adaptive	
			Proportion Test specified in	
			SP800-90B.	
Firmware load test	Conditional ¹⁰	Power-on	Verify signature of loaded	Enters Power Up Load Test Error
	conditional		firmware image by	State
			RSASSA-PKCS#1-v1_5	(Indicated Error Code: 0x13)
		FW download	Verify signature of	Enters Conditional Load Test Error
			downloaded firmware image	State. After reporting Error code,
			by RSASSA-PKCS#1-v1_5	transition from error state to
				normal state and continue to
				operate with FW before download.

¹⁰ Firmware load test is also run at the time of Power-up, and the integrity of the Firmware loaded into the CM can be confirmed.



				(Indicated Error Code: 0x13)
Firmware integrity test	Pre-operational	Power-On	Verify ROM code integrity	Enters Boot Error State
			with 32bit CRC.	(Implicit error reporting by
				stopping the startup sequence)

Table 11 - Self Tests

As shown in the table above, self-tests are performed automatically at the CM startup and before execution certain security functions. Operator can also initiate self-test on-demand for periodic testing by using the Reset service which is automatically invoked when the module is powered-off and powered-on (rebooted).

If the self-tests fail, the CM reports error status and enters to the error state. In this case, the CM must be powered-off to clear error condition. When power-on is executed again, self-tests are also executed like an on-demand operator reset. If the CM continuously enters in error state in spite of several trials of reboot, the CM may be sent back to factory to recover from error state.

Section 11 – Life-cycle Assurance

In the SSD's manufacturing process, installation is executed as below:

- 1. The Firmware described in Section 2.1 is downloaded into the CM.
- 2. Initial SSPs are generated.
- 3. Initial authentication information is set to the CM.

4. System area including SSPs generated in Step2 and Step3 are encrypted and calculated message authentication code.

Initial operations to setup this CM are following:

- 1. Load Firmware into the CM.
- 2. Load system area including SSPs into the CM.
- 3. Execute Range state setting method.
- 4. Execute Download port setting method.
- 5. Execute Service execution state setting method.
- 6. Execute Namespace setting method.

The CM switches to approved mode after the initial operation success. When the initial operation succeeds, the CM indicates success on the Status Output interface. Users can confirm that the CM is in approved mode by executing Show Status service and checking that the startup is successfully completed.

For secure operation, the following settings must be maintained:

- Data Locking Protection is Enabled
- Each Band is set to be locked when power-on. Bands that are not configured are considered unprotected or plaintext.

(Refer to SSD setting $\ensuremath{\mathsf{procedure}}^{11}$)

As described in Section 2, the CM is used by being embedded in the solid state drive. Therefore, there are no maintenance requirements for the CM alone. Guidance for this module is provided to solid state drive developers who embed the CM. The usage and maintenance of solid state drives with the CM built-in are outside of the scope of this document.

Section 12 – Mitigation of Other Attacks

The CM does not mitigate other attacks beyond the scope of FIPS 140-3 requirements.

1. TCG LockingSP is enabled by Activate method.

- 3. For each band, "Power Cycle" of LockOnReset setting is not change.
- 4. If the LockingSP has been made disabled, the Activate method is re-executed before PowerCycle is performed.

¹¹ For maintaining secure condition, the SSD needs several setting at least.

Owners of the SSD that embeds the CM must use it securely according to the followings:

^{2.} Both ReadLockEnabled and WriteLockEnabled are set to "True" for each band (included GlobalRange) and it must not be modified.