

# **Intelligent Memory EMEA GmbH**

# IM TCG OPAL SSC SSD Series FIPS 140-2 Non-Proprietary SECURITY POLICY

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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

| Author(s)        | Version | Updates         |
|------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Edward Patriquin | V1.00   | Initial Release |



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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

IM TCG OPAL SSC SSD series, hereafter referred to as "IM SSDs" or the "cryptographic modules" are multi-chip embedded cryptographic modules designed to fulfill FIPS 140-2 level 2 requirements and offer onthe-fly AES encryption and decryption of user data stored on the NAND Flash. IM SSDs offer both NVMe PCIe as well as SATA III interfaces and are fully compliant with industry standard TCG OPAL SSC protocol.



| MODULE                                 | CAPACITY  | HW P/N AND VERSION                                 | FW       |
|--|---|--|----------|
|  |   |  | VERSION  |
|  | 128GB   | IMS325B3M1B3A1C3B3F2000<br>IMS325B3M1B3A1I3B3F2000 | SCPM13.0 |
|  | 256GB IMS325B5M1B3A1C3B5F2000 SIMS325B5M1B3A1I3B5F2000    |  | SCPM13.0 |
| PS3112-                                | 256GB IMS325B3M1A2A1C3B3F2000 IMS325B3M1A2A1I3B3F2000     |  | SCPM15.0 |
| S12 2.5-<br>INCH                       | 512GB   | IMS325B7M1B3A1C3B7F2000<br>IMS325B7M1B3A1I3B7F2000 | SCPM13.0 |
| SATA<br>NAND                           | 512GB   | IMS325B5M1A2A1C3B5F2000<br>IMS325B5M1A2A1I3B5F2000 | SCPM15.0 |
| FLASH<br>SSD                           | 1024GB  | IMS325B9M1B3A1C3B9F2000<br>IMS325B9M1B3A1I3B9F2000 | SCPM13.0 |
|  | 1024GB  | IMS325B7M1A2A1C3B7F2000<br>IMS325B7M1A2A1I3B7F2000 | SCPM15.0 |
|  | 2048GB  | IMS325B9M1A2A1C3B9F2000<br>IMS325B9M1A2A1I3B9F2000 | SCPM15.0 |
|  | 256GB   | IMS3M8B3M1B3A1C3B3F2000<br>IMS3M8B3M1B3A1I3B3F2000 | SCPM13.0 |
|  | 256GB   | IMS3M8B3M1A2A1C3B3F2000<br>IMS3M8B3M1A2A1I3B3F2000 | SCPM15.0 |
| PS3112- 512GB<br>S12 M.2<br>2280 512GB |   | IMS3M8B5M1B3A1C3B5F2000<br>IMS3M8B5M1B3A1I3B5F2000 | SCPM13.0 |
|  |   | IMS3M8B5M1A2A1C3B3F2000<br>IMS3M8B5M1A2A1I3B3F2000 | SCPM15.0 |
| SATA<br>NAND<br>FLASH                  | 1024GB  | IMS3M8B7M1B3A1C3B7F2000<br>IMS3M8B7M1B3A1I3B7F2000 | SCPM13.0 |
| SSD (D3)                               | 1024GB IMS3M8B7M1A2A1C3B7F2000<br>IMS3M8B7M1A2A1I3B7F2000 |  | SCPM15.0 |
|  | 2048GB  | IMS3M8B9M1B3A1C3B9F2000<br>IMS3M8B9M1B3A1I3B9F2000 | SCPM13.0 |
|  | 2048GB IMS3M8B9M1A2A1C3B9F2000<br>IMS3M8B9M1A2A1I3B9F2000 |  | SCPM15.0 |
| PS5012-                                | 256GB   | IMP3M8B3E1B3A1C3B3F2000                            | ECPM13.0 |



|         |        |                         | 1        |
|---------|--------|-------------------------|----------|
| E12 M.2 |        | IMP3M8B3E1B3A1I3B3F2000 |          |
| 2280    | 256GB  | IMP3M8B3E1A2A1C3B3F2000 | ECPM15.0 |
| NVME    | 230GB  | IMP3M8B3E1A2A1I3B3F2000 |          |
| NAND    | F13CD  | IMP3M8B5E1B3A1C3B5F2000 | ECPM13.0 |
| FLASH   | 512GB  | IMP3M8B5E1B3A1I3B5F2000 |          |
| SSD     | 512GB  | IMP3M8B5E1A2A1C3B5F2000 | ECPM15.0 |
|         | 212GB  | IMP3M8B5E1A2A1I3B5F2000 |          |
|         | 1024GB | IMP3M8B7E1B3A1C3B7F2000 | ECPM13.0 |
|         | 1024GB | IMP3M8B7E1B3A1I3B7F2000 |          |
|         | 1024GB | IMP3M8B7E1A2A1C3B7F2000 | ECPM15.0 |
|         | 102406 | IMP3M8B7E1A2A1I3B7F2000 |          |
|         | 2049CB | IMP3M8B9E1B3A1C3B9F2000 | ECPM13.0 |
| 2048GB  |        | IMP3M8B9E1B3A1I3B9F2000 |          |
| 2049CD  |        | IMP3M8B9E1A2A1C3B9F2000 | ECPM15.0 |
|         | 2048GB | IMP3M8B9E1A2A1I3B9F2000 |          |

<u>Exhibit 1</u>– *Cryptographic Module Configurations* 





Exhibit 2- Specification of the PS3112-S12 2.5-INCH SATA NAND FLASH SSD Series Cryptographic Boundary (From left to right: top side, bottom side).







Exhibit 3 - Specification of the PS3112-S12 M.2 2280 SATA NAND FLASH SSD (D3) Series Cryptographic Boundary (From top to bottom: top side, bottom side).





<u>Exhibit 4</u> - Specification of the PS5012-E12 M.2 2280 NVMe NAND FLASH SSD Series Cryptographic Boundary (From top to bottom: top side, bottom side).



#### 2 CRYPTOGRAPHIC BOUNDARY

The cryptographic boundary of the modules is the physical perimeter of the PCB including the physical connector (SATA/NVMe). The following diagram defines the cryptographic boundary as <a href="Exhibit 7">Exhibit 7</a>.

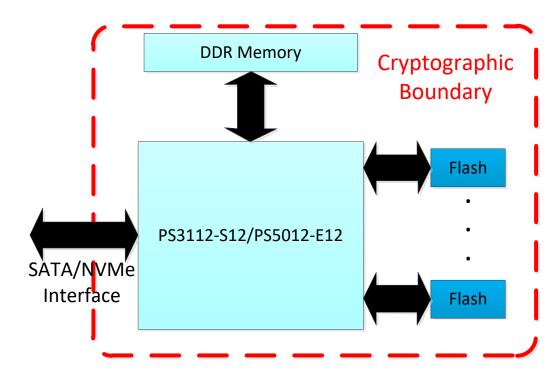


Exhibit 5- Specification of Cryptographic Boundary

#### 3 ACRONYMS

| TERM    | DESCRIPTION                                    |  |
|---------|--|--|
| AES     | Advanced Encryption Standard                   |  |
| CBC     | Cipher Block Chaining                          |  |
| CMVP    | Cryptographic Module Validation Program        |  |
| СО      | Cryptographic Officer                          |  |
| CSP     | Critical Security Parameter                    |  |
| DRBG    | Deterministic Random Bit Generator             |  |
| EMI/EMC | Electromagnetic Interference / Electromagnetic |  |
|         | Compatibility                                  |  |
| HMAC    | (Keyed-) Hash Message Authentication Code      |  |



| TERM  | DESCRIPTION                               |
|-------|---|
| KAT   | Known Answer Test                         |
| KEK   | Key Encryption Key                        |
| NDRNG | Non-Deterministic Random Number Generator |
| MEK   | Media Encryption Key                      |
| RSA   | Rivest, Shamir, and Adleman               |
| SHA   | Secure Hash Algorithm                     |

Exhibit 6 – Specification of Acronyms and their Descriptions

#### **4 SECURITY LEVEL SPECIFICATION**

This document was prepared as part of the Level 2 FIPS 140-2 validation of the module. The following table lists the module's FIPS 140-2 security level for each section as <a href="Exhibit 9">Exhibit 9</a>.

| SECURITY REQUIREMENTS AREA                | LEVEL |
|---|-------|
| Cryptographic Module Specification        | 2     |
| Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces | 2     |
| Roles, Services, and Authentication       | 2     |
| Finite State Model                        | 2     |
| Physical Security                         | 2     |
| Operational Environment                   | N/A   |
| Cryptographic Key Management              | 2     |
| EMI/EMC                                   | 3     |
| Self-tests                                | 2     |
| Design Assurance                          | 2     |
| Mitigation of Other Attacks               | N/A   |

Exhibit 7 – Security Level Table.



#### 5 PHYSICAL PORTS AND LOGICAL INTERFACES

The ports and interfaces of the cryptographic module are as follows:

SATA/NVMe Connector

The following ports are disabled during the manufacturing process and physically protected by the module's physical security mechanisms. Therefore, they are considered latent-functionality and not available when operating in FIPS mode or non-FIPS mode:

- JTAG
- UART

<u>Exhibit 8</u> shows how the module's physical interfaces map to the logical interfaces defined in FIPS 140-2.

| PHYSICAL PORT       | LOGICAL INTERFACE |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| SATA/NVMe Connector | Data Input        |
| SATA/NVMe Connector | Control Input     |
| SATA/NVMe Connector | Data Output       |
| SATA/NVMe Connector | Status Output     |
| SATA/NVMe Connector | Power             |

<u>Exhibit 4</u> - Specification of Cryptographic Module Physical Ports and Logical Interfaces

#### 6 SECURITY RULES

#### 6.1 NON-APPROVED MODE OF OPERATION

The moment the module is shipped from the factory, in this fresh out-of-box state the module is in a non-approved mode of operation. The Cryptographic Officer shall follow the requirements defined in the Security Policy including following the initialization procedures in section 6.2 to initialize the module into a FIPS Approved mode of operation

In the non-approved mode of operation, the module supports the



# following services and algorithms:

| ROLE                                | SERVICE                      | ALGORITHMS              |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Unauthenticated Role                | Power Cycle                  | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Generate Random Number       | DRBG (non-compliant)    |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Show Status                  | N/A                     |
| Anybody                             | TCG Get MBR                  | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Reset                        | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Return to uninitialized      | DRBG (non-compliant)    |
|                                     | state(PSID)                  | AES-XTS (non-compliant) |
|                                     |                              | AES-KW (non-compliant)  |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Show FIPS approve mode state | N/A                     |
| Anybody                             | TCG Get MSID                 | N/A                     |
| Anybody                             | TCG Session Control          | HMAC (non-compliant)    |
|                                     |                              | SHA (non-compliant)     |
|                                     |                              | PBKDF (non-compliant)   |
| Unauthenticated Role                | SATA Standard                | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | NVMe Standard                | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | User Data Read/Write         | AES-XTS (non-compliant) |
| Unauthenticated Role                | TCG Session Control          | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Non User Data Output         | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Non User Data Input          | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Configuration                | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Self-Test                    | N/A                     |
| Unauthenticated Role                | Show Status(DAS)             | N/A                     |
| Cryptographic Officer (Drive Owner) | TCG Activate                 | AES-KW (non-compliant)  |
| Cryptographic Officer,              | TCG Set PIN                  | SHA (non-compliant)     |
| User                                |                              |                         |
| Cryptographic Officer,              | TCG Gen Key                  | DRBG (non-compliant)    |
| User                                |                              |                         |
| Cryptographic Officer               | TCG Enable/Disable Authority | N/A                     |
| Cryptographic Officer               | TCG Set/Get LBA Range        | N/A                     |
| Cryptographic Officer,              | TCG Lock / Unlock LBA Range  | AES-XTS (non-compliant) |
| User                                |                              | AES-KW (non-compliant)  |



| ROLE                  | SERVICE                       | ALGORITHMS  |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Cryptographic Officer | Return to uninitialized state | DRBG (non-compliant) AES-XTS (non-compliant) AES-KW (non-compliant) |
| Cryptographic Officer | TCG Set MBR                   | N/A   |
| Cryptographic Officer | TCG SET/GET DataStore         | N/A   |
| Cryptographic Officer | TCG SET ACE                   | N/A   |
| Cryptographic Officer | TCG Enable/Disable MBR Mode   | N/A   |

Exhibit 9 – Non-Approved Mode Services

#### NOTE:

Unauthenticated Role is a role who is eligible for making use of non-TCG OPAL commands.

Anybody is a role who is able to use the TCG OPAL command based services (as listed in Exhibit 11) without password.

#### **6.2 SECURITY INITIALIZATION**

Cryptographic Officer (Drive Owner) needs to follow these steps to initialize the cryptographic module into FIPS approved mode after having received the IM SSD drive.

- 1. Examine the tamper evidence and check the module has not been tampered.
- 2. StartSession SID of AdminSP with MSID password, and then set new password for SID password. The new password shall be at least 20 bytes.
- 3. Disable AdminSP "Makers" Authority.
- 4. Execute TCG activate command to have the module enter TCG active mode.
- 5. StartSession Admin1 of LockingSP with new password of SID in Step2, and then set new password for Admin1-4 passwords and User1-9 passwords of LockingSP. The new passwords shall be at least 20 bytes.
- 6. Configure all LockingRanges of LockinSP by setting ReadLockEnabled and WriteLockEnabled columns to TRUE.



- 7. Power cycle the module.
- 8. Check if the module is in the FIPS approved mode by using the Identify command response data byte 506 bit1 (SATA) or the Identify controller command response data byte 4093 bit1 (NVMe). The bit1 shall be set to 1.
- 9. Check the module's firmware version using the Identify command response data dword 23-26 (SATA) or the Identify controller command response data byte 64-71 (NVME). The firmware version shall be an approved version as per Exhibit 1 above.

NOTE: New firmware versions within the scope of this validation must be validated through the FIPS 140-2 CMVP. Any other firmware loaded into this module that is not reflected in <a href="Exhibit 1">Exhibit 1</a> above is out of the scope of this validation and requires a separate FIPS 140-2 validation.

After following these steps the drive is in the FIPS approved mode of operation.



#### 6.3 FIPS-APPROVED MODE OF OPERATION

Once the Cryptographic Officer has followed the initialization procedures in section 6.2, the module is in a FIPS-approved mode of operation. Any violation of section 6.2 or other requirements specified in the Security Policy will place this module in a non-approved mode of operation.

In the FIPS-approved mode of operation the module shall adhere to the following rules:

- 1. Operators shall not use passwords less than 20 bytes.
- 2. The module generates at a minimum 256 bits of entropy for use in key generation.
- The cryptographic module satisfies the requirements of FIPS 140-2 IG A.9 (ex:. key\_1 ≠ key\_2).
- 4. The cryptographic module shall not output CSPs in any form.
- 5. The cryptographic module enters the FIPS Error State upon failure of self-tests and the module ceases to provide cryptographic services and inhibits all data outputs.
- 6. The approved DRBG shall be used for generating cryptographic keys.
- 7. The cryptographic module shall enforce role-based authentication for security relevant services.
- 8. The cryptographic module shall enforce a limited operational environment by the secure firmware load test using RSA-2048 with SHA-256.
- An operator can invoke on demand power-on self tests by power cycling the module.
- 1. Data output interface is inhibited when module is performing self-test and when the module is in an Error State.
- II. Data output interface is logically disconnected when module is performing key generation or zeroization processes.
- 12. Caveat: The module generates cryptographic keys whose strengths are modified by available entropy



#### 6.4 CRYPTOGRAPHIC OFFICER GUIDANCE

- 1. Periodically examine tamper evidence, if evidence of tamper has been detected then the device must be put out of service and the Cryptographic Officer (Drive Owner) shall be notified.
- 2. When first executing StartSession with the password provided by Cryptographic Officer (Drive Owner), the Cryptographic Officer (CO) needs to change to a new password for the CO himself and the password must contain at least 20 bytes.

#### **6.5 USER GUIDANCE**

1. When first executing StartSession with the password which was provided by CO, user needs to change to a new user password and the password must contain at least 20 bytes.

#### 6.6 SELF TESTS

When self tests fail, module either enters the Boot Code Fail Loop State or the FIPS error state in which it ceases to provide any services to the host and where the error can only be cleared by power-cycling of the module.

FIPS Error State: When module enters FIPS Error State, the module can't service any host commands and the DAS signal pin will toggle at a 1Hz frequency. (The DAS signal default is high.)

Boot Code Fail Loop State: When module enters Boot Code Fail Loop State, the module is not accessible by the host. This is an implicit status as no service nor command input will be processed and the data output and status output interfaces are inhibited.

Note: For different form factor, the assigned DAS PIN number is: PS3112-S12 2.5-Inch SATA NAND Flash SSD (PIN#18) PS3112-S12 M.2 2280 SATA NAND Flash SSD (D3) (PIN#10) PS5012-E12 M.2 2280 NVMe NAND Flash SSD (PIN#10)



# 6.6.1 POWER UP SELF TESTS

| Function                         | Description  | Failure Handle               |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Rom Code SHA 256 bit             | KAT<br>Mode : SHA-256                                    | Boot Code Fail Loop<br>State |
| Rom Code RSA 2048 bit            | KAT Mode: RSA 2048 SHA- 256 PSS Signature                | Boot Code Fail Loop<br>State |
|                                  | Verification   |                              |
| Boot Loader Integrity            | Firmware Integrity Test                                  | Boot Code Fail Loop<br>State |
|                                  | Mode: RSA 2048 SHA-<br>256 PSS Signature<br>Verification |                              |
| Firmware Integrity               | Firmware Integrity Test                                  | FIPS Error State             |
|                                  | Mode: RSA 2048 SHA-<br>256 PSS Signature<br>Verification |                              |
| Firmware AES XTS 256 bit Encrypt | KAT<br>Mode : AES-XTS-256                                | FIPS Error State             |
| Firmware AES XTS 256 bit         | Wode . ALS-X13-230                                       | FIPS Error State             |
| Decrypt                          | Mode : AES-XTS-256                                       | TH'S EITOI State             |
| Firmware SHA 256 bit             | КАТ  | FIPS Error State             |
| 5' CHA 540 L'                    | Mode : SHA-256   | FIDG F                       |
| Firmware SHA 512 bit             | KAT  | FIPS Error State             |
|                                  | Mode : SHA-512   |                              |
| Firmware HMAC SHA 256 bit        | KAT  | FIPS Error State             |
|                                  | Mode: HMAC SHA-256                                       |                              |



| Function                            | Description   | Failure Handle   |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Firmware AES Key Wrap               | KAT<br>Mode : AES-KW-256  | FIPS Error State |
| Firmware AES Key Unwrap             | KAT<br>Mode : AES-KW-256  | FIPS Error State |
| Firmware DRBG                       | KAT<br>Mode : HMAC-SHA-256-<br>DRBG                                     | FIPS Error State |
| Firmware DRBG Health<br>Tests       | SP 800-90A Section 11.3<br>Health Tests<br>Mode : HMAC-SHA-256-<br>DRBG | FIPS Error State |
| Firmware AES CBC 256 bit<br>Encrypt | KAT<br>Mode : AES-CBC-256   | FIPS Error State |
| Firmware AES CBC 256 bit<br>Decrypt | KAT<br>Mode : AES-CBC-256   | FIPS Error State |
| Firmware SP 800-132<br>PBKDF        | KAT<br>Mode : HMAC-SHA-256  | FIPS Error State |

Exhibit 10 - Power Up Self Tests



# 6.6.2 CONDITIONAL SELF TESTS

| Function                | Description  | Failure Handle   |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| DRBG                    | Conditional: Continuous RNG test for DRBG                      | FIPS Error State   |
| NDRNG                   | Conditional: Continuous RNG test for NDRNG                     | FIPS Error State   |
| Firmware Download Check | Conditional: RSA 2048<br>SHA-256 PSS Signature<br>Verification | Abort the Microcode Download command and discard the new image. FW will perform an additional RSA 2048 SHA-256 PSS KAT to attempt error recovery. If the KAT fails, module immediately enters the FIPS error state. If the KAT succeeds module is operational. |

Exhibit 11 – Conditional Self Tests



# 7 CRITICAL SECURITY PARAMETERS, PUBLIC KEYS, AND PRIVATE KEYS

The module supports the following CSPs and Public Keys as defined in Exhibit 12 below.

| LXIIIDIL 12                          |                                      |                                       | T   | T  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| CSP or                               | Туре                                 | Generation                            | Storage   | Zeroization  |
| Public Key                           |                                      |                                       |   |  |
| Data Encryption<br>Key (DEK)         | AES-XTS-256                          | SP800-90A<br>HMAC-SHA-<br>256-DRBG    | Encrypted by Key Encryption Key and stored in NAND Plaintext in DRAM and registers                | Actively overwritten in all storage locations via "Return to uninitialized state" and "TCG Gen Key" services |
| User Key<br>Encryption Key<br>(UKEK) | AES-KW-256                           | SP800-90A<br>HMAC-<br>SHA256-<br>DRBG | Encrypted by PBKDF Master Key with AES-KW- 256 and stored in NAND Plaintext in DRAM and registers | Actively overwritten in all storage locations via "Return to uninitialized state" service                    |
| PBKDF<br>Master Key                  | Keying<br>Material for<br>AES-KW-256 | SP800-132<br>PBKDF                    | Plaintext in DRAM and registers   | Actively overwritten in DRAM and registers after each use and by "Return to uninitialized state" service     |



| CSP or           | Туре          | Generation     | Storage                | Zeroization     |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Public Key       |               |                |                        |                 |
| Operator         | 20 - 32 byte  | N/A –          | SHA-512 stored in NAND | Plaintext       |
| Password         | Password      | Generated      |                        | values are      |
| (Crypto Officer  |               | outside of the | Plaintext in DRAM and  | actively        |
| password/user    |               | module         | registers              | overwritten     |
| password)        |               |                |                        | when            |
|                  |               |                |                        | executing "TCG  |
|                  |               |                |                        | Session         |
|                  |               |                |                        | Control"        |
|                  |               |                |                        | service with    |
|                  |               |                |                        | End of Session  |
|                  |               |                |                        | command         |
|                  |               |                |                        | and "Return to  |
|                  |               |                |                        | uninitialized   |
|                  |               |                |                        | state" (CO)     |
| PBKDF Internal   | SP800-132     | SP800-132      | Plaintext in DRAM and  | Actively        |
| State            | PBKDF with    | PBKDF with     | registers              | overwritten in  |
|                  | HMAC-SHA-     | HMAC-SHA-      |                        | DRAM and        |
|                  | 256           | 256            |                        | registers after |
|                  |               |                |                        | each use and    |
|                  |               |                |                        | by "Return to   |
|                  |               |                |                        | uninitialized   |
|                  |               |                |                        | state" service  |
| Seed Material of | Entropy Input | NDRNG          | Plaintext in DRAM and  | Actively        |
| SP800-90A        | and Nonce     |                | registers              | overwritten in  |
|                  | for           |                |                        | DRAM and        |
|                  | SP800-90A     |                |                        | registers after |
|                  | HMAC-SHA-     |                |                        | each use and    |
|                  | 256-DRBG      |                |                        | by "Return to   |
|                  |               |                |                        | uninitialized   |
|                  |               |                |                        | state" service  |



| CSP or                         | Туре  | Generation                                     | Storage  | Zeroization  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Public Key                     |   |  |  |  |
| Internal State of<br>SP800-90A | V and Key for<br>SP800-90A<br>HMAC-SHA-<br>256-DRBG | SP800-90A<br>HMAC-SHA-<br>256-DRBG             | Plaintext in DRAM and registers  | Actively overwritten in DRAM and registers after each use and by "Return to uninitialized state" service |
| RSA Code Sign<br>Public Key    | RSA-2048  | N/A –<br>Generated<br>outside of the<br>module | Plaintext in DRAM and registers  SHA-256 message digest value is stored in OTP-ROM | N/A  |

Exhibit 12- List of CSPs

Note: In accordance with FIPS 140-2 IG D.12, the cryptographic module performs Cryptographic Key Generation (CKG) as per SP 800-133 (Vendor Affirmed). The resulting generated symmetric keys are the unmodified output from SP 800-90A DRBG.



#### 8 IDENTIFICATION AND AUTHENTICATION POLICY

| ROLE                         | AUTHENTICATION | AUTHENTICATION    |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
|                              | TYPE           | DATA              |
| Cryptographic Officer (Drive | Role Base      | Password          |
| Owner)                       |                |                   |
| Cryptographic Officer        | Role Base      | Password          |
| User                         | Role Base      | Password          |
| Firmware Download Role       | Identity Base  | RSA-PSS-2048 with |
|                              |                | SHA-256           |
| Unauthenticated Role         | N/A            | N/A               |
| Anybody                      | N/A            | N/A               |

Exhibit 13 – Identification and Authentication Policy

Note: To assume the "Anybody" role the operator needs to execute "TCG Session Control" service with a TCG StartSession command, supplying the Anybody UID and does not need a password. "Anybody" is a TCG authority who can only perform TCG methods which are unauthenticated services but still need to use the TCG StartSession command. Hence, this role is also considered as an unauthenticated role.

For reference here is a mapping between the applicable FIPS 140-2 Roles and the corresponding TCG Authorities:

| ROLE                                | TCG Authority |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| Cryptographic Officer (Drive Owner) | SID           |
| Cryptographic Officer               | Admin1~Admin4 |
| User                                | User1~User9   |
| Anybody                             | Anybody       |

Exhibit14 – TCG Authority and Role Mapping



Minimum password length for Cryptographic Officers and Users shall be 20 bytes with maximum password length supported being 32 bytes. Using the minimum password length, the probability of a single random attempt to succeed is  $1/(2^{160})$  which is much less than FIPS 140-2 requirement of 1/1,000,000.

Each authentication attempt takes about 2ms to complete, so within one minute ((60\*1000)/2) = 30,000 attempts can be conducted. The probability of multiple random attempts to succeed is  $30,000/(2^{160})$  which is much less than FIPS 140-2 requirement of 1/100,000. Both single as well as multiple random attempt probabilities meet FIPS 140-2 requirement.

The authentication mechanism for Firmware Download Role is RSA-PSS-2048 with SHA-256 digital signature verification, which means a single random attempt, can succeed with the probability of  $1/2^{112}$ .

Each RSA signature verification attempt takes at least 50ms. So within one minute ((60\*1000)/50) = 1200 attempts can be conducted. Therefore, the probability of multiple random attempts to succeed in one minute is  $1200/2^{112}$ , which is much less than the FIPS 140-2 requirement 1/100,000.



| AUTHENTICATION   | STRENGTH OF MECHANISM  |
|--|--|
| MECHANISM  |  |
| Password (Min : 20 bytes, Max: 32 Bytes)                 | The probability of successful single random attempt is $1/(2^{160})$                               |
|  | The probability of successful multiple random attempts is 30,000/(2 <sup>160</sup> ) in one minute |
| RSA-PSS-2048 with SHA-256 digital signature verification | The probability of successful single random attempt is 1/2 <sup>112</sup>                          |
|  | The probability of successful multiple random attempts is 1200/2 <sup>112</sup> in one minute      |

Exhibit 15 - Strengths of Authentication Mechanisms



# 9 ACCESS CONTROL POLICY

#### 9.1 AUTHENTICATED SERVICES

Type(s) of access

R - read access

W - write access

E – execute access

Z – zeroize

| DOLE CEDVICE                              |              | CSPS AND   | SECURITY   | TYPE(S) OF |
|---|--------------|--|--|------------|
| ROLE                                      | SERVICE      | PUBLIC KEYS  | FUNCTIONS  | ACCESS     |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer (Drive<br>Owner) | TCG Activate | UKEK PBKDF Master Key PBKDF Internal State Operator Password   | KTS (AES-KW)<br>SHS (SHA-512)<br>PBDKF           | E          |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer<br>User          | TCG Set PIN  | UKEK PBKDF Master Key PBKDF Internal State Operator Password   | KTS (AES-KW)<br>SHS (SHA-512)<br>PBKDF           | W          |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer<br>User          | TCG Gen Key  | Seed Material of<br>SP800-90A<br>Internal State of<br>SP800-90A<br>UKEK<br>PBKDF Master Key<br>PBKDF Internal State<br>DEK | KTS (AES-KW) SHS (SHA-512) DRBG(HMAC_DRBG) PBDKF | E          |



| DOL 5                            | CED.#CE                             | CSPS AND  | SECURITY   | TYPE(S) OF |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|------------|
| ROLE SERVICE                     |                                     | PUBLIC KEYS   | FUNCTIONS  | ACCESS     |
|                                  |                                     | DEK   | DRBG(HMAC_DRBG)                                  | Z          |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer         | TCG<br>Enable/Disable<br>Authority  | N/A   | N/A  | N/A        |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer         | TCG Set/Get<br>LBA Range            | N/A   | N/A  | N/A        |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer<br>User | TCG Lock /<br>Unlock LBA<br>Range   | UKEK PBKDF Master Key PBKDF Internal DEK  | KTS (AES-KW)<br>PBKDF                            | E          |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer         | Return to<br>uninitialized<br>state | DEK UKEK PBKDF Master Key PBKDF Internal State Seed Material of SP800-90A Internal State of SP800-90A Operator Password | KTS (AES-KW) SHS (SHA-512) DRBG(HMAC_DRBG) PBKDF | ΕZ         |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer         | TCG Set MBR                         | N/A   | N/A  | N/A        |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer         | TCG SET/GET<br>DataStore            | N/A   | N/A  | N/A        |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer         | TCG SET ACE                         | N/A   | N/A  | N/A        |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer         | TCG<br>Enable/Disable<br>MBR Mode   | N/A   | N/A  | N/A        |



| DOL 5                            |  | CSPS AND                    | SECURITY                           | TYPE(S) OF |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| ROLE                             | SERVICE                                  | PUBLIC KEYS                 | FUNCTIONS                          | ACCESS     |
| Cryptographic<br>Officer<br>User | Authenticated<br>User Data<br>Read/Write | DEK                         | AES (XTS)                          | R W E      |
| Firmware<br>Download Role        | Update<br>Firmware                       | RSA Code Sign Public<br>Key | RSA(RSA-2048-PSS)<br>SHS (SHA-256) | E          |

#### Exhibit 16 – Authenticated Services Table

# 9.2 UNAUTHENTICATED SERVICE

The following services are available to unauthenticated roles. They are also available to authenticated roles upon successful authentication.

| ROLE                 | SERVICE                   | CSPS AND PUBLIC KEYS  | TYPE(S) OF ACCESS |
|----------------------|---------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Unauthenticated Role | Power Cycle               | N/A   | N/A               |
| Unauthenticated Role | Generate Random<br>Number | Seed Material of SP800-<br>90A<br>Internal State of SP800-<br>90A | E                 |
| Unauthenticated Role | Show Status               | N/A   | N/A               |
| Anybody              | TCG Get MBR               | N/A   | N/A               |
| Unauthenticated Role | Reset                     | N/A   | N/A               |



| ROLE                 | SERVICE                                   | CSPS AND PUBLIC KEYS  | TYPE(S) OF ACCESS |
|----------------------|---|---|-------------------|
| Unauthenticated Role | Return to<br>uninitialized<br>state(PSID) | DEK UKEK PBKDF Master Key PBKDF Internal State Seed Material of SP800- 90A Internal State of SP800- 90A | Z                 |
| Unauthenticated Role | Show FIPS approve mode state              | N/A   | N/A               |
| Anybody              | TCG Get MSID                              | N/A   | N/A               |

| Anybody Unauthenticated Role | TCG Session<br>Control      | Operator Password <sup>1</sup> | ΕZ  |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|
| Unauthenticated Role         | SATA Standard               | N/A                            | N/A |
| Unauthenticated Role         | NVMe Standard               | N/A                            | N/A |
| Unauthenticated Role         | Non User Data<br>Read/Write | N/A                            | N/A |
| Unauthenticated Role         | Non User Data<br>Output     | N/A                            | N/A |
| Unauthenticated Role         | Non User Data<br>Input      | N/A                            | N/A |
| Unauthenticated Role         | Configuration               | N/A                            | N/A |

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In order to perform TCG Session Control with Start Session command, the Operator Password must be entered into the module to successfully authenticate into the proper Role. The service is unauthenticated until such a time that a successful authentication occurs. When, TCG Session Control with End Session command is issued, the plaintext Operator Password is zeroized.



| ROLE                 | SERVICE          | CSPS AND PUBLIC KEYS | TYPE(S) OF ACCESS |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Unauthenticated Role | Self-Test        | N/A                  | N/A               |
| Unauthenticated Role | Show Status(DAS) | N/A                  | N/A               |

<u>Exhibit 17</u> – *Unauthenticated Services Table* 



# 10 APPROVED ALGORITHMS

| CAVP CERT          | ALGORITHM | STANDARD                 | MODE/METHOD                                  | KEY<br>LENGTH | USE   |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--|---------------|---|
| C1356              | AES       | FIPS 197<br>SP 800-38A   | CBC <sup>2</sup>                             | 256           | Prerequisite                                |
| C1356              | AES       | FIPS 197<br>SP800-38E    | XTS  | 256           | User Data Encrypt/ Decrypt                  |
| Vendor<br>Affirmed | CKG       | SP800-133                | unmodified output<br>from SP 800-90A<br>DRBG |               | Cryptographic<br>Key Generation             |
| C1356              | DRBG      | SP800-90A                | HMAC_DRBG<br>(SHA-256)                       |               | Deterministic Random Bit Generation         |
| C1356              | НМАС      | FIPS 198-1               | HMAC-SHA256 <sup>3</sup>                     | 256           | Prerequisite                                |
| C1356              | KTS       | SP800-38F                | AES-KW                                       | 256           | Key Wrapping                                |
| A1726              | PBKDF     | SP800-132<br>(option 2a) | HMAC-SHA256                                  | 160           | Deriving Keys for<br>Storage<br>Application |
| C1355<br>C1356     | RSA       | FIPS 186-4               | RSA-2048-PSS<br>With SHA-256                 | 2048          | Digital Signature<br>Verification           |
| C1355<br>C1356     | SHS       | FIPS 180-4               | SHA 256 <sup>4</sup>                         | N/A           | Prerequisite                                |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> AES-CBC is only used as a pre-requisite; AES-CBC standalone is not utilized in the FIPS Approved Mode

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> HMAC-SHA-256 is only used as a pre-requisite; HMAC-SHA-256 standalone is not utilized in the FIPS Approved Mode.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> SHA-256 is only used as a pre-requisite; SHA-256 standalone is not utilized in the FIPS Approved Mode.



| CAVP CERT | ALGORITHM | STANDARD   | MODE/METHOD | KEY    | USE        |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|--------|------------|
|           |           |            |             | LENGTH |            |
| C1356     | SHS       | FIPS 180-4 | SHA-512     | N/A    | Password   |
|           |           |            |             |        | Protection |

Exhibit 18 – Table of Approved Algorithms for the PS3112-S12 SATA family

| CAVP<br>CERT       | ALGORITHM | STANDARD                 | MODE/METHOD                                  | KEY<br>LENGTH | USE   |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--|---------------|---|
| C1358              | AES       | FIPS 197<br>SP 800-38A   | CBC <sup>5</sup>                             | 256           | Prerequisite                                |
| C1358              | AES       | FIPS 197<br>SP800-38E    | XTS  | 256           | User Data Encrypt/ Decrypt                  |
| Vendor<br>Affirmed | CKG       | SP800-133                | unmodified output<br>from SP 800-90A<br>DRBG |               | Cryptographic<br>Key Generation             |
| C1358              | DRBG      | SP800-90A                | HMAC_DRBG<br>(SHA-256)                       |               | Deterministic<br>Random Bit<br>Generation   |
| C1358              | НМАС      | FIPS 198-1               | HMAC-SHA256 <sup>6</sup>                     | 256           | Prerequisite                                |
| C1358              | KTS       | SP800-38F                | AES-KW                                       | 256           | Key Wrapping                                |
| A1725              | PBKDF     | SP800-132<br>(option 2a) | HMAC-SHA256                                  | 160           | Deriving Keys for<br>Storage<br>Application |
| C1357<br>C1358     | RSA       | FIPS 186-4               | RSA-2048-PSS<br>With SHA-256                 | 2048          | Digital Signature<br>Verification           |

<sup>5</sup> AES-CBC is only used as a pre-requisite; AES-CBC standalone is not utilized in the FIPS Approved Mode.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> HMAC-SHA-256 is only used as a pre-requisite; HMAC-SHA-256 standalone is not utilized in the FIPS Approved Mode.



| CAVP<br>CERT | ALGORITHM | STANDARD   | MODE/METHOD          | KEY<br>LENGTH | USE          |
|--------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------|
| C1357        | SHS       | FIPS 180-4 | SHA-256 <sup>7</sup> | N/A           | Prerequisite |
| C1358        |           |            |                      |               |              |
| C1358        | SHS       | FIPS 180-4 | SHA-512              | N/A           | Password     |
|              |           |            |                      |               | Protection   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> SHA-256 is only used as a pre-requisite; SHA-256 standalone is not utilized in the FIPS Approved Mode.



#### The following are Non-Approved but allowed Algorithms:

| ALGORITHM                 | USE  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| NDRNG                     | Seed of DRBG (256 bit)                         |  |
| HMAC-SHA-256 <sup>8</sup> | No security claimed as per FIPS 140-2 IG 1.23; |  |
| (non-compliant)           | the use of this algorithm is proprietary and   |  |
| (no security claimed)     | not security relevant; the algorithm supports  |  |
|                           | checking the authenticity of the command       |  |
|                           | associated with the "Configuration" service;   |  |
|                           | and not meant to fulfill a FIPS 140-2          |  |
|                           | requirement.                                   |  |

Exhibit 20 – Table of Non-Approved but allowed Algorithms for all modules

 $<sup>^{8}\,</sup>$  The use of this non-compliant algorithm is only available in Firmware Version ECPM13.1



#### 11PHYSICAL SECURITY POLICY

Following physical security mechanisms are implemented by the module:

- 1. Production grade components
- 2. The complete module is covered with an opaque epoxy resin, leaving only the host interface connector (NVMe/SATA data and power ports) exposed.

When checking the module for tamper evidence the following actions are mandatory:

| PHYSICAL SECURITY  | RECOMMENDED FREQUENCY | INSPECTON/TEST      |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| MECHANISMS         | OF INSEPCTION/TEST    | GUIDANCE DETAILS    |
| Opaque epoxy resin | As often as possible  | Inspection of the   |
|                    |                       | epoxy resin for any |
|                    |                       | evidence of         |
|                    |                       | scratches, gouges,  |
|                    |                       | cuts and other      |
|                    |                       | deficiencies.       |
|                    |                       | In any case of      |
|                    |                       | evidence of         |
|                    |                       | tampering the       |
|                    |                       | module shall be     |
|                    |                       | removed from        |
|                    |                       | service             |

Exhibit 21 - Inspection/Testing of Physical Security Mechanisms

#### 12 MITIGATION OF OTHER ATTACKS POLICY

The cryptographic module has not been designed to mitigate any specific attacks beyond the scope of FIPS 140-2.

| OTHER ATTACKS | MITIGATION MECHANISM | SPECIFIC LIMITATIONS |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| N/A           | N/A                  | N/A                  |

Exhibit 22 – Table of Mitigation of Other Attacks