

Cisco Systems, Inc

CiscoSSL FIPS Provider

FIPS 140-3 Non-Proprietary Security Policy



Americas Headquarters:
Cisco Systems, Inc., 170 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA
© 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.

Table of Contents

- 1 General 5
 - 1.1 Overview 5
 - 1.2 Security Levels 5
- 2 Cryptographic Module Specification 5
 - 2.1 Description 5
 - 2.2 Tested and Vendor Affirmed Module Version and Identification 7
 - 2.3 Excluded Components 7
 - 2.4 Modes of Operation 8
 - 2.5 Algorithms 8
 - 2.6 Security Function Implementations 20
 - 2.7 Algorithm Specific Information 27
 - 2.8 RBG and Entropy 29
 - 2.9 Key Generation 30
 - 2.10 Key Establishment 30
 - 2.11 Industry Protocols 30
- 3 Cryptographic Module Interfaces 30
 - 3.1 Ports and Interfaces 30
 - 3.2 Control Interface Not Inhibited 31
- 4 Roles, Services, and Authentication 31
 - 4.1 Authentication Methods 31
 - 4.2 Roles 31
 - 4.3 Approved Services 31
 - 4.4 Non-Approved Services 37
 - 4.5 External Software/Firmware Loaded 37
- 5 Software/Firmware Security 37
 - 5.1 Integrity Techniques 37
 - 5.2 Initiate on Demand 37
 - 5.3 Additional Information 37
- 6 Operational Environment 37
 - 6.1 Operational Environment Type and Requirements 37
- 7 Physical Security 38
- 8 Non-Invasive Security 38
- 9 Sensitive Security Parameters Management 38

9.1 Storage Areas	38
9.2 SSP Input-Output Methods.....	38
9.3 SSP Zeroization Methods.....	39
9.4 SSPs	39
10 Self-Tests.....	47
10.1 Pre-Operational Self-Tests	47
10.2 Conditional Self-Tests.....	48
10.3 Periodic Self-Test Information.....	58
10.4 Error States	64
10.5 Operator Initiation of Self-Tests	64
11 Life-Cycle Assurance	64
11.1 Installation, Initialization, and Startup Procedures.....	64
11.2 Administrator Guidance	65
11.3 Non-Administrator Guidance.....	65
11.4 Design and Rules	65
12 Mitigation of Other Attacks	66
12.1 Attack List.....	66
12.2 Mitigation Effectiveness	66

List of Tables

Table 1: Security Levels	5
Table 2: Tested Module Identification – Software, Firmware, Hybrid (Executable Code Sets)....	7
Table 3: Tested Operational Environments - Software, Firmware, Hybrid	7
Table 4: Vendor-Affirmed Operational Environments - Software, Firmware, Hybrid	7
Table 5: Modes List and Description	8
Table 6: Approved Algorithms - PAA.....	14
Table 7: Approved Algorithms - Non-PAA	19
Table 8: Vendor-Affirmed Algorithms	20
Table 9: Non-Approved, Not Allowed Algorithms.....	20
Table 10: Security Function Implementations.....	27
Table 11: Entropy Sources.....	29
Table 12: Ports and Interfaces	30
Table 13: Roles.....	31
Table 14: Approved Services	36
Table 15: Non-Approved Services.....	37
Table 16: Storage Areas	38
Table 17: SSP Input-Output Methods.....	38
Table 18: SSP Zeroization Methods.....	39
Table 19: SSP Table 1	43
Table 20: SSP Table 2	47
Table 21: Pre-Operational Self-Tests	48
Table 22: Conditional Self-Tests	58
Table 23: Pre-Operational Periodic Information.....	58
Table 24: Conditional Periodic Information.....	64
Table 25: Error States	64

List of Figures

Figure 1: Block Diagram.....	6
------------------------------	---

1 General

1.1 Overview

This document is the non-proprietary Security Policy for the Cryptographic Module CiscoSSL FIPS Provider, firmware version 8.0. This Security Policy is provided in accordance with ISO/IEC 19790 Annex B, FIPS 140-3, and SP 800-140B. This Security Policy was prepared as part of the Level 1 FIPS 140-3 validation of the CiscoSSL FIPS provider, and the module meets the overall Level 1 requirements.

The following table lists the level of validation for each area in the FIPS PUB 140-3.

1.2 Security Levels

Section	Title	Security Level
1	General	1
2	Cryptographic module specification	1
3	Cryptographic module interfaces	1
4	Roles, services, and authentication	1
5	Software/Firmware security	1
6	Operational environment	1
7	Physical security	1
8	Non-invasive security	N/A
9	Sensitive security parameter management	1
10	Self-tests	1
11	Life-cycle assurance	1
12	Mitigation of other attacks	1
	Overall Level	1

Table 1: Security Levels

2 Cryptographic Module Specification

2.1 Description

Purpose and Use:

The CiscoSSL FIPS Provider is a firmware library that provides cryptographic services to a vast array of Cisco's networking and collaboration products. The cryptographic module provides the cipher operations and Key Derivation functions to support the following protocols: IKEv2/IPSec, sRTP, SSH, TLS, SNMPv3, ANS X9.42, and ANS X.9.63. Full implementations of these protocols are not supported by the module. No parts of the protocols, other than the KDF, have been tested by the CAVP or CMVP. The tested module version is 8.0. The overall security level is 1.

The object code in the object module file is incorporated into the runtime executable application at the time the binary executable is generated. The module is provided in an executable form

(as fips.so shared object). The module performs no communications other than with the consuming host application (the process that invokes the module services via the module's API), which can be considered as the host for the module.

Module Type: Firmware

Module Embodiment: MultiChipStand

Module Characteristics:

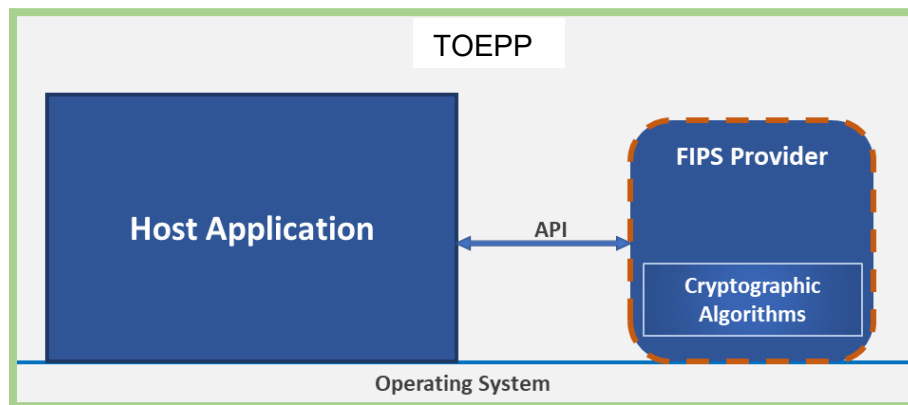
Cryptographic Boundary:

The cryptographic boundary of the module is the CiscoSSL FIPS Provider, a dynamically loadable library. The module is comprised of a single object module file called fips.so. The module performs no communication other than with the calling application via APIs that invoke the module.

Tested Operational Environment's Physical Perimeter (TOEPP):

The module's TOEPP is the physical perimeter of the tested platforms listed in Table "Tested Operational Environments - Software, Firmware, Hybrid" below. The components of the TOEPP include: Hardware components [Cisco UCS, Storage, RAM, Network Interface Cards].

The module's block diagram is shown in Figure 1 below. The dashed orange border in the figure denotes the cryptographic boundary of the module. The green border denotes the TOEPP of the module.



Legend
Cryptographic boundary - - - - -

Figure 1: Block Diagram

© Copyright 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc.

This document may be freely reproduced and distributed whole and intact including this Copyright Notice.

2.2 Tested and Vendor Affirmed Module Version and Identification

Tested Module Identification – Hardware:

N/A for this module.

Tested Module Identification – Software, Firmware, Hybrid (Executable Code Sets):

Package or File Name	Software/ Firmware Version	Features	Integrity Test
fips.so	8.0		HMAC SHA2-256

Table 2: Tested Module Identification – Software, Firmware, Hybrid (Executable Code Sets)

Tested Module Identification – Hybrid Disjoint Hardware:

N/A for this module.

Tested Operational Environments - Software, Firmware, Hybrid:

Operating System	Hardware Platform	Processors	PAA/PAI	Hypervisor or Host OS	Version(s)
Cisco IOS-XE 17.14	Cisco Unified Computing System (UCS)	Intel Xeon Gold 6244	Yes	ESXi 7.0	8.0
Cisco IOS-XE 17.14	Cisco Unified Computing System (UCS)	Intel Xeon Gold 6244	No	ESXi 7.0	8.0

Table 3: Tested Operational Environments - Software, Firmware, Hybrid

Vendor-Affirmed Operational Environments - Software, Firmware, Hybrid:

Operating System	Hardware Platform
N/A	N/A

Table 4: Vendor-Affirmed Operational Environments - Software, Firmware, Hybrid

CMVP makes no statement as to the correct operation of the module or the security strengths of the generated keys when so ported if the specific operational environment is not listed on the validation certificate.

2.3 Excluded Components

There are no components excluded from the module.

2.4 Modes of Operation

Modes List and Description:

Mode Name	Description	Type	Status Indicator
Approved Mode	Provides services approved by FIPS 140-3	Approved	Returns 1 when approved services are run successfully
Non-Approved Mode	Provides services not approved for use in FIPS 140-3	Non-Approved	Returns 3, ED25519, ED448, X25519, X448 when non-approved services are run successfully

Table 5: Modes List and Description

The module supports both approved and non-approved modes of operation. The module will only enter the approved mode if the module is reloaded and the call to SELF_TEST_post() succeeds, and only approved services are invoked. The module enters non-approved mode when a non-approved service is invoked.

Mode Change Instructions and Status:

When a non-approved service is invoked while in approved mode of operation, the module implicitly transitions to a non-approved mode. Similarly, when a call to an approved service is made while in non-approved mode of operation, the module transitions to approved mode of operation.

The mode can be identified by the indicator, as listed in the table “Modes List and Description” above.

2.5 Algorithms

Approved Algorithms:

PAA

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
AES-CBC	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CBC-CS1	A3032	Direction - decrypt, encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CBC-CS2	A3032	Direction - decrypt, encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CBC-CS3	A3032	Direction - decrypt, encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CCM	A3032	Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38C
AES-CFB1	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
AES-CFB128	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CFB8	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CMAC	A3032	Direction - Generation, Verification Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38B
AES-CTR	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-ECB	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-GCM	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt IV Generation - External, Internal IV Generation Mode - 8.2.1 Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38D
AES-GMAC	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt IV Generation - External, Internal IV Generation Mode - 8.2.1 Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38D
AES-KW	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38F
AES-KWP	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38F
AES-OFB	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-XTS Testing Revision 2.0	A3032	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 256	SP 800-38E
Counter DRBG	A3032	Prediction Resistance - Yes Mode - AES-128, AES-192, AES-256 Derivation Function Enabled - No, Yes	SP 800-90A Rev. 1
DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4)	A3032	L - 2048, 3072 N - 224, 256	FIPS 186-4
DSA PQGGen (FIPS186-4)	A3032	L - 2048, 3072 N - 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2- 512/256	FIPS 186-4
DSA PQGVer (FIPS186-4)	A3032	L - 1024, 2048, 3072 N - 160, 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2- 256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	FIPS 186-4
DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4)	A3032	L - 2048, 3072 N - 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2- 512/256	FIPS 186-4

© Copyright 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc.

This document may be freely reproduced and distributed whole and intact including this Copyright Notice.

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4)	A3032	L - 1024, 2048, 3072 N - 160, 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4)	A3032	Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521 Secret Generation Mode - Testing Candidates	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA KeyVer (FIPS186-4)	A3032	Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4)	A3032	Component - No, Yes Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521 Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4)	A3032	Component - No Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	FIPS 186-4
Hash DRBG	A3032	Prediction Resistance - Yes Mode - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	SP 800-90A Rev. 1
HMAC DRBG	A3032	Prediction Resistance - Yes Mode - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	SP 800-90A Rev. 1
HMAC-SHA-1	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-224	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-256	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-384	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-512	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-512/224	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-512/256	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA3-224	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA3-256	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
HMAC-SHA3-384	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA3-512	A3032	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
KAS-ECC CDH-Component SP800-56Ar3 (CVL)	A3032	Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3	A3032	Domain Parameter Generation Methods - P-256, P-384, P-521 Scheme - ephemeralUnified - KAS Role - initiator, responder	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3	A3032	Domain Parameter Generation Methods - FB, FC, ffdhe2048, ffdhe3072, ffdhe4096, modp-2048, modp-3072, modp-4096 Scheme - dhEphem - KAS Role - initiator, responder	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
KAS-IFC-SSC	A3032	Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192 Key Generation Methods - rsakpg1-basic, rsakpg1-crt, rsakpg1-prime-factor, rsakpg2-basic, rsakpg2-crt, rsakpg2-prime-factor Scheme - KAS1 - KAS Role - initiator, responder KAS2 - KAS Role - initiator, responder	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
KDA HKDF SP800-56Cr2	A3032	Derived Key Length - 2048 Shared Secret Length - Shared Secret Length: 224-8192 Increment 8 HMAC Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256, SHA3-224, SHA3-256, SHA3-384, SHA3-512	SP 800-56C Rev. 2
KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2	A3032	Derived Key Length - 2048 Shared Secret Length - Shared Secret Length: 224-8192 Increment 8	SP 800-56C Rev. 2
KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2	A3032	MAC Salting Methods - default, random KDF Mode - feedback Derived Key Length - 2048 Shared Secret Length - Shared Secret Length: 224-8192 Increment 8	SP 800-56C Rev. 2
KDF ANS 9.42 (CVL)	A3032	KDF Type - DER Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224,	SP 800-135 Rev. 1

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
		SHA2-512/256, SHA3-224, SHA3-256, SHA3-384, SHA3-512 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 8-4096 Increment 8	
KDF ANS 9.63 (CVL)	A3032	Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 128, 4096	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF IKEv2 (CVL)	A3032	Diffie-Hellman Shared Secret Length - Diffie-Hellman Shared Secret Length: 2048 Derived Keying Material Length - Derived Keying Material Length: 3072 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF SNMP (CVL)	A3032	Password Length - Password Length: 256, 64	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF SP800-108	A3032	KDF Mode - Counter, Feedback Supported Lengths - Supported Lengths: 8, 72, 128, 776, 3456, 4096	SP 800-108 Rev. 1
KDF SRTP (CVL)	A3032	AES Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF SSH (CVL)	A3032	Cipher - AES-128, AES-192, AES-256 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KMAC-128	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 128-1024 Increment 8	SP 800-185
KMAC-256	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 128-1024 Increment 8	SP 800-185
KTS-IFC	A3032	Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144 Key Generation Methods - rsakpg1-basic, rsakpg1-crt, rsakpg1-prime-factor, rsakpg2-basic, rsakpg2-crt, rsakpg2-prime-factor Scheme - KTS-OAEP-basic - KAS Role - initiator, responder Key Transport Method - Key Length - 1024	SP 800-56B Rev. 2
PBKDF	A3032	Iteration Count - Iteration Count: 1-10000 Increment 1 Password Length - Password Length: 8-128 Increment 8	SP 800-132
RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4)	A3032	Key Generation Mode - B.3.6 Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096	FIPS 186-4

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
		Primality Tests - Table C.2 Private Key Format - Standard	
RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4)	A3032	Signature Type - ANSI X9.31, PKCS 1.5, PKCSPSS Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096	FIPS 186-4
RSA Signature Primitive (CVL)	A3032	Private Key Format - crt	FIPS 186-4
RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4)	A3032	Signature Type - ANSI X9.31, PKCS 1.5, PKCSPSS Modulo - 1024, 2048, 3072, 4096	FIPS 186-4
Safe Primes Key Generation	A3032	Safe Prime Groups - ffdhe2048, ffdhe3072, ffdhe4096, modp-2048, modp-3072, modp-4096	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
Safe Primes Key Verification	A3032	Safe Prime Groups - ffdhe2048, ffdhe3072, ffdhe4096, modp-2048, modp-3072, modp-4096	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
SHA-1	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-224	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-256	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-384	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-512	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-512/224	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-512/256	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA3-224	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHA3-256	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHA3-384	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHA3-512	A3032	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHAKE-128	A3032	Output Length - Output Length: 16-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHAKE-256	A3032	Output Length - Output Length: 16-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 (CVL)	A3032	Hash Algorithm - SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512	SP 800-135 Rev. 1

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
TLS v1.3 KDF (CVL)	A3032	HMAC Algorithm - SHA2-256, SHA2-384 KDF Running Modes - DHE, PSK, PSK-DHE	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
TDES-CBC	A3032	Direction - Decrypt	SP 800-67 Rev. 2
TDES-CMAC	A3032	Direction - Verification	SP 800-67 Rev. 2
TDES-ECB	A3032	Direction - Decrypt	SP 800-67 Rev. 2

Table 6: Approved Algorithms - PAA

Non-PAA

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
AES-CBC	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CBC-CS1	A3252	Direction - decrypt, encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CBC-CS2	A3252	Direction - decrypt, encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CBC-CS3	A3252	Direction - decrypt, encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CCM	A3252	Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38C
AES-CFB1	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CFB128	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CFB8	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-CMAC	A3252	Direction - Generation, Verification Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38B
AES-CTR	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-ECB	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-GCM	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt IV Generation - External, Internal IV Generation Mode - 8.2.1 Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38D
AES-GMAC	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt IV Generation - External, Internal IV Generation Mode - 8.2.1 Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38D
AES-KW	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38F
AES-KWP	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38F

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
AES-OFB	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-38A
AES-XTS Testing Revision 2.0	A3252	Direction - Decrypt, Encrypt Key Length - 128, 256	SP 800-38E
Counter DRBG	A3252	Prediction Resistance - Yes Mode - AES-128, AES-192, AES-256 Derivation Function Enabled - No, Yes	SP 800-90A Rev. 1
DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4)	A3252	L - 2048, 3072 N - 224, 256	FIPS 186-4
DSA PQGGen (FIPS186-4)	A3252	L - 2048, 3072 N - 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2- 512/256	FIPS 186-4
DSA PQGVer (FIPS186-4)	A3252	L - 1024, 2048, 3072 N - 160, 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2- 256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	FIPS 186-4
DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4)	A3252	L - 2048, 3072 N - 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2- 512/256	FIPS 186-4
DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4)	A3252	L - 1024, 2048, 3072 N - 160, 224, 256 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2- 256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4)	A3252	Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521 Secret Generation Mode - Testing Candidates	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA KeyVer (FIPS186-4)	A3252	Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4)	A3252	Component - No, Yes Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521 Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2- 512/256	FIPS 186-4
ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4)	A3252	Component - No Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2- 256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	FIPS 186-4
Hash DRBG	A3252	Prediction Resistance - Yes Mode - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-	SP 800-90A Rev. 1

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
		384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	
HMAC DRBG	A3252	Prediction Resistance - Yes Mode - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256	SP 800-90A Rev. 1
HMAC-SHA-1	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-224	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-256	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-384	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-512	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-512/224	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA2-512/256	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA3-224	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA3-256	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA3-384	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
HMAC-SHA3-512	A3252	Key Length - Key Length: 8-524288 Increment 8	FIPS 198-1
KAS-ECC CDH-Component SP800-56Ar3 (CVL)	A3252	Curve - P-256, P-384, P-521	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3	A3252	Domain Parameter Generation Methods - P-256, P-384, P-521 Scheme - ephemeralUnified - KAS Role - initiator, responder	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3	A3252	Domain Parameter Generation Methods - FB, FC, ffdhe2048, ffdhe3072, ffdhe4096, modp-2048, modp-3072, modp-4096 Scheme - dhEphem - KAS Role - initiator, responder	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
KAS-IFC-SSC	A3252	Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192 Key Generation Methods - rsakpg1-basic,	SP 800-56A Rev. 3

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
		rsakpg1-crt, rsakpg1-prime-factor, rsakpg2-basic, rsakpg2-crt, rsakpg2-prime-factor Scheme - KAS1 - KAS Role - initiator, responder KAS2 - KAS Role - initiator, responder	
KDA HKDF SP800-56Cr2	A3252	Derived Key Length - 2048 Shared Secret Length - Shared Secret Length: 224-8192 Increment 8 HMAC Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256, SHA3-224, SHA3-256, SHA3-384, SHA3-512	SP 800-56C Rev. 2
KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2	A3252	Derived Key Length - 2048 Shared Secret Length - Shared Secret Length: 224-8192 Increment 8	SP 800-56C Rev. 2
KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2	A3252	MAC Salting Methods - default, random KDF Mode - feedback Derived Key Length - 2048 Shared Secret Length - Shared Secret Length: 224-8192 Increment 8	SP 800-56C Rev. 2
KDF ANS 9.42 (CVL)	A3252	KDF Type - DER Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512, SHA2-512/224, SHA2-512/256, SHA3-224, SHA3-256, SHA3-384, SHA3-512 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 8-4096 Increment 8	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF ANS 9.63 (CVL)	A3252	Hash Algorithm - SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 128, 4096	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF IKEv2 (CVL)	A3252	Diffie-Hellman Shared Secret Length - Diffie-Hellman Shared Secret Length: 2048 Derived Keying Material Length - Derived Keying Material Length: 3072 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF SNMP (CVL)	A3252	Password Length - Password Length: 256, 64	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KDF SP800-108	A3252	KDF Mode - Counter, Feedback Supported Lengths - Supported Lengths: 8, 72, 128, 776, 3456, 4096	SP 800-108 Rev. 1
KDF SRTP (CVL)	A3252	AES Key Length - 128, 192, 256	SP 800-135 Rev. 1

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
KDF SSH (CVL)	A3252	Cipher - AES-128, AES-192, AES-256 Hash Algorithm - SHA-1, SHA2-224, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
KMAC-128	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 128-1024 Increment 8	SP 800-185
KMAC-256	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8 Key Data Length - Key Data Length: 128-1024 Increment 8	SP 800-185
KTS-IFC	A3252	Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144 Key Generation Methods - rsakpg1-basic, rsakpg1-crt, rsakpg1-prime-factor, rsakpg2-basic, rsakpg2-crt, rsakpg2-prime-factor Scheme - KTS-OAEP-basic - KAS Role - initiator, responder Key Transport Method - Key Length - 1024	SP 800-56B Rev. 2
PBKDF	A3252	Iteration Count - Iteration Count: 1-10000 Increment 1 Password Length - Password Length: 8-128 Increment 8	SP 800-132
RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4)	A3252	Key Generation Mode - B.3.6 Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096 Primality Tests - Table C.2 Private Key Format - Standard	FIPS 186-4
RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4)	A3252	Signature Type - ANSI X9.31, PKCS 1.5, PKCSPSS Modulo - 2048, 3072, 4096	FIPS 186-4
RSA Signature Primitive (CVL)	A3252	Private Key Format - crt	FIPS 186-4
RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4)	A3252	Signature Type - ANSI X9.31, PKCS 1.5, PKCSPSS Modulo - 1024, 2048, 3072, 4096	FIPS 186-4
Safe Primes Key Generation	A3252	Safe Prime Groups - ffdhe2048, ffdhe3072, ffdhe4096, modp-2048, modp-3072, modp-4096	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
Safe Primes Key Verification	A3252	Safe Prime Groups - ffdhe2048, ffdhe3072, ffdhe4096, modp-2048, modp-3072, modp-4096	SP 800-56A Rev. 3
SHA-1	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-224	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4

Algorithm	CAVP Cert	Properties	Reference
SHA2-256	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-384	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-512	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-512/224	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA2-512/256	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 180-4
SHA3-224	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHA3-256	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHA3-384	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHA3-512	A3252	Message Length - Message Length: 0-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHAKE-128	A3252	Output Length - Output Length: 16-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
SHAKE-256	A3252	Output Length - Output Length: 16-65536 Increment 8	FIPS 202
TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 (CVL)	A3252	Hash Algorithm - SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
TLS v1.3 KDF (CVL)	A3252	HMAC Algorithm - SHA2-256, SHA2-384 KDF Running Modes - DHE, PSK, PSK-DHE	SP 800-135 Rev. 1
TDES-CBC	A3252	Direction - Decrypt	SP 800-67 Rev. 2
TDES-CMAC	A3252	Direction - Verification	SP 800-67 Rev. 2
TDES-ECB	A3252	Direction - Decrypt	SP 800-67 Rev. 2

Table 7: Approved Algorithms - Non-PAA

The module implements the cryptographic algorithms listed in the above tables. The module also supports RSA KeyGen, SigGen and SigVer with modulus size greater than 4096, where CAVP testing is not available.

Vendor-Affirmed Algorithms:

Name	Properties	Implementation	Reference
CKG Section 4		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation	Section 4 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2
CKG Section 4		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation Non-PAA	Section 4 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2

Name	Properties	Implementation	Reference
CKG Section 5		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation	Section 5 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2
CKG Section 5		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation Non-PAA	Section 5 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2
CKG Section 6.2		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation	Section 6 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2
CKG Section 6.2		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation Non-PAA	Section 6 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2
CKG Section 6.1		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation	Section 6 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2
CKG Section 6.1		CiscoSSL FIPS Provider Cryptographic Implementation Non-PAA	Section 6 of NIST SP 800-133 rev2

Table 8: Vendor-Affirmed Algorithms

Non-Approved, Allowed Algorithms:

N/A for this module.

There are no non-approved and allowed algorithms, hence the table is excluded.

Non-Approved, Allowed Algorithms with No Security Claimed:

N/A for this module.

There are no algorithms that are non-approved but allowed with no security claimed, hence the table is excluded.

Non-Approved, Not Allowed Algorithms:

Name	Use and Function
EdDSA KeyGen	Asymmetric Key Generation (Ed25519, Ed448, X25519, and X448)
EdDSA SigGen	Signature generation using Edwards curves (ED25519, ED448)
EdDSA SigVer	Signature verification using Edwards curves (ED25519, ED448)
RSA Primitives	RSA Signature generation, verification, encrypt and decrypt primitives

Table 9: Non-Approved, Not Allowed Algorithms

2.6 Security Function Implementations

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
Random Number Generation	DRBG	Used for random number and		Counter DRBG Hash DRBG HMAC DRBG Counter DRBG

© Copyright 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc.

This document may be freely reproduced and distributed whole and intact including this Copyright Notice.

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
		symmetric key generation		Hash DRBG HMAC DRBG
Asymmetric Key Generation	AsymKeyPair- KeyGen	Used to generate DSA, ECDSA, RSA, DH, ECDH, keys		DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) DSA PQGGen (FIPS186-4) Safe Primes Key Generation DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) DSA PQGGen (FIPS186-4) Safe Primes Key Generation
Key Derivation Function (KDF)	KAS-135KDF KAS-56CKDF KBKDF PBKDF	Used to derive keys using KBKDF, PBKDF2, HKDF, SP 800-56C rev2, One-Step KDF (KDA), Two-Step KDF (KDA), SP 800-135 rev1 TLS 1.2, SSHv2, SNMPv3, SRTP, IKEv2, ANSI X9.63-2001, ANSI X9.42-2001 KDFs and TLS 1.3 KDF		KDA HKDF SP800-56Cr2 KDF ANS 9.42 KDF ANS 9.63 KDF IKEv2 KDF SNMP KDF SP800-108 KDF SRTP KDF SSH PBKDF TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 TLS v1.3 KDF KDA HKDF SP800-56Cr2 KDF ANS 9.42 KDF ANS 9.63 KDF IKEv2 KDF SNMP KDF SP800-

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
				108 KDF SRTP KDF SSH PBKDF TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 TLS v1.3 KDF KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2 KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2 KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2 KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2
Symmetric Encrypt/Decrypt	BC-Auth BC-UnAuth	Used to encrypt or decrypt data. TDES: decrypt only. Executes using AES EDK/TDES DK (passed in by the calling application)		AES-CBC AES-CBC-CS1 AES-CBC-CS2 AES-CBC-CS3 AES-CCM AES-CFB1 AES-CFB128 AES-CFB8 AES-CTR AES-ECB AES-GCM AES-GMAC AES-OFB AES-XTS Testing Revision 2.0 AES-CBC AES-CBC-CS1 AES-CBC-CS2 AES-CBC-CS3 AES-CCM AES-CFB1 AES-CFB128 AES-CFB8 AES-CTR AES-ECB AES-GCM AES-GMAC AES-OFB AES-XTS Testing Revision 2.0

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
				TDES-CBC TDES-ECB TDES-CBC TDES-ECB
Message Digest (SHS)	SHA	Used to generate a SHA-1, SHA-2, or SHA-3 message digest		SHA-1 SHA2-224 SHA2-256 SHA2-384 SHA2-512 SHA2-512/224 SHA2-512/256 SHA3-224 SHA3-256 SHA3-384 SHA3-512 SHA-1 SHA2-224 SHA2-256 SHA2-384 SHA2-512 SHA2-512/224 SHA2-512/256 SHA3-224 SHA3-256 SHA3-384 SHA3-512 SHAKE-128 SHAKE-256 SHAKE-128 SHAKE-256
Keyed Hash (HMAC/KMAC/CMAC)	MAC	Used to generate or verify data integrity with HMAC, KMAC or CMAC. TDES: verify only. Executes using HMAC , KMAC, AES or TDES Key (passed in by the calling application)		HMAC-SHA-1 HMAC-SHA2-224 HMAC-SHA2-256 HMAC-SHA2-384 HMAC-SHA2-512 HMAC-SHA2-512/224 HMAC-SHA2-512/256 HMAC-SHA3-224 HMAC-SHA3-256

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
				HMAC-SHA3-384 HMAC-SHA3-512 HMAC-SHA-1 HMAC-SHA2-224 HMAC-SHA2-256 HMAC-SHA2-384 HMAC-SHA2-512 HMAC-SHA2-512/224 HMAC-SHA2-512/256 HMAC-SHA3-224 HMAC-SHA3-256 HMAC-SHA3-384 HMAC-SHA3-512 KMAC-128 KMAC-256 KMAC-128 KMAC-256 AES-CMAC AES-CMAC TDES-CMAC TDES-CMAC
Key Wrapping (KW)	BC-UnAuth	Used to encrypt a key value on behalf of the calling application. Executes using AES Key Wrapping Key (passed in by the calling application). Key sizes 128, 192 and 256 providing 128,		AES-KW AES-KWP AES-KW AES-KWP

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
		192 and 256 bits of encryption strength. AES-KW, AES-KWP is CAVP tested per FIPS 140-3 IG D.G.		
Key Agreement/Agreement Component (SP 800-56A rev3, SP 800-56B rev2)	KAS-SSC	Used to perform key agreement primitives on behalf of the calling application (does not establish keys into the module). Executes using DH Private, DH Public, EC DH Private, EC DH Public, RSA SGK, RSA SVK (passed in by the calling application). For ECC: Curves P-256, P-384 and P-521 providing 128 to 256 bits of encryption strength. For FFC: 2048, 3072 and 4096 bit keys providing 112 to 152 bits of security strength. For IFC: 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192 bit modulus		KAS-ECC CDH-Component SP800-56Ar3 KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 KAS-IFC-SSC KAS-ECC CDH-Component SP800-56Ar3 KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 KAS-IFC-SSC

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
		providing 112 to 200 bits of encryption strength. The module follows SP 800-56A rev3 KAS-ECC-SSC (FIPS 140-3 IG D.F Scenario 2 path 1), SP 800-56A rev3 KAS-FFC-SSC (FIPS 140-3 IG D.F Scenario 2 path 1) and SP 800-56B rev2 KAS-IFC-SSC (FIPS 140-3 IG D.F Scenario 1 path 1)		
Digital Signature	DigSig-SigGen DigSig-SigVer	Used to generate or verify RSA, DSA, ECDSA, digital signatures. Executes using RSA SGK, RSA SVK; DSA SGK, DSA SVK; ECDSA SGK, ECDSA SVK, (passed in by the calling application)		DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) DSA PQGVer (FIPS186-4) DSA PQGVer (FIPS186-4)

Name	Type	Description	Properties	Algorithms
				RSA Signature Primitive RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) RSA Signature Primitive RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4)
Asymmetric Key Verification	AsymKeyPair-KeyVer	Used to verify ECDSA public key and SafePrime keys		ECDSA KeyVer (FIPS186-4) Safe Primes Key Verification ECDSA KeyVer (FIPS186-4) Safe Primes Key Verification
Key Transport	KTS-Encap	Used for key transport, supports KTS-OAEP. 2048, 3072, 4096 and 6144 bit modulus providing 112 to 176 bits of encryption strength. The module follows SP 800-56B rev2 KTS-IFC (FIPS 140-3 IG D.G).		KTS-IFC KTS-IFC

Table 10: Security Function Implementations

2.7 Algorithm Specific Information

AES GCM IV Generation

In the case of AES-GCM, the IV generation method is user-selectable, and the value can be computed in more than one manner as follows:

© Copyright 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc.

This document may be freely reproduced and distributed whole and intact including this Copyright Notice.

1) TLS 1.2: The module's AES-GCM implementation conforms to IG C.H, scenario #1, following RFC 5288. The module is compatible with TLS 1.2 protocol and provides the primitives to support the AES GCM cipher suites from SP 800-52 rev1 Section 3.3.1. The counter portion of the IV is set by the module within its cryptographic boundary. When the IV exhausts the maximum number of possible values for a given session key, the first party, client or server, to encounter this condition will trigger a handshake to establish a new encryption key in accordance with RFC 5246 for TLS 1.2, respectively.

2) IKEv2: The module's AES-GCM implementation conforms to IG C.H, scenario #1 following RFC 7296 for IPsec/IKEv2. The AES GCM IV is generated according to RFC5282. The counter portion of the IV is set by the module within its cryptographic boundary. When the IV exhausts the maximum number of possible values for a given session key, the first party, client or server, to encounter this condition will trigger a handshake to establish a new encryption key. In case the module's power is lost and then restored, a new key for use with the AES GCM encryption/decryption shall be established.

3) TLS 1.3: The module's AES-GCM implementation conforms to IG C.H Scenario#5. The module is compatible with TLS v1.3 and provides support for the acceptable GCM cipher suites from Section 8.4 of RFC 8446 and confirms that the IV is generated and used within the protocol's implementation. The counter portion of the IV is set by the module within its cryptographic boundary. In case the module's power is lost and then restored, a new key for use with the AES GCM encryption/decryption must be established.

4) Non-protocol specific usage: The module's AES-GCM implementation conforms to IG C.H, scenario #3, when operating in approved mode of operation, AES GCM, IVs are generated both internally and deterministically and are a minimum of 96-bits in length as specified in SP 800-38D, Section 8.2.1. The selection of the IV construction method is the responsibility of the user of this cryptographic module.

Note: Externally generated IVs are not allowed for AES-GCM encryption.

PBKDF

In line with the requirements of SP 800-132 and FIPS 140-3 IG D.N, keys generated using the approved PBKDF must only be used for storage applications. The algorithm uses option 1a as specified in SP 800-132 Section 5.4. Any other use of the approved PBKDF is non-conformant. In approved mode the module enforces that any password used must encode to at least 14 bytes (112 bits) and that the salt is at least 16 bytes (128 bits) long. The iteration count associated with the PBKDF should be as large as practical.

As the module is a general-purpose firmware module, it is not possible to anticipate all the levels of use for the PBKDF, however a user of the module should also note that a password should at least contain enough entropy to be unguessable and contain enough entropy to reflect the security strength required for the key being generated.

AES-XTS

In line with the requirements of SP 800-38E and FIPS 140-3 IG C.I, the keys are generated independently according to Section 6.3 of SP 800-133 rev2 and verification of the keys (key1 ≠ key2) is performed before using them in the AES-XTS algorithm.

Key Agreement

The module implements the following CAVP tested key agreement methods:
 SP 800-56A rev3 KAS-ECC-SSC (FIPS 140-3 IG D.F Scenario 2 path 1)
 SP 800-56A rev3 KAS-FFC-SSC (FIPS 140-3 IG D.F Scenario 2 path 1)
 SP 800-56B rev2 KAS-IFC-SSC (FIPS 140-3 IG D.F Scenario 1 path 1)

SHA3 and SHAKE

Per FIPS 140-3 IG C.C, all SHA3 and SHAKE functions are tested on all the operational environments. The higher-level algorithms using SHA3 (HMAC-SHA3) are also tested on all the operational environments.

RSA

Per FIPS 140-3 IG C.F, RSA SigGen is tested with 2048, 3072, 4096-bit modulus and RSA SigVer is tested with 1024, 2048, 3072, 4096-bit modulus. The module also supports RSA KeyGen, SigGen and SigVer with modulus size greater than 4096, for which CAVP testing is not available.

Legacy use algorithms

Per SP 800-131A rev2, TDES-CBC/TDES-ECB Decrypt, TDES-CMAC Verification, DSA/ECDSA/RSA SigVer using SHA-1 is allowed for legacy use.

2.8 RBG and Entropy

N/A for this module.

Name	Type	Operational Environment	Sample Size	Entropy per Sample	Conditioning Component
N/A	Non-Physical	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Table 11: Entropy Sources

N/A for this module. The module passively receives entropy from outside the boundary. The caveat “No assurance of the minimum strength of generated SSPs (e.g., keys)” applies to this module.

Applications shall use entropy sources that meet the security strength required for the random number generation mechanism as shown in [SP 800-90A rev1] Table 2 (Hash_DRBG, HMAC_DRBG, CTR_DRBG). A minimum of 112-bits of entropy must be supplied. This entropy

is supplied by means of callback functions. Those functions must return an error if the minimum entropy strength cannot be met.

2.9 Key Generation

The module generates symmetric and asymmetric keys following the sections of SP 800-133 rev2 as specified in Table “Vendor-Affirmed Algorithms” above.

Private and secret keys as well as seeds and entropy input are provided to the module by the calling application and are destroyed when released by the appropriate API function calls. Keys residing in internally allocated data structures (during the lifetime of an API call) can only be accessed using the module defined API. The operating system protects application space from unauthorized access. Only the calling application that creates or imports keys can use or export such keys. All API functions (Module Services) are executed by the calling application invoking an API. Each API either succeeds or fails and is logically non-interruptible from the point of view of the calling application.

The module supports generation of ECDSA, RSA, DSA, EC Diffie-Hellman and Diffie-Hellman key pairs per Section 5 in SP 800-133 rev2. The output of SP 800-90A rev1 random bit generator is used for generating the seed used in asymmetric key generation. The module also complies with Sections 6.1 and 6.2 of SP 800-133 rev2.

2.10 Key Establishment

The module implements key agreement methods per FIPS 140-3 IG D.F and key transport methods per FIPS 140-3 IG D.G (SP 800-38F AES-KW and AES-KWP, SP 800-56B rev2 KTS-IFC). Detailed information is provided in Table “Security Function Implementations” Section above.

2.11 Industry Protocols

In reference to FIPS 140-3 IG D.C, the module implements the KDFs of SSH, TLS, IKE, SRTP, SNMP, ANS X9.42 and ANS X9.63 but no parts of the protocols other than the approved cryptographic algorithms and the KDFs have been tested by the CAVP and CMVP.

3 Cryptographic Module Interfaces

3.1 Ports and Interfaces

Physical Port	Logical Interface(s)	Data That Passes
N/A	Data Input	API entry point data input stack parameters
N/A	Data Output	API output parameters resulting from call execution
N/A	Control Input	API entry point and corresponding stack parameters
N/A	Status Output	API return value resulting from call execution

Table 12: Ports and Interfaces

© Copyright 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc.

This document may be freely reproduced and distributed whole and intact including this Copyright Notice.

The logical interface is a C-language application program interface (API). The Data Input interface consists of the input parameters of the API functions. The Data Output interface consists of the output parameters of the API functions. The Control Input interface consists of the actual API functions. The Status Output interface includes the return values of the API functions.

3.2 Control Interface Not Inhibited

Please note that the module does not support a control output interface and is not applicable for this module.

4 Roles, Services, and Authentication

4.1 Authentication Methods

N/A for this module.

The module does not implement authentication mechanisms and does not allow concurrent operators.

4.2 Roles

Name	Type	Operator Type	Authentication Methods
Crypto-Officer	Role	Crypto-Officer	None
User	Role	User	None

Table 13: Roles

The module meets all FIPS 140-3 level 1 requirements for Roles. The Module implements both a User Role (User) as well as the Crypto Officer (CO) role. The User and Crypto Officer roles are implicitly assumed by the application accessing services implemented by the Module.

4.3 Approved Services

Name	Description	Indicator	Inputs	Outputs	Security Functions	SSP Access
Random Number Generation	Used for random number and symmetric key generation	1	DRBG struct (RBG State); DRBG_Seed	Status return; Random value	Random Number Generation	Crypto-Officer - DRBG_C: W,E - Entropy Input: W,E,Z

Name	Description	Indicator	Inputs	Outputs	Security Functions	SSP Access
						- DRBG_Key: W,E - DRBG_Seed: G,E,Z - DRBG_V: W,E
Asymmetric Key Generation	Generate asymmetric key pairs	1	ECDSA: curve identifier. DSA, RSA: domain parameter targets	Status return; general digital signature private and public keys	Asymmetric Key Generation	Crypto-Officer - RSA SGK: G,R - ECDSA SGK: G,R - DSA SGK: G,R - RSA SVK: G,R - ECDSA SVK: G,R - DSA SVK: G,R - RSA KDK: G,R - RSA KEK: G,R
Key Derivation Function (KDF)	Used to derive keys using KBKDF, PBKDF2, HKDF, SP 800-56C rev2 One-Step KDF (KDA), SP 800-56C rev2 Two-Step KDF (KDA), SP 800-135 rev1	1	Key agreement shared secret; flags	Status return; derived keying material	Key Derivation Function (KDF)	Crypto-Officer - KDF Derived Key: G,R

Name	Description	Indicator	Inputs	Outputs	Security Functions	SSP Access
	TLS 1.2, SSHv2, SNMPv3, SRTP, IKEv2, ANSI X9.6-2001, ANSI X9.42-2001 KDFs and TLS 1.3 KDF					
Symmetric Encrypt/Decrypt	Used to encrypt or decrypt data. Executes using AES EDK (passed in by the calling application)	1	Encryption or decryption key; plaintext or ciphertext data; flags	Status return. Plaintext or ciphertext data	Symmetric Encrypt/Decrypt	Crypto-Officer - AES EDK: W,E - AES GCM: W,E - AES XTS: W,E - AES Key Wrapping: W,E - TDES DK: W,E
Message Digest (SHS)	Used to generate a SHA-1, SHA-2, or SHA-3 message digest	1	Data to be hashed	Status return. Hashed data	Message Digest (SHS)	Crypto-Officer
Keyed Hash	Used to generate or verify data integrity with HMAC, KMAC or CMAC. Executes using	1	Data to be hashed and keying material	Status return; MAC output value.	Keyed Hash (HMAC/KMAC/CMAC)	Crypto-Officer - HMAC Key: W,E - KMAC Key: W,E - AES CMAC: W,E - TDES

Name	Description	Indicator	Inputs	Outputs	Security Functions	SSP Access
	HMAC, KMAC or AES Key (passed in by the calling application)					CMAC: W,E
Key Wrapping (KW)	Used to encrypt a key value on behalf of the calling application. Executes using AES Key Wrapping Key (passed in by the calling application). AES-KW, AES-KWP is CAVP tested per FIPS 140-3 IG D.G.	1	Keying material	Encrypted key	Key Wrapping (KW)	Crypto-Officer - AES Key Wrapping: W,E
Key Agreement/Agreement Component (SP 800-56A rev3)	Used to perform key agreement primitives on behalf of the calling application (does not	1	Key structs (key agreement keys); flags	Status return; key agreement shared secret	Key Agreement/Agreement Component (SP 800-56A rev3, SP 800-56B rev2)	Crypto-Officer - DH Private: W,E - EC DH Private: W,E - RSA SGK: W,E - DH Public:

Name	Description	Indicator	Inputs	Outputs	Security Functions	SSP Access
	establish keys into the module). Executes using DH Private, DH Public, EC DH Private, EC DH Public, RSA SGK, RSA SVK (passed in by the calling application)					W,E - EC DH Public: W,E - RSA SVK: W,E
Digital Signature	Used to generate or verify RSA, DSA, ECDSA, digital signatures. Executes using RSA SGK, RSA SVK; DSA SGK, DSA SVK; ECDSA SGK, ECDSA SVK, (passed	1	Sign: signing key; message. Verify: signature value; flags; sizes	Status return; Signature value	Digital Signature	Crypto-Officer - RSA SGK: W,E - RSA SVK: W,E - DSA SGK: W,E - DSA SVK: W,E - ECDSA SGK: W,E - ECDSA SVK: W,E

Name	Description	Indicator	Inputs	Outputs	Security Functions	SSP Access
	in by the calling application)					
Asymmetric Key Verification	Used to verify ECDSA keys	1	Public Key	Status return	Asymmetric Key Verification	Crypto-Officer - ECDSA SVK: W,E
Module initialization	The module is initialized when the provider is loaded	1	N/A	N/A	None	Crypto-Officer
Perform Self-Test	Perform self-tests on demand	1	N/A	Success/failure message	None	Crypto-Officer
Key Transport	Used for Key Transport	1	Key to be transported	Encrypted key	Key Transport	Crypto-Officer - RSA KDK: W,E - RSA KEK: W,E
Show Module Name and Version	Used to output module name and version	N/A	N/A	name: CiscoSSL FIPS Provider version: 8.0	None	Crypto-Officer
Show Status	Used to output module status	N/A	N/A	status: active	None	Crypto-Officer

Table 14: Approved Services

The module meets all FIPS 140-3 level 1 requirements for Services. The initialization process is described in the Secure Distribution, Operation, and User Guidance section of this document. CO services with associated input and output are listed in the above table. All the services provided by the module can be accessed by both the User and the Crypto Officer roles. The User Role (User) can load the module and call any of the API functions. The Crypto Officer Role (CO) is responsible for installation of the module on the host computer system and calling of any API functions.

4.4 Non-Approved Services

Name	Description	Algorithms	Role
Edwards curves Key Generation	Key pair generation using Edwards curves (ED25519, ED448, X25519, X448)	EdDSA KeyGen	CO, User
Edwards curves Digital Signature Generation	Signature generation using Edwards curves (ED25519, ED448)	EdDSA SigGen	CO, User
Edwards curves Digital Signature Verification	Signature verification using Edwards curves (ED25519, ED448)	EdDSA SigVer	CO, User
RSA Primitives	RSA Sign, verify, encrypt, decrypt without hashing/padding	RSA Primitives	CO, User

Table 15: Non-Approved Services

The module implements non-approved services mentioned in the above table. For these specific services, the service indicators '3, ED25519, ED448, X25519, X448' indicates that the service is non-approved.

4.5 External Software/Firmware Loaded

Not Applicable for this module.

5 Software/Firmware Security

5.1 Integrity Techniques

The module runs a HMAC SHA2-256 integrity verification on the shared object file (fips.so) during initialization by the host application. The module also runs the self-test for HMAC SHA2-256 prior to running the integrity check.

5.2 Initiate on Demand

The operator can initiate on-demand integrity test by calling SELF_TEST_post() or rebooting the host platform.

5.3 Additional Information

The public verification key used for firmware integrity test is not an SSP.

6 Operational Environment

6.1 Operational Environment Type and Requirements

Type of Operational Environment: Non-Modifiable

How Requirements are Satisfied:

The module was tested on the platforms listed in Table 2 for the purposes of this FIPS 140-3 validation. The module is expected to execute correctly on any production grade CPU with commonly used operating system. No operational environment restrictions are required for operation in the approved mode.

CiscoSSL FIPS Provider is a Firmware module and classified as a non-modifiable OE. The requirements under ISO/IEC 19790, section 7.6 “Operational environment”, are met by the module for Level 1 firmware requirements.

7 Physical Security

Not Applicable for this module.

8 Non-Invasive Security

Not Applicable for this module.

9 Sensitive Security Parameters Management

9.1 Storage Areas

Storage Area Name	Description	Persistence Type
RAM	Volatile Memory	Dynamic

Table 16: Storage Areas

The module stores DRBG state values for the lifetime of the DRBG instance. The module uses CSPs passed in by the calling application on the stack. The module does not store any CSP persistently (beyond the lifetime of an API call), except for DRBG state values used for the module’s default key generation service. The module implements SP 800-90A rev1 compliant DRBG services for creation of symmetric keys, and for generation of DSA, elliptic curve, and RSA keys as shown in Table 4. The calling application is responsible for storage of generated keys returned by the module.

9.2 SSP Input-Output Methods

Name	From	To	Format Type	Distribution Type	Entry Type	SFI or Algorithm
API Input	Calling process	API input parameters	Plaintext	Manual	Electronic	
API Output	API output parameters	Calling process	Plaintext	Manual	Electronic	

Table 17: SSP Input-Output Methods

All CSPs enter the module's boundary in plaintext as API parameters, associated by memory location. However, none crosses the physical parameter. The module does not output CSPs, other than as explicit results of key generation services or keys passed into the module by the calling application.

9.3 SSP Zeroization Methods

Zeroization Method	Description	Rationale	Operator Initiation
OPENSSL_cleanse()	API call clears the temporarily stored CSPs	Zeroized SSPs will no longer be accessible through API calls	Allowed
Power Cycle	Power Cycle zeroizes all stored SSPs	Operating System zeroizes all the stored SSPs	Allowed

Table 18: SSP Zeroization Methods

Zeroization of sensitive data is performed automatically by API function calls for temporarily stored CSPs. The calling application is responsible for parameters passed in and out of the module. Successful completion of the zeroization service is determined by clean execution of OPENSSL_cleanse() without any errors being returned or a successful reboot of the host platform.

9.4 SSPs

Name	Description	Size - Strength	Type - Category	Generated By	Established By	Used By
RSA SGK	Used to generate Digital Signatures	2048, 3072, 4096 bits - 112, 128, 152 bits	Signature Generation Key - CSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Digital Signature
RSA KDK	Used in Asymmetric Key Operation to decrypt keys	2048, 3072, 4096 bits - 112, 128, 152 bits	Key Transport Key - CSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Key Transport
DSA SGK	Used to generate Digital Signatures	2048, 3072 bits - 112, 128 bits	Signature Generation Key - CSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Digital Signature

Name	Description	Size - Strength	Type - Category	Generated By	Established By	Used By
ECDSA SGK	Used to generate Digital Signatures	256, 384, 521 bits - 128, 192, 256 bits	Signature Generation Key - CSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Digital Signature
DH Private	Used for Key Agreement	2048, 3072 bits - 112, 128 bits	Key Agreement Key - CSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Key Agreement/Agreement Component (SP 800-56A rev3, SP 800-56B rev2)
EC DH Private	Used for Key Agreement	256, 384, 521 bits - 128, 192, 256 bits	Key Agreement Key - CSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Key Agreement/Agreement Component (SP 800-56A rev3, SP 800-56B rev2)
AES EDK	Used for Symmetric encrypt and decrypt operations	128, 192, 256 bits - 128, 192, 256 bits	Symmetric Key - CSP	Random Number Generation		Symmetric Encrypt/Decrypt
AES CMAC	Used for MAC calculation and verification	128, 192, 256 bits - 128, 192, 256 bits	Symmetric Key - CSP	Random Number Generation		Keyed Hash (HMAC/KMAC/CMAC)
AES GCM	Used for authenticated cipher operations	128, 192, 256 bits - 128, 192, 256 bits	Symmetric Key - CSP	Random Number Generation		Symmetric Encrypt/Decrypt
AES XTS	Used for cipher operation	128, 256 bits - 128, 256 bits	Symmetric Key - CSP	Random Number Generation		Symmetric Encrypt/Decrypt
AES Key Wrapping	Used for key wrapping	128, 192, 256 bits - 128, 192, 256 bits	Symmetric Key - CSP	Random Number Generation		Key Wrapping (KW)

Name	Description	Size - Strength	Type - Category	Generated By	Established By	Used By
HMAC Key	Used for MAC generation and verification	128 to 524288 bits - greater than 128 bits	Keyed Hash - CSP	Random Number Generation		Keyed Hash (HMAC/KMAC/C MAC)
KMAC Key	Used for MAC generation	256, 512 bits - 128, 256 bits	Keyed Hash - CSP			Keyed Hash (HMAC/KMAC/C MAC)
DRBG_C	Element of Hash DRBG state, defined per FIPS 140-3 IG D.L	440-888 bits - 160-256 bits	DRBG State - CSP	Random Number Generation		Random Number Generation
Entropy Input	Entropy input from an external source used for DRBG seeding, defined per FIPS 140-3 IG D.L	128-2 ³⁵ - 128 - 256	Entropy Input - CSP			Random Number Generation
DRBG_Key	Element of CTR DRBG or HMAC DRBG state, defined per FIPS 140-3 IG D.L	CTR_DRBG: 128-256, HMAC DRBG: 128-256 - CTR_DRBG: 128 - 256, HMAC DRBG: 160 - 256	CTR_DRBG_Key, HMAC_DRBG_Key - CSP	Random Number Generation		Random Number Generation
DRBG_Seed	Seed used for DRBG Instantiation	128-256 - 128 - 256	DRBG Seed - CSP	Random Number Generation		Random Number Generation

Name	Description	Size - Strength	Type - Category	Generated By	Established By	Used By
	on and Reseed, defined per FIPS 140-3 IG D.L					
DRBG_V	Element of CTR, Hash or HMAC DRBG state, defined per FIPS 140-3 IG D.L	CTR_DRBG: 128-256, Hash DRBG: 128-256, HMAC DRBG: 128-256 - CTR_DRBG: 128 - 256, Hash DRBG: 128 - 256, HMAC DRBG: 128 - 256	DRBG State - CSP	Random Number Generation		Random Number Generation
RSA SVK	RSA signature verification public key	1024, 2048, 3072, 4096 bits - 80, 112, 128, 152 bits	Verification Key - PSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Digital Signature
RSA KEK	RSA key encryption (public key transport) key	2048, 3072, 4096 bits - 112, 128, 152 bits	Encryption Key - PSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Key Transport
DSA SVK	DSA signature verification key	1024, 2048, 3072 bits - 80, 112, 128 bits	Verification Key - PSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Digital Signature
ECDSA SVK	ECDSA signature	233, 283, 409, 571, 233, 283,	Verification Key - PSP	Asymmetric Key		Digital Signature

Name	Description	Size - Strength	Type - Category	Generated By	Established By	Used By
	verification key	409, 571, 224, 256, 384, 521 - 112, 128, 192, 256 bits		Generation		
DH Public	DH public key agreement key	2048, 3072 bits - 112, 128 bits	Public Key Agreement Key - PSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Key Agreement/Agreement Component (SP 800-56A rev3, SP 800-56B rev2)
EC DH Public	EC DH public key agreement key	256, 384, 521 bits - 128, 192, 256 bits	Public Key Agreement Key - PSP	Asymmetric Key Generation		Key Agreement/Agreement Component (SP 800-56A rev3, SP 800-56B rev2)
KDF Derived Key	Key derived from KDFs	128, 256 bits - 128, 256 bits	Derived Key - CSP	Key Derivation Function (KDF)		Key Derivation Function (KDF)
TDES DK	TDES Decryption key	168 bits - 112 bits	Symmetric Key - CSP	Random Number Generation		Symmetric Encrypt/Decrypt
TDES CMAC	Used for MAC verification	168 bits - 112 bits	Verification Key - PSP	Random Number Generation		Keyed Hash (HMAC/KMAC/C MAC)

Table 19: SSP Table 1

Name	Input - Output	Storage	Storage Duration	Zeroization	Related SSPs
RSA SGK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleans e() Power Cycle	RSA SVK:Paired With

Name	Input - Output	Storage	Storage Duration	Zeroization	Related SSPs
RSA KDK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	RSA KEK:Paired With
DSA SGK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DSA SVK:Paired With
ECDSA SGK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	ECDSA SVK:Paired With
DH Private	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DH Public:Paired With
EC DH Private	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	EC DH Public:Paired With
AES EDK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
AES CMAC	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	

Name	Input - Output	Storage	Storage Duration	Zeroization	Related SSPs
AES GCM	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
AES XTS	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
AES Key Wrapping	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
HMAC Key	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
KMAC Key	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
DRBG_C	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DRBG_Seed:Derived From DRBG_V:Used With
Entropy Input	API Input	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DRBG_Seed:Constituent

Name	Input - Output	Storage	Storage Duration	Zeroization	Related SSPs
DRBG_Key	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DRBG_Seed:Derived From DRBG_V:Used With
DRBG_Seed		RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DRBG_C:Derives DRBG_Key:Derives DRBG_V:Derives Entropy Input:Incorporates
DRBG_V	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DRBG_Seed:Derived From DRBG_Key:Used With
RSA SVK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	RSA SGK:Paired With
RSA KEK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	RSA KDK:Paired With
DSA SVK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DSA SGK:Paired With
ECDSA SVK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	ECDSA SGK:Paired With

Name	Input - Output	Storage	Storage Duration	Zeroization	Related SSPs
DH Public	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	DH Private:Paired With
EC DH Public	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	EC DH Private:Paired With
KDF Derived Key	API Output		Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
TDES DK	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	
TDES CMAC	API Input API Output	RAM:Plaintext	Until zeroized by reboot or API call	OPENSSL_cleanse() Power Cycle	

Table 20: SSP Table 2

10 Self-Tests

10.1 Pre-Operational Self-Tests

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3032)	256 bits	Firmware Integrity Test	SW/FW Integrity	Returns 1 when power up	The SELF_TEST_post() function performs all power-up self-tests listed above with no

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details
				self tests succeed	operator intervention required when the module loads, returning a “1” if all power-up self-tests succeed, and a “0” otherwise. The power-up self-tests may also be performed on-demand by calling this function and interpretation of the return code is the responsibility of the calling application
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3252)	256 bits	Firmware Integrity Test	SW/FW Integrity	Returns 1 when power up self tests succeed	The SELF_TEST_post() function performs all power-up self-tests listed above with no operator intervention required when the module loads, returning a “1” if all power-up self-tests succeed, and a “0” otherwise. The power-up self-tests may also be performed on-demand by calling this function and interpretation of the return code is the responsibility of the calling application

Table 21: Pre-Operational Self-Tests

The module performs firmware integrity test and conditional Cryptographic Algorithm Self-Tests (CASTs) before it is operational. The module is single threaded and will not return to the calling application until the CASTs are complete. If the self-tests fail, the module goes to an error state and subsequent calls to the module will fail and thus no further cryptographic operations are possible. The CO can clear the error state by restarting the host platform.

10.2 Conditional Self-Tests

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
AES-ECB (A3032)	128 bits	KAT	CAST	Returns 1 on successful completion	Encrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-ECB (A3252)	128 bits	KAT	CAST	Returns 1 on	Encrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
				successful completion		SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-GCM (A3032)	256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Encrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-GCM (A3252)	256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Encrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-CMAC (A3032)	128, 192, 256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Generate KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-CMAC (A3252)	128, 192, 256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Generate KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
Counter DRBG (A3032)	AES-128 with derivation function	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Instantiate, Generate, Reseed	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
Counter DRBG (A3252)	AES-128 with derivation function	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Instantiate, Generate, Reseed	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
Hash DRBG (A3032)	SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Instantiate, Generate, Reseed	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
Hash DRBG (A3252)	SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Instantiate, Generate, Reseed	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
HMAC DRBG (A3032)	SHA-1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Instantiate, Generate, Reseed	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
HMAC DRBG (A3252)	SHA-1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Instantiate, Generate, Reseed	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	2048-bit with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	2048-bit with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	2048-bit with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	2048-bit with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	P-256 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	P-256 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	P-256 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	P-256 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	k=2048 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	k=2048 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	k=2048 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	k=2048 with SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 (A3032)	L=2048/N=256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	dhEphem Shared Secret (Z) Computation	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 (A3252)	L=2048/N=256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	dhEphem Shared Secret (Z) Computation	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 (A3032)	P-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Ephemeral Unified Shared Secret (Z) Computation	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-	P-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful	Ephemeral Unified Shared Secret (Z)	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
56Ar3 (A3252)				completion	Computation	
KAS-IFC-SSC (A3032)	k=2048	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-56B rev2] Section 8.2.2 RSA Primitive Computation	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KAS-IFC-SSC (A3252)	k=2048	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-56B rev2] Section 8.2.2 RSA Primitive Computation	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
SHA-1 (A3032)	SHA-1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Simple SHA KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
SHA-1 (A3252)	SHA-1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Simple SHA KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
SHA2-512 (A3032)	SHA2-512	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Simple SHA KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
SHA2-512 (A3252)	SHA2-512	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Simple SHA KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
SHA3-256 (A3032)	SHA3-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Simple SHA KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
SHA3-256 (A3252)	SHA3-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful	Simple SHA KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
				completion		
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3032)	SHA2-256 with a 256-bit key	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Generate	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3252)	SHA2-256 with a 256-bit key	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Generate	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SP800-108 (A3032)	HMAC-SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[S P800-108 rev1] Section 4.1 KAT for a Counter Mode KDF	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SP800-108 (A3252)	HMAC-SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-108 rev1] Section 4.1 KAT for a Counter Mode KDF	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3032)	SHA2-224	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-56C rev2] Section 4 OneStep KDF (AKA OpenSSL single-step or SS-KDF)	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3252)	SHA2-224	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-56C rev2] Section 4 OneStep KDF (AKA OpenSSL single-step or SS-KDF)	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3032)	SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-56C rev2] Section 5 TwoStep	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
					KDF (HKDF variant)	
KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3252)	SHA2-256	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-56C rev2] Section 5 TwoStep KDF (HKDF variant)	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
PBKDF (A3032)	SHA2-256, 24-byte password, 36-byte salt, iteration count of 4096	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-132] Section 5.3 KAT of Master Key derivation	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
PBKDF (A3252)	SHA2-256, 24-byte password, 36-byte salt, iteration count of 4096	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-132] Section 5.3 KAT of Master Key derivation	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TLS v1.3 KDF (A3032)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[RFC8446] Section 7.1 TLS v1.3 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TLS v1.3 KDF (A3252)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[RFC8446] Section 7.1 TLS v1.3 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 (A3032)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 4.2.2 TLS 1.2 KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 (A3252)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 4.2.2 TLS 1.2 KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	PCT performed using the generated key pair	PCT	PCT	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign, Verify	Performed on FFC (DSA, KAS-FFC-SSC) key pair generation, prior to returning the key

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
						pair on conclusion of the call
DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	PCT performed using the generated key pair	PCT	PCT	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign, Verify	Performed on FFC (DSA, KAS-FFC-SSC) key pair generation, prior to returning the key pair on conclusion of the call
ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	PCT performed using the generated key pair	PCT	PCT	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign, Verify	Performed on ECC (ECDSA, KAS-ECC CDH-Component, KAS-ECC-SSC) key pair generation, prior to returning the key pair on conclusion of the call
ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	PCT performed using the generated key pair	PCT	PCT	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign, Verify	Performed on ECC (ECDSA, KAS-ECC CDH-Component, KAS-ECC-SSC) key pair generation, prior to returning the key pair on conclusion of the call
RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	PCT performed using the generated key pair	PCT	PCT	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign, Verify	Performed on IFC (RSA, KAS-IFC-SSC, KTS-IFC) key pair generation, prior to returning the key pair on conclusion of the call
RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	PCT performed using the generated key pair	PCT	PCT	Returns 1 on successful completion	Sign, Verify	Performed on IFC (RSA, KAS-IFC-SSC, KTS-IFC) key pair generation, prior to returning the key pair on conclusion of the call

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
KDF ANS 9.42 (A3032)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.1 ANSI X9.42-2001 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF ANS 9.63 (A3032)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.1 X9.63-2001 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF IKEv2 (A3032)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 4.1.2 IKEv2 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SNMP (A3032)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.4 SNMPv3 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SRTP (A3032)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.3 SRTP KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SSH (A3032)	SHA1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.2 SSHv2 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF ANS 9.42 (A3252)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.1 ANSI X9.42-2001 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF ANS 9.63 (A3252)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.1 X9.63-2001 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF IKEv2 (A3252)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section	Upon power-up and call of

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
				completion	4.1.2 IKEv2 KDF KAT	SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SNMP (A3252)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.4 SNMPv3 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SRTP (A3252)	Fixed input KAT	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.3 SRTP KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
KDF SSH (A3252)	SHA1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	[SP 800-135 rev1] Section 5.2 SSHv2 KDF KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TDES-CBC (A3032)	Keying Option: 1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Decrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TDES-CMAC (A3032)	Keying Option: 1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TDES-CBC (A3252)	Keying Option: 1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Decrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
TDES-CMAC (A3252)	Keying Option: 1	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-ECB (A3032)	128 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Decrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-ECB (A3252)	128 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful	Decrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of

Algorithm or Test	Test Properties	Test Method	Test Type	Indicator	Details	Conditions
				completion		SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-GCM (A3032)	256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Decrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-GCM (A3252)	256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Decrypt KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-CMAC (A3032)	128, 192, 256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function
AES-CMAC (A3252)	128, 192, 256 bits	KAT	CAS T	Returns 1 on successful completion	Verify KAT	Upon power-up and call of SELF_TEST_post() function

Table 22: Conditional Self-Tests

The SELF_TEST_post() function performs all self-tests listed above with no operator intervention required when the module loads. The module returns a “1” if all self-tests succeed, and a “0” otherwise. The pre-operational and conditional self-tests may also be performed on-demand by calling this function and interpretation of the return code is the responsibility of the calling application.

10.3 Periodic Self-Test Information

Algorithm or Test	Test Method	Test Type	Period	Periodic Method
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3032)	Firmware Integrity Test	SW/FW Integrity	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3252)	Firmware Integrity Test	SW/FW Integrity	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot

Table 23: Pre-Operational Periodic Information

Algorithm or Test	Test Method	Test Type	Period	Periodic Method
AES-ECB (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-ECB (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-GCM (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-GCM (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-CMAC (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-CMAC (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
Counter DRBG (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
Counter DRBG (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
Hash DRBG (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
Hash DRBG (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
HMAC DRBG (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
HMAC DRBG (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
DSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot

Algorithm or Test	Test Method	Test Type	Period	Periodic Method
DSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
ECDSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
ECDSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
RSA SigGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
RSA SigVer (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KAS-FFC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KAS-ECC-SSC Sp800-56Ar3 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KAS-IFC-SSC (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KAS-IFC-SSC (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot

Algorithm or Test	Test Method	Test Type	Period	Periodic Method
SHA-1 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
SHA-1 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
SHA2-512 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
SHA2-512 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
SHA3-256 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
SHA3-256 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
HMAC-SHA2-256 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF SP800-108 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF SP800-108 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDA OneStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDA TwoStep SP800-56Cr2 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
PBKDF (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot

Algorithm or Test	Test Method	Test Type	Period	Periodic Method
PBKDF (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TLS v1.3 KDF (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TLS v1.3 KDF (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TLS v1.2 KDF RFC7627 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	PCT	PCT	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
DSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	PCT	PCT	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	PCT	PCT	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
ECDSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	PCT	PCT	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3032)	PCT	PCT	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
RSA KeyGen (FIPS186-4) (A3252)	PCT	PCT	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF ANS 9.42 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF ANS 9.63 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF IKEv2 (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot

Algorithm or Test	Test Method	Test Type	Period	Periodic Method
KDF SNMP (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF SRTP (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF SSH (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF ANS 9.42 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF ANS 9.63 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF IKEv2 (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF SNMP (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF SRTP (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
KDF SSH (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TDES-CBC (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TDES-CMAC (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TDES-CBC (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
TDES-CMAC (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-ECB (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-ECB (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot

Algorithm or Test	Test Method	Test Type	Period	Periodic Method
AES-GCM (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-GCM (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-CMAC (A3032)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot
AES-CMAC (A3252)	KAT	CAST	On reboot or SELF_TEST_post() function call	Manual or reboot

Table 24: Conditional Periodic Information

10.4 Error States

Name	Description	Conditions	Recovery Method	Indicator
Error State	Error State is entered when self tests fail	Failure of self tests	Restarting the module	0

Table 25: Error States

If any self-test fails, an internal flag is set to prevent subsequent invocation of any cryptographic function calls. The module will only enter the Approved mode if the module is reloaded and the call to SELF_TEST_post() succeeds. The CAST used to perform the approved integrity technique is passed before the execution of the pre-operational firmware integrity test (HMAC-SHA2-256).

10.5 Operator Initiation of Self-Tests

The operator can initiate the self-tests by calling SELF_TEST_post() or rebooting the host platform.

11 Life-Cycle Assurance

11.1 Installation, Initialization, and Startup Procedures

Per FIPS 140-3 classification, this is a multi-chip standalone cryptographic module. CiscoSSL FIPS Provider 8.0 is a C language-based firmware module that runs on production grade chassis. A complete revision history of the source code is collaborated by Bitbucket, and version controlled by Git. Code changes are tracked by commits tied to a username. All User

documents are tracked in Cisco Document Central which requires username/password and access permission.

Coverity runs static analysis on the source code before committing to the secure repository.

Secure Distribution

The module is distributed only for use by Cisco personnel and as such is accessible only from the secure Cisco internal repository. Only authorized Cisco personnel have access to the module. The SHA512 fingerprint of the validated distribution tarball file can be obtained by contacting Cisco.

Secure Initialization

The module is ready to use after extracting it from the distribution tarball. The operating system loads the module into its user space. The initialization sequence starts with a check of the integrity of the runtime executable using a HMAC-SHA2-256 digest computed at build time. If the computed HMAC-SHA2-256 digest matches the stored known digest, then the cryptographic algorithm self-tests are performed. If any self-test fails, an internal global error flag is set to prevent subsequent invocation of any cryptographic function calls. Any such failure is a hard error that can only be recovered by reloading the module. Upon encountering a failure, the module will return an integer of 0. The module will only enter the Approved mode if the module is reloaded and the call to SELF_TEST_post() succeeds. The function call “. /openssl list - providers” returns the name and the version of the module.

Secure Operation

The tested operating systems segregate user processes into separate process spaces. Each process space is an independent virtual memory area that is logically separated from all other processes by the operating system firmware and hardware. The module functions entirely within the process space of the process that invokes it.

Additional information on switching between approved and non-approved mode is provided under “Mode Change Instructions and Status” in Section 2.4 of this SP.

11.2 Administrator Guidance

An additional guidance document, if required, can be obtained by contacting Cisco Systems, Inc. using the information posted on the validation certificate.

11.3 Non-Administrator Guidance

Not Applicable for this module.

11.4 Design and Rules

If CTR_DRBG is used, then the caller shall ensure that the derivation function is enabled.

12 Mitigation of Other Attacks

12.1 Attack List

The module implements two mitigations against timing-based side-channel attacks, namely Constant time Implementations and Blinding.

12.2 Mitigation Effectiveness

Constant-time Implementations protect cryptographic implementations in the Module against timing analysis since such attacks exploit differences in execution time depending on the cryptographic operation, and constant-time implementations ensure that the variations in execution time cannot be traced back to the key, CSP or secret data. Numeric Blinding protects the RSA, DSA and ECDSA algorithms from timing attacks. These algorithms are vulnerable to such attacks since attackers can measure the time of signature operations or RSA decryption.

To mitigate this the Module generates a random blinding factor which is provided as an input to the decryption/signature operation and is discarded once the operation has completed and resulted in an output. This makes it difficult for attackers to attempt timing attacks on such operations without the knowledge of the blinding factor and therefore the execution time cannot be correlated to the RSA/DSA/ECDSA key.