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Magic SSO V4.0

Certification Report

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This document is the certification report for Magic SSO V4.0 of Dreamsecurity Co., Ltd.

The Certification Body

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The Evaluation Facility

Korea System Assurance (KoSyAs)

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1. Executive Summary

This report describes the evaluation result drawn by the evaluation facility on the results of the Magic SSO V4.0 developed by Dreamsecurity Co., Ltd. with reference to the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation (“CC” hereinafter)[1]. It describes the evaluation result and its soundness and conformity.

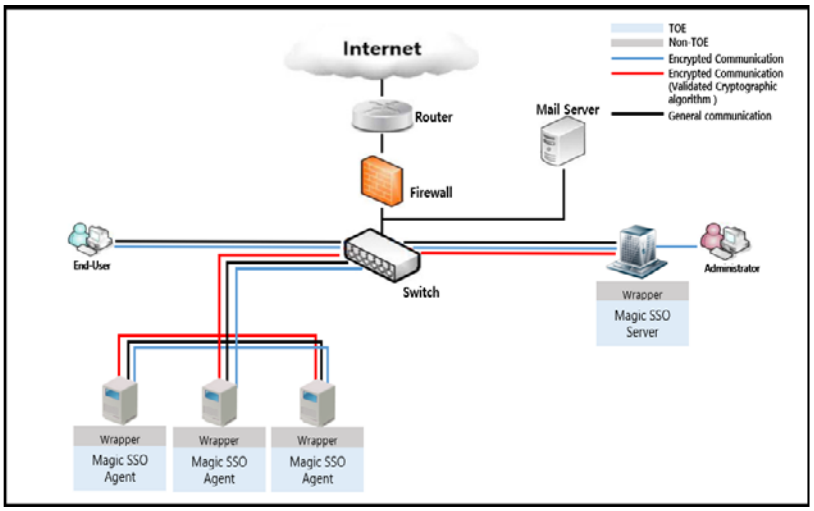
The Target of Evaluation (“TOE” hereinafter) is used to enable the user to access various business systems and use the service through a single user login without additional login action. Also, the TOE shall provide a variety of security features: security audit, the user identification and authentication including mutual authentication between TOE components, security management, the TOE access session management, and the TSF protection function, etc.

The evaluation of the TOE has been carried out by Korea System Assurance (KOSYAS) and completed on October 07, 2019.

The ST claims conformance to the Korean National PP for Single Sign On V1.0[3]. All Security Assurance Requirements (SARs) in the ST are based only upon assurance component in CC Part 3, and the TOE satisfies the SARs of Evaluation Assurance Level EAL1+. Therefore, the ST and the resulting TOE is CC Part 3 conformant. The Security Functional Requirements (SFRs) are based upon both functional components in CC Part 2 and a newly defined component in the Extended Component Definition chapter of the PP, therefor the ST, and the TOE satisfies the SFRs in the ST. Therefore, the ST and the resulting TOE is CC Part 2 extended.

The TOE performs end user identification and authentication function through DBMS that stores end user information in order to provide service without additional login behavior to several work systems with single sign-on. The TOE provides the security audit function that records and manages a critical events as audit data when

activating the security functionality and management function, function of protecting the data that stored in the TSF controlled repository, and TSF protection function such as TSF self-testing. In addition, the TOE provides authentication failure handling, identification and authentication functions including mutual authentication between the TOE components, cryptographic support function such as cryptographic key management and cryptographic operation for issuing a token, security management function for management of security functions behaviour and configuration, and the TOE access function to manage the authorized administrator's interacting session. In addition, the token offer confidentiality and integrity protection, and the TOE executable code offer integrity protection.



[Figure 1] TOE Operational Environment

TOE operational environment and consists of an SSO server and an SSO agent. SSO server provides login verification, authentication token issue and management, and policy setting. SSO server is mounted on Web Application Server and operates as a single web application. The SSO Agent performs normal user login verification requests, authentication token issuance, and verification request functions to the SSO server and verifies the authentication token received from the SSO server. SSO

Agent is installed in each business system web application server in the form of library file API. Wrapper is used for compatibility with various business systems and Wrapper is excluded from the scope of the TOE.

An administrator PC operational environment on which Internet Explorer 11 web browser that supports HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over Secure Socket Layer) is required for an administrator to access the SSO server and perform security management functions such as SSO server configuration, status check and audit log search.

■ DBMS(Oracle)

SSO server and Oracle, a relational database management system, are interlinked for the purpose of the management of authentication and policy information.

■ Mail Server

A mail server is used as an external entity necessary for the operation of the TOE. The mail server is utilized to notify an authorized administrator via email in case of failed administrator authentication or possible audit data loss.

The requirements for hardware, software and operating system to install the TOE are shown in [Table 1].

Classification			Minimum Specification
SSO Server	HW	CPU	Intel Dual Core 2 GHz or higher
		Memory	8 GB or more
		HDD	Space required for installation of TOE

			: 100 GB or higher
		NIC	Ethernet 100/1000 Mbps * 1 Port or more
	SW	OS	CentOS 6.10(Kernel 2.6.32) 64 bit
		DBMS	Oracle 11g
		Java	Java(JDK) 1.8.0_221
		WAS	Apache Tomcat 8.5.45
SSO Agent	HW	CPU	Intel Dual Core 2 GHz or higher
		Memory	8 GB or more
		HDD	Space required for installation of TOE : 100 GB or higher
		NIC	Ethernet 100/1000 Mbps * 1 Port or more
	SW	OS	CentOS 6.10(Kernel 2.6.32) 64 bit
		Java	Java(JDK) 1.8.0_221
		WAS	Apache Tomcat 8.5.45

[Table 1] TOE Hardware and Software specifications

Administrator uses the pc that can operate web browser to use the security management. Administrator pc minimum requirements are shown in [Table 2]

Classification			Minimum Specification
Management PC	HW	CPU	Intel Dual Core 2 GHz or higher
		Memory	8 GB or more
		HDD	50 GB or more
		NIC	Ethernet 100/1000 Mbps * 1 Port or more
	SW	OS	Windows 10 Pro 64 bit
		Browser	Internet Explorer 11

[Table 2] Management PC Requirements

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2. Identification

The TOE reference is identified as follows.

TOE	Magic SSO V4.0
Version	v4.0.0.2
TOE Components	Magic SSO V4.0 Server v4.0.0.2 Magic SSO V4.0 Agent v4.0.0.2
Manuals	Magic SSO V4.0 Operational Guidance v1.2 Magic SSO V4.0 Installation Guide v1.2

[Table 3] TOE identification

[Table 4] summarizes additional information for scheme, developer, sponsor, evaluation, facility, certification body, etc.

Scheme	Korea Evaluation and Certification Guidelines for IT Security (August 24, 2017) Korea Evaluation and Certification Regulation for IT Security (September 12, 2017)
TOE	Magic SSO V4.0
Common Criteria	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5, CCMB-2017-04-001 ~ CCMB-2017-04-003, April 2017
EAL	EAL1+ (ATE_FUN.1)
Protection Profile	Korean National PP for Single Sign On V1.0
Developer	Dreamsecurity Co., Ltd.
Sponsor	Dreamsecurity Co., Ltd.
Evaluation Facility	Korea System Assurance (KOSYAS)

Completion Date of Evaluation	October 07, 2019

[Table 4] Additional identification information

3. Security Policy

The TOE implements policies pertaining to the following security functional classes:

- Security Audit
- Cryptographic Support
- Identification and Authentication
- Security Management
- Prtoection of the TSF
- TOE Access

Complete details of the security functional requirements (SFRs) can be found in the Security Target (ST) [4]

4. Assumptions and Clarification of Scope

There are no Assumptions in the Security Problem Definition in the ST. The scope of this evaluation is limited to the functionality and assurance covered in the Security Target. This evaluation covers only the specific software version identified in this document, and not any earlier or later versions released or in process. (for the detailed information of TOE version and TOE Components version refer to the [Table 3]).

5. Architectural Information

The TOE consists of SSO server, SSO agent, an operational guidance and an installation guide. The SSO server is Magic SSO V4.0 Server v4.0.0.2 that verifies end user login, manages authentication tokens and establishes policies. The SSO agent is Magic SSO V4.0 Agent v4.0.0.2 that performs the function of requesting the verification of end user login to the SSO server and requesting authentication token issuance.

Verified Cryptographic Module(MagicJCrypto V2.0.0.0) is embedded in the TOE components. Any hardware and software in which the TOE is installed shall not fall under the scope of the TOE.

6. Documentation

The following documentation is evaluated and provided with the TOE by the developer to the customer.

Identification	Date
Magic SSO V4.0 Installation Guide v1.2 (Magic_SSO_V4.0-PRE-v1.2.pdf)	September 25, 2019
Magic SSO V4.0 Operational Guidance v1.2 (Magic_SSO_V4.0-OPE-v1.2.pdf)	September 25, 2019

[Table 5] Documentation

7. TOE Testing

The evaluator conducted independent testing listed in Independent Testing Report [5], based upon test cases devised by the evaluator. The evaluator took a testing approach based on the security services provided by each TOE components based on the operational environment of the TOE. Each test case includes the following information:

- Test no. and conductor: Identifier of each test case and its conductor
- Test Purpose: Includes the security functions and modules to be tested
- Test Configuration: Details about the test configuration
- Test Procedure detail: Detailed procedures for testing each security function
- Expected result: Result expected from testing
- Actual result: Result obtained by performing testing
- Test result compared to the expected result: Comparison between the expected

and actual result

The evaluator set up the test configuration and testing environment consistent with the ST [4]. In addition, the evaluator conducted penetration testing based upon test cases devised by the evaluator resulting from the independent search for potential vulnerabilities. These tests cover weakness analysis of privilege check of executable code, bypassing security functionality, invalid inputs for interfaces, vulnerability scanning using commercial tools, disclosure of secrets, and so on. No exploitable vulnerabilities by attackers possessing basic attack potential were found from penetration testing. The evaluator confirmed that all the actual testing results correspond to the expected testing results. The evaluator testing effort, the testing approach, configuration, depth, and results are summarized in the Penetration Testing Report [6].

8. Evaluated Configuration

The TOE is software consisting of the following components:

TOE: Magic SSO V4.0 (v4.0.0.2)

- Magic SSO V4.0 Server v4.0.0.2
- Magic SSO V4.0 Agent v4.0.0.2

The Administrator can identify the complete TOE reference after installation using the product's Info check menu. And the guidance documents listed in this report chapter 7 were evaluated with the TOE.

9. Results of the Evaluation

The evaluation facility wrote the evaluation result in the ETR which references Single Evaluation Reports for each assurance requirement and Observation Reports. The evaluation result was based on the CC [1] and CEM [2]. The TOE was evaluated based on Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation. (EAL1+).

9.1 Security Target Evaluation (ASE)

The ST Introduction correctly identifies the ST and the TOE, and describes the TOE in a narrative way at three levels of abstraction (TOE reference, TOE overview and TOE description), and these three descriptions are consistent with each other. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_INT.1. The Conformance Claim properly describes how the ST and the TOE conform to the CC and how the ST conforms to PPs and packages. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_CCL.1. The Security Objectives for the operational environment are clearly defined. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_OBJ.1. The Extended Components Definition has been clearly and unambiguously defined, and it is necessary. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_ECD.1. The Security Requirements is defined clearly and unambiguously, and they are internally consistent. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_REQ.1. The TOE Summary Specification addresses all SFRs, and it is consistent with other narrative descriptions of the TOE. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_TSS.1. Thus, the ST is sound and internally consistent, and suitable to be used as the basis for the TOE evaluation. The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ASE.

9.2 Development Evaluation (ADV)

The functional specifications specify a high-level description of the SFR-enforcing and SFR-supporting TSFIs, in terms of descriptions of their parameters. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ADV_FSP.1. The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ADV.

9.3 Guidance Documents Evaluation (AGD)

The procedures and steps for the secure preparation of the TOE have been documented and result in a secure configuration. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to AGD_PRE.1. The operational user guidance describes for each user role the security functionality and interfaces provided by the TSF, provides instructions and guidelines for the secure use of the TOE, addresses secure procedures for all modes of operation, facilitates prevention and detection of insecure TOE states, or it is misleading or unreasonable. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to AGD_OPE.1. Thus, the guidance documents are adequately describing the user can handle the TOE in a secure manner. The guidance documents take into account the various types of users (e.g. those who accept, install, administrate or operate the TOE) whose incorrect actions could adversely affect the security of the TOE or of their own data. The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class AGD.

9.4 Life Cycle Support Evaluation (ALC)

The developer has clearly identified the TOE. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ALC_CMC.1. The configuration management document verifies that the configuration list includes the TOE and the evaluation evidence. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ALC_CMS.1. Also, the evaluator confirmed that the

correct version of the software is installed in device. The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ALC.

9.5 Test Evaluation (ATE)

The developer correctly performed and documented the tests in the test documentation. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ATE_FUN.1. By independently testing a subset of the TSFI, the evaluator confirmed that the TOE behaves as specified in the functional specification and guidance documentation. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to ATE_IND.1. Thus, the TOE behaves as described in the ST and as specified in the evaluation evidence (described in the ADV class). The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ATE.

9.6 Vulnerability Assessment (AVA)

By penetrating testing, the evaluator confirmed that there are no exploitable vulnerabilities by attackers possessing basic attack potential in the operational environment of the TOE. Therefore, the verdict PASS is assigned to AVA_VAN.1. Thus, potential vulnerabilities identified, during the evaluation of the development and anticipated operation of the TOE or by other methods (e.g. by flaw hypotheses), don't allow attackers possessing basic attack potential to violate the SFRs. The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class AVA.

9.7 Evaluation Result Summary

Assurance Class	Assurance Component	Evaluator Action Elements	Verdict		
			Evaluator Action Elements	Assurance Component	Assurance Class
ASE	ASE_INT.1	ASE_INT.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS
		ASE_INT.1.2E	PASS		
	ASE_CCL.1	ASE_CCL.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
	ASE_OBJ.1	ASE_OBJ.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
	ASE_ECD.1	ASE_ECD.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
		ASE_ECD.1.2E	PASS		
	ASE_REQ.1	ASE_REQ.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
	ASE_TSS.1	ASE_TSS.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
		ASE_TSS.1.2E	PASS		
ADV	ADV_FSP.1	ADV_FSP.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS
		ADV_FSP.1.2E	PASS		
AGD	AGD_PRE.1	AGD_PRE.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS
		AGD_PRE.1.2E	PASS		
	AGD_OPE.1	AGD_OPE.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
ALC	ALC_CMC.1	ALC_CMC.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS
	ALC_CMS.1	ALC_CMS.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
ATE	ATE_FUN.1	ATE_FUN.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS
	ATE_IND.1	ATE_IND.1.1E	PASS	PASS	
		ATE_IND.1.2E	PASS		
AVA	AVA_VAN.1	AVA_VAN.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS
		AVA_VAN.1.2E	PASS		
		AVA_VAN.1.3E	PASS		

[Table 6] Evaluation Result Summary

10. Recommendations

The TOE security functionality can be ensured only in the evaluated TOE operational environment with the evaluated TOE configuration, thus the TOE shall be operated by complying with the followings:

- The TOE must be installed and operated in a physically secure environment accessible only by authorized administrators and should not allow remote management from outside.
- The administrator shall maintain a safe state such as application of the latest security patches, eliminating unnecessary service, change of the default ID/password, etc., of the operating system and DBMS in the TOE operation.
- The administrator should periodically checks a spare space of audit data storage in case of the audit data loss, and carries out the audit data backup to prvent audit data loss.
- The developer who uses the TOE to interoperate with the user identification and authentication function in the operational environment of the business system shall ensure that the security functions of the TOE are securely applied in accordance with the requirements of the manual provided with the TOE.

11. Security Target

Magic SSO V4.0 Security Target v1.4 [4] is included in this report for reference.

12. Acronyms and Glossary

(1) Acronyms

CC Common Criteria
CEM Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation
EAL Evaluation Assurance Level

ETR Evaluation Technical Report
SAR Security Assurance Requirement
SFR Security Functional Requirement
ST Security Target
TOE Target of Evaluation
TSF TOE Security Functionality
TSFI TSF Interface

(2) Glossary

Application Programming Interface (API)
A set of system libraries existing between the application layer and the platform system, enables the easy development of the application running on the platform

Authentication Data
Information used to verify a user's claimed identity

Authentication token
Authentication data that authorized end-users use to access the business system

Authorized Administrator
Authorized user to securely operate and manage the TOE

Authorized User
The TOE user who may, in accordance with the SFRs, perform an operation

Business System
An application server that authorized end-users access through ‘SSO’

Decryption
The act that restoring the ciphertext into the plaintext using the decryption key

Encryption
The act that converting the plaintext into the ciphertext using the cryptographic key

end-user
Users of the TOE who want to use the business system, not the administrators of the TOE

External Entity
Human or IT entity possibly interacting with the TOE from outside of the TOE boundary

Monitoring administrator

As An authorized user who operates and manages the TOE securely, Only the audit log can be viewed among the security management functions

Super Administrator

As an authorized user who operates and manages the TOE securely, it can perform all security management functions

Validated Cryptographic Module

A cryptographic module that is validated and given a validation number by validation authority

Wrapper

Interfaces for interconnection between the TOE and various types of business systems or authentication systems

13. Bibliography

The evaluation facility has used following documents to produce this report.

[1] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5, CCMB-2017-04-001 ~ CCMB-2017-04-003, April, 2017

[2] Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5, CCMB-2017-04-004, April, 2017

[3] Korean National Protection Profile for Single Sign On V1.0, August 18, 2017

[4] Magic SSO V4.0 Security Target v1.4, October 30, 2019

[5] Magic SSO V4.0 Independent Testing Report(ATE_IND.1) V2.00, November 08, 2019

[6] Magic SSO V4.0 Penetration Testing Report (AVA_VAN.1) V2.00, November 08, 2019