

**MIFARE® DESFire® EV2 on ST31P450 A04  
Security Target for composition**

Common Criteria for IT security evaluation

SMD\_MFDFEV2\_ST31P450\_ST\_21\_002 Rev 01.0

March 2022

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## 1 Introduction (ASE\_INT)

### 1.1 Security Target reference

- 1 Document identification: MIFARE DESFire EV2 on ST31P450 A04 SECURITY TARGET FOR COMPOSITION.
- 2 Version number: Rev 01.0, issued in March 2022.
- 3 Registration: registered at ST Microelectronics under number SMD\_MFDDEV2\_ST31P450\_ST\_21\_002.

### 1.2 TOE reference

- 4 This document presents **the Security Target for composition (ST)** of the technology library **MIFARE® DESFire® EV2<sup>(a)</sup>** on the Security IC **ST31P450 A04**.
- 5 This TOE is a composite TOE, built up with the combination of:
  - The Security IC **ST31P450 A04**, designed by STMicroelectronics, and used as certified platform,
  - The technology library **MIFARE DESFire EV2**, developed by STMicroelectronics, and built to operate with this Security IC platform.
- 6 Therefore, this Security Target is built on the Security IC Security Target *Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages*, referenced *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014*.  
The Security IC Security Target is called “Platform Security Target” in the following.
- 7 The precise reference of the Target of Evaluation (TOE) is given in *Section 1.4: TOE identification* and the TOE features are described in *Section 1.6: TOE description*.
- 8 A glossary of terms and abbreviations used in this document is given in *Appendix A: Glossary*.

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### 1.3 Context

- 9 The Target of Evaluation (TOE) referred to in [Section 1.4: TOE identification](#), is evaluated under the French IT Security Evaluation and Certification Scheme and is developed by the Secure Microcontrollers Division of STMicroelectronics (ST).
- 10 The assurance level of the performed Common Criteria (CC) IT Security Evaluation is EAL5 augmented by ASE\_TSS.2, ALC\_DVS.2, AVA\_VAN.5 and ALC\_FLR.1.
- 11 The intent of this Security Target is to specify the Security Functional Requirements (SFRs) and Security Assurance Requirements (SARs) applicable to the TOE, and to summarise its chosen TSF services and assurance measures.  
Since the TOE is a composite TOE, this Security Target is built on the Security IC Security Target [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#), referenced [SMD\\_ST31P450\\_ST\\_19\\_006](#).
- 12 This ST claims to be an instantiation of the "[Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages](#)" (PP) registered and certified under the reference [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) in the German IT Security Evaluation and Certification Scheme.
- 13 The Platform Security Target introduces the following augmentations:
- Addition #1: "Support of Cipher Schemes" from [\[AUG\]](#)
  - Addition #4: "Area based Memory Access Control" from [\[AUG\]](#).
  - Additions specific to the Platform Security Target, some in compliance with [\[JILSR\]](#) and [ANSSI-PP0084.03](#).
- 14 This Security Target introduces augmentations dedicated to MIFARE DESFire EV2.  
The original text of the PP is typeset as [indicated here](#), its augmentations from [\[AUG\]](#) as [indicated here](#), and text originating in [\[JILSR\]](#) as [indicated here](#), when they are reproduced in this document.
- 15 This ST makes various refinements to the above mentioned PP and [\[AUG\]](#). They are all properly identified in the text typeset as [indicated here](#) or [here](#). The original text of the PP is repeated as scarcely as possible in this document for reading convenience. All PP identifiers have been however prefixed by their respective origin label: **BSI** for [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#), **AUG1** for Addition #1 of [\[AUG\]](#), **AUG4** for Addition #4 of [\[AUG\]](#) and **JIL** for [\[JILSR\]](#).

### 1.4 TOE identification

- 16 The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is the technology library MIFARE DESFire EV2 on ST31P450 A04.
- 17 "MIFARE DESFire EV2 on ST31P450 A04" completely identifies the TOE including its components listed in [Table 1: TOE components](#), its guidance documentation detailed in [Table 15: Guidance documentation](#), and its development and production sites indicated in [Table 16: Sites list](#).  
Refer also to the corresponding tables in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).

**Table 1. TOE components**

Platform identification				Library identification
IC Maskset name	IC version	Master identification number	Firmware version	MIFARE DESFire EV2 version
K410A	C	0x01F1h	3.1.1 and 3.1.2	1.0.4

18 All along the product life, the marking on the die, a set of accessible registers and a set of specific instructions allow the customer to check the product information, providing the identification elements, as listed in [Table 1: TOE components](#), and the configuration elements as detailed in the Data Sheet, referenced in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).

19 In this Security Target, the term "MFD FEV2" means MIFARE® DESFire® EV2 1.0.4.

20 The MIFARE DESFire EV2 User Manual, referenced in [Table 15: Guidance documentation](#), details how to check the library integrity and version.

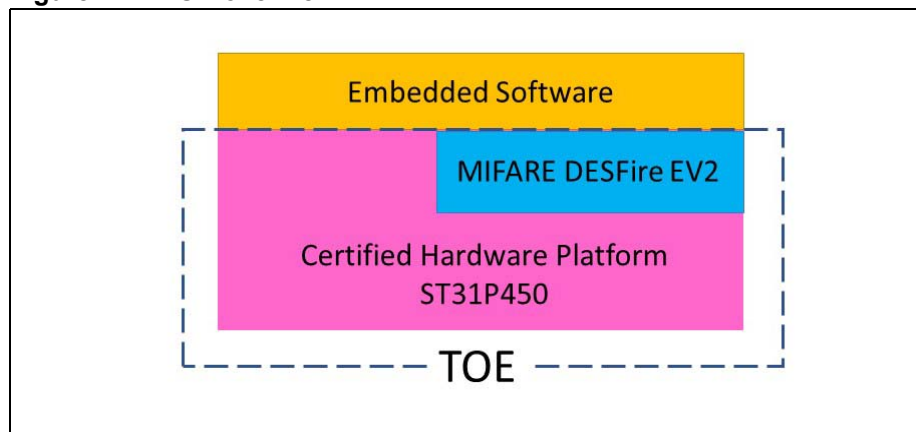
## 1.5 TOE overview

21 This TOE consists of a certified hardware platform and an applicative embedded software, MIFARE DESFire EV2, stored in the hardware User NVM of the Platform.

22 The hardware platform is the ST31P450 with its firmware. It is identified as ST31P450 A04 which means it includes the components listed in the "Platform identification" columns in [Table 1: TOE components](#), and detailed in the Security IC Security Target [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#), referenced [SMD\\_ST31P450\\_ST\\_19\\_006](#). The ST31P450 is designed to enable an effective usage of MIFARE DESFire EV2, and underly its security functionality. The Platform Security Target references the guidance documentation directly related to the hardware platform.

23 [Figure 1](#) provides an overview of the TOE.

**Figure 1. TOE overview**



24 The TOE is primarily designed for secure contact-less transport applications, loyalty programs and access control systems. It fully complies with the requirements for fast and

highly secure data transmission, flexible memory organization and interoperability with existing infrastructure.

- 25 The MIFARE technology library MIFARE DESFire EV2 features a mutual three pass authentication, a data encryption on RF channel, and a flexible self-securing file system.
- 26 MIFARE DESFire EV2 has its own guidance documentation, listed in [Table 15: Guidance documentation](#).
- 27 The hardware platform is not fully described in the present Security Target, all useful information can be found in its dedicated Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#). Nevertheless, the related assets, assumptions, threats, objectives and SFRs are reproduced in this document.

## 1.6 TOE description

### 1.6.1 TOE hardware description

- 28 The ST31P450 A04 is described in the Platform Security Target [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).
- 29 Note that the usage of the hardware platform and associated firmware is not limited or constrained when MIFARE DESFire EV2 is embedded. The functions provided by the Security IC platform remain normally accessible to the ES, as well as its life-cycle.
- 30 The only exception is the Library Protection Unit (LPU) of the hardware platform which is dedicated to the protection of MIFARE DESFire EV2, ensuring that no application can read, write, compare any piece of data or code belonging to MFD FEV2. Thus, the LPU is not available for any other usage.

### 1.6.2 TOE software description

- 31 The ST31P450 A04 firmware, included in the platform evaluation is described in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).
- 32 The TOE comprises a secure applicative Embedded Software, a MIFARE technology library, which is embedded in the User NVM of the Platform by ST, and protected for confidentiality and integrity of code and data by the LPU. MFD FEV2 is used in the User configuration mode of the hardware platform.

- 33 MIFARE® DESFire® EV2, features:
- flexible self-securing file system that groups user data into applications and files within each application,
  - support for different file types like values or data records,
  - mutual three pass authentication,
  - authentication on application level with fine-grained access conditions for files,
  - multi-application support that allows distributed management of applications and ensures application segregation,
  - delegated-application support that allows third party service providers to create their applications onto the issued TOE,
  - multiple application selection that allows transaction over files in two applications,
  - data encryption on RF channel,
  - message Authentication Codes (MAC) for replay attack protection,
  - transaction system with rollback that ensures consistency for complex transactions,
  - unique serial number for each device (UID) with optional random UID,
  - key set rolling feature per application to switch to a predefined key set,
  - transaction MAC feature to prevent fraudulent merchant attacks,
  - originality functionality that allows verifying the authenticity of the TOE,
  - Virtual Card architecture to allow multiple applications on one device,
  - proximity check feature against replay attacks on the TOE.
- 34 If privacy is an issue, the TOE can be configured not to disclose any information to unauthorized users.
- 35 The TOE supports a MIFARE DESFire EV0 backward compatible mode for authentication. The backward compatible mode for authentication is not part of any Security Functional Requirement of this Security Target and is therefore not in the scope of the evaluation.
- 36 The TOE supports a MIFARE DESFire EV1 backward compatible authentication with 2-key Triple-DES. 2-key Triple-DES authentication is not part of any Security Functional Requirement of this Security Target and is therefore not in the scope of the evaluation.
- 37 **Note:** The ES is not part of the TOE and is out of the scope of the evaluation, except MIFARE DESFire EV2.
- 38 The TOE doesn't need non-TOE hardware, software or firmware.
- 39 Note that the notion of various different roles and privileges does not exist for the MFD FEV2 library. Only one role (the ES) is defined at the level of the MFD FEV2 library and there are no privileges, the ES having access to all the functions of the MFD FEV2 API.

### 1.6.3 TOE documentation

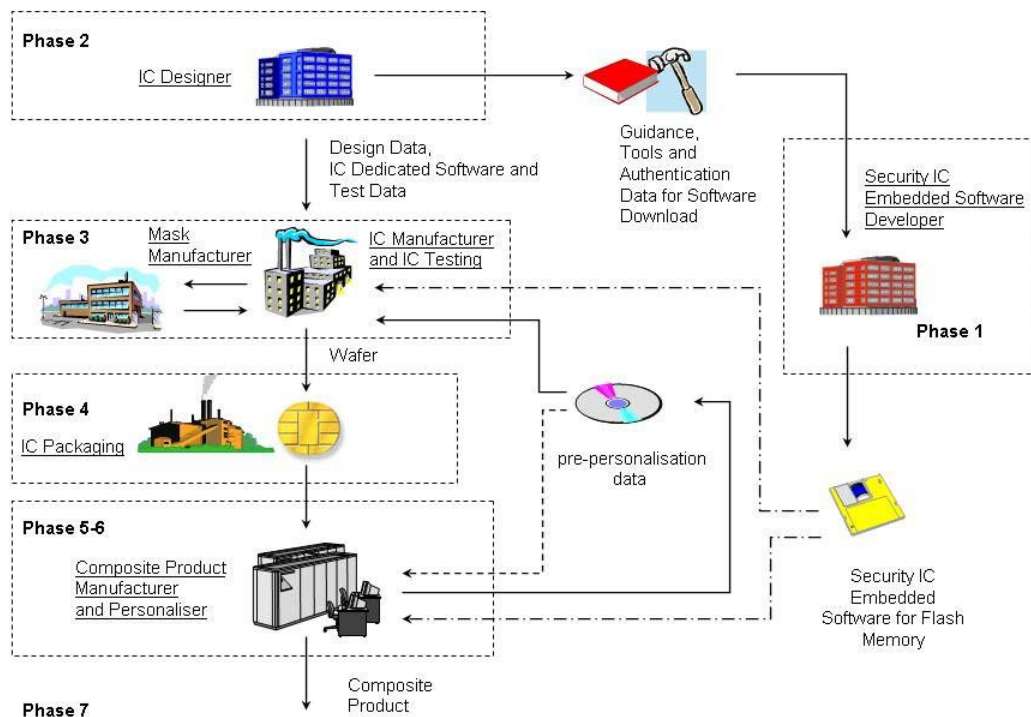
- 40 The user guidance documentation, part of the TOE, consists of:
- the platform user guidance documentation listed in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#),
  - the MIFARE DESFire EV2 user manual,
  - the MIFARE DESFire EV2 interface specification.
- 41 The complete list and details of guidance documents is provided in [Table 15](#), except those of the platform, listed in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).

## 1.7 TOE life cycle

42 This Security Target is fully conform to the claimed PP. In the following, just a summary and some useful explanations are given. For complete details on the TOE life cycle, please refer to the *Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages (BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014)*, section 1.2.3.

43 The composite product life cycle is decomposed into 7 phases. Each of these phases has the very same boundaries as those defined in the claimed protection profile.

**Figure 2. Security IC Life-Cycle**



44 The life cycle phases are summarized in [Table 2](#).

45 The security IC platform life cycle is described in the Platform Security Target, as well as its delivery format.

46 All the sites likely to be involved in the complete TOE life cycle are listed in [Table 16](#), except those dedicated to the Security IC platform, already detailed in the Platform Security Target. In [Table 16](#), the library development centers are denoted by the activity “ES-DEV”. The IT support centers are denoted by the activity “IT”.

47 MFD FEV2 is developed as part of Phase 1, then embedded by ST in the User NVM of the platform, in Phase 3, in one of the sites denoted by the activity “EWS” in the Platform Security Target.

- 48 The TOE is then delivered as described in the Platform Security Target, i.e. after Phase 3 in form of wafers or after Phase 4 in packaged form, depending on the customer's order.
- 49 In the following, the term "TOE delivery" is uniquely used to indicate:
- after Phase 3 (or before Phase 4) if the TOE is delivered in form of wafers or sawn wafers (dice) or
  - after Phase 4 (or before Phase 5) if the TOE is delivered in form of packaged products.
- 50 The sites potentially involved in the complete TOE life cycle are listed in [Table 16](#), except those dedicated to the Security IC platform, already detailed in the Platform Security Target.

**Table 2. Composite product life cycle phases**

Phase	Name	Description
1	IC embedded software development	security IC embedded software development specification of IC pre-personalization requirements
2	IC development	IC design IC dedicated software development
3	IC manufacturing	integration and photomask fabrication IC production IC testing Initialisation pre-personalisation if necessary
4	IC packaging	security IC packaging (and testing) pre-personalisation if necessary
5	Composite product integration	composite product finishing process
6	Personalisation	composite product personalisation composite product testing
7	Operational usage	composite product usage by its issuers and consumers

### 1.7.1 TOE intended usage

- 51 In Phase 7, the TOE is in the end-user environments. Depending on the application, the composite products are used in a wide range of applications to assure authorised conditional access. Examples of such are secure contact-less transport applications and related loyalty programs, access control systems, closed loop payment systems.
- 52 The end-user environment therefore covers a wide range of very different functions. The TOE is designed to be used in unsecured and unprotected environments.

### 1.7.2 Delivery format and method

- 53 MIFARE DESFire EV2 is delivered with the Security IC, already embedded by ST, in phase 3 or 4.
- 54 The Security IC platform can be delivered in form of wafers, micromodules or packages, as described in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).
- 55 All the possible forms of delivery are equivalent from a security point of view.

56 All the guidance documents are delivered as ciphered pdf files.

## 2 Conformance claims (ASE\_CCL, ASE\_ECD)

### 2.1 Common Criteria conformance claims

57 The MIFARE DESFire EV2 on ST31P450 A04 Security Target claims to be conformant to the Common Criteria version 3.1 revision 5.

58 Furthermore it claims to be CC Part 2 ([CCMB-2017-04-002 R5](#)) extended and CC Part 3 ([CCMB-2017-04-003 R5](#)) conformant.

59 The extended Security Functional Requirements are all defined in the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages \(BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014\)](#):

- **FCS\_RNG** Generation of random numbers,
- **FMT\_LIM** Limited capabilities and availability,
- **FAU\_SAS** Audit data storage,
- **FDP\_SDC** Stored data confidentiality,
- **FIA\_API** Authentication proof of identity.

The reader can find their certified definitions in the text of the "[Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages](#)".

60 The assurance level for the MIFARE DESFire EV2 on ST31P450 A04 Security Target is EAL5 augmented by ASE\_TSS.2, ALC\_DVS.2, AVA\_VAN.5 and ALC\_FLR.1.

61 The ST31P450 A04 platform has been evaluated according to the evaluation level EAL5 augmented by ALC\_DVS.2 and AVA\_VAN.5, thus ensuring compatibility between the assurance levels chosen for the platform and the composite evaluations.

### 2.2 PP Claims

#### 2.2.1 PP Reference

62 The MIFARE DESFire EV2 on ST31P450 A04 Security Target claims strict conformance to the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages \(BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014\)](#), as required by this Protection Profile.

63 The following packages have been selected from the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#), and completely addressed by the Security IC platform:

- Package "Authentication of the Security IC",
- Packages for Loader:
  - Package 1: Loader dedicated for usage in Secured Environment only,
  - Package 2: Loader dedicated for usage by authorized users only.

#### 2.2.2 PP Additions

64 The main additions operated on the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) are:

- Those described in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#),
- Specific additions for MFD FEV2.

65 These additions are used to address additional functionality provided by the TOE, and not covered by the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation](#)



*Packages*, nor by the Platform Security Target *ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition*. They address the additional security functionality provided by MFD FEV2.

66 All refinements are indicated with type setting text **as indicated here**, original text from the *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014* being typeset **as indicated here** and **here**. Text originating in *[AUG]* is typeset **as indicated here**. Text originating in *[JILSR]* is typeset **as indicated here**.

67 The security environment additions relative to the PP are summarized in *Table 3*.

68 The additional security objectives relative to the PP are summarized in *Table 4*.

69 The additional SFRs for the TOE relative to the PP are summarized in *Table 6*.

70 The additional SARs relative to the PP are summarized in *Table 7*.

### 2.2.3 PP Claims rationale

71 The differences between this Security Target security objectives and requirements and those of *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014*, to which conformance is claimed, have been identified and justified in *Section 4* and in *Section 5*. They have been introduced in the previous section.

72 In the following, the statements of the security problem definition, the security objectives, and the security requirements are consistent with those of the *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014*.

73 The security problem definition presented in *Section 3*, clearly shows the additions to the security problem statement of the PP.

74 The security objectives rationale presented in *Section 4.3* clearly identifies modifications and additions made to the rationale presented in the *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014*.

75 Similarly, the security requirements rationale presented in *Section 5.4* has been updated with respect to the protection profile.

76 All PP requirements have been shown to be satisfied in the extended set of requirements whose completeness, consistency and soundness have been argued in the rationale sections of the present document.

### 3 Security problem definition (ASE\_SPD)

- 77 This section describes the security aspects of the environment in which the TOE is intended to be used and addresses the description of the assets to be protected, the threats, the organisational security policies and the assumptions.
- 78 Since this Security Target claims strict conformance to the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages \(BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014\)](#), all the security aspects defined in the Protection Profile apply to the TOE.  
In order to address complementary TOE security functionality not defined in the Protection Profile, some security aspects have been introduced in the Platform Security Target and in this one.
- 79 Note that the origin of each security aspect is clearly identified in the prefix of its label. Most of these security aspects can therefore be easily found in the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages \(BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014\)](#), section 3.
- 80 A summary of all these security aspects with their respective origin and status of inclusion in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) is provided in [Table 3](#).  
All the security aspects defined in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) are valid for the present Security Target.
- 81 Only the ones introduced in this Security Target, are detailed in the following sections (column “In [\[PF-ST\]](#)” = No).

Table 3. Summary of security aspects

	Label	Title	Origin	In [PF-ST]
TOE threats	BSI.T.Leak-Inherent	Inherent Information Leakage	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.T.Phys-Probing	Physical Probing	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.T.Malfunction	Malfunction due to Environmental Stress	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.T.Phys-Manipulation	Physical Manipulation	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.T.Leak-Forced	Forced Information Leakage	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.T.Abuse-Func	Abuse of Functionality	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.T.RND	Deficiency of Random Numbers	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.T.Masquerade-TOE	Masquerade the TOE	[PP0084]	Yes
	AUG4.T.Mem-Access	Memory Access Violation	[AUG]	Yes
	JIL.T.Open-Samples-Diffusion	Diffusion of open samples	[JILSR]	Yes
	T.Data-Modification-MFDFEV2	Unauthorised data modification for MFDFEV2		No
	T.Impersonate-MFDFEV2	Impersonating authorised users during authentication for MFDFEV2		No
	T.Cloning-MFDFEV2	Cloning for MFDFEV2		No
	T.Confid-Applic-Code-MFDFEV2	MFDFEV2 code confidentiality		No
	T.Confid-Applic-Data-MFDFEV2	MFDFEV2 data confidentiality		No
	T.Integ-Applic-Code-MFDFEV2	MFDFEV2 code integrity		No
T.Integ-Applic-Data-MFDFEV2	MFDFEV2 data integrity		No	
T.Resource-MFDFEV2	MFDFEV2 resource availability		No	
OSPs	BSI.P.Process-TOE	Protection during TOE Development and Production	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.P.Lim-Block-Loader	Limiting and blocking the loader functionality	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.P.Ctrl-Loader	Controlled usage to Loader Functionality	[PP0084]	Yes
	AUG1.P.Add-Functions	Additional Specific Security Functionality	[AUG]	Yes
	P.Encryption	Confidentiality during communication		No
	P.MAC	Integrity during communication		No
	P.No-Trace	Un-traceability of end-users		No
	P.Transaction	Transaction mechanism		No
Assumptions	BSI.A.Process-Sec-IC	Protection during Packaging, Finishing and Personalisation	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.A.Resp-AppI	Treatment of User Data	[PP0084]	Yes
	A.Secure-Values	Usage of secure values		No
	A.Terminal-Support	Terminal support		No
	A.KeyFunction	Usage of Key-dependent Functions		No

### 3.1 Description of assets

82 Since this Security Target claims strict conformance to the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages \(BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014\)](#), the high-level concerns defined in section 3.1 of the Protection Profile are related to standard functionality and are applied and the assets regarding threats are clarified in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).

- Integrity and confidentiality of User Data stored and in operation,
- Integrity and confidentiality of the Security IC Embedded Software, stored and in operation,
- Correct operation of the Security Services provided by the TOE for the Security IC Embedded Software,
- Deficiency of random numbers.

83 To be able to protect the assets based on this concerns, the TOE shall protect its security functionality. Therefore, critical information about the TOE shall be protected. Critical information includes:

- Logical design data, physical design data, IC Dedicated Software, Security IC Embedded Software and configuration data.
- Initialization Data and Pre-personalization Data, specific development aids, test and characterization related data, material for software development support, and photo masks.

84 Note that the keys for the cryptographic co-processors are seen as User Data.

### 3.2 Threats

85 These threats are described in the Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#), and just recalled here.

BSI.T.Leak-Inherent	Inherent Information Leakage
BSI.T.Phys-Probing	Physical Probing
BSI.T.Malfunction	Malfunction due to Environmental Stress
BSI.T.Phys-Manipulation	Physical Manipulation
BSI.T.Leak-Forced	Forced Information Leakage
BSI.T.Abuse-Func	Abuse of Functionality
BSI.T.RND	Deficiency of Random Numbers
BSI.T.Masquerade-TOE	Masquerade the TOE
AUG4.T.Mem-Access	Memory Access Violation
JIL.T.Open-Samples-Diffusion	Diffusion of open samples

86

The following additional threats are related to MFD FEV2.

T.Data-Modification-MFD FEV2	Unauthorised data modification for MFD FEV2:  User data stored by the TOE may be modified by unauthorised subjects. This threat applies to the processing of modification commands received by the TOE, it is not concerned with verification of authenticity.
T.Impersonate-MFD FEV2	Impersonating authorised users during authentication for MFD FEV2:  An unauthorised subject may try to impersonate an authorised subject during the authentication sequence, e.g. by a man-in-the middle or replay attack.
T.Cloning-MFD FEV2	Cloning for MFD FEV2:  User and TSF data stored on the TOE (including keys) may be read out by an unauthorised subject in order to create a duplicate.
T.Confid-Applic-Code-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 code confidentiality:  MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product code must be protected against unauthorized disclosure. This relates to attacks at runtime to gain read access to memory area where the MIFARE DESFire EV2 licensed product executable code is stored. The attacker executes an application to disclose code belonging to MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product.
T.Confid-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 data confidentiality:  MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product data must be protected against unauthorized disclosure. This relates to attacks at runtime to gain read access to the MIFARE DESFire EV2 licensed product data by another application. For example, the attacker executes an application that tries to read data belonging to MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product.
T.Integ-Applic-Code-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 code integrity:  MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product code must be protected against unauthorized modification. This relates to attacks at runtime to gain write access to memory area where the MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product executable code is stored. The attacker executes an application that tries to alter (part of) the DESFire EV2 Licensed product code.
T.Integ-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 data integrity:  MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product data must be protected against unauthorized modification. This relates to attacks at runtime to gain write access to the MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product data by another application. The attacker executes an application that tries to alter (part of) the DESFire EV2 Licensed product data.

T.Resource-MFD FEV2 MFD FEV2 resource availability:

The availability of the TOE resources for the MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product shall be controlled to prevent denial of service or malfunction.

An attacker prevents correct execution of MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product through consumption of some resources of the card: e.g. RAM or non-volatile RAM.

### 3.3 Organisational security policies

87 These security policies are described in the Platform Security Target [PF-ST], and just recalled here.

BSI.P.Process-TOE Identification during TOE Development and Production

BSI.P.Lim-Block-Loader Limiting and blocking the loader functionality

BSI.P.Ctrl-Loader Controlled usage to Loader Functionality

AUG1.P.Add-Functions Additional Specific Security Functionality

88 The TOE provides specific security functionality that can be used by MFD FEV2. In the following specific security functionality is listed which is not derived from threats identified for the TOE's environment because it can only be decided in the context of the Security IC application, against which threats MFD FEV2 will use the specific security functionality.

89 New Organisational Security Policies (OSPs) are defined here below:

90 P.Confidentiality, P.MAC, P.Transaction and P.No-Trace are related to MFD FEV2.

P.Encryption Confidentiality during communication:

The TOE shall provide the possibility to protect selected data elements from eavesdropping during contact-less communication.

P.MAC Integrity during communication:

The TOE shall provide the possibility to protect the contact-less communication from modification or injections. This includes especially the possibility to detect replay or man-in-the-middle attacks within a session.

P.Transaction Transaction mechanism:

The TOE shall provide the possibility to combine a number of data modification operations in one transaction, so that either all operations or no operation at all is performed.

P.No-Trace

Un-traceability of end-users:

The TOE shall provide the ability that authorised subjects can prevent that end-user of TOE may be traced by unauthorised subjects without consent. Tracing of end-users may happen by performing a contact-less communication with the TOE when the end-user is not aware of it. Typically this involves retrieving the UID or any freely accessible data element.

### 3.4 Assumptions

91 These assumptions are described in the Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#) and in the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#), section 3.4.

BSI.A.Process-Sec-IC

Protection during Packaging, Finishing and Personalisation

BSI.A.Resp-Appl

Treatment of User Data of the Composite TOE

92 The following assumptions are added for MFD FEV2. They are required for the correct functioning of MFD FEV2 security functionality. They do not contradict with the security problem definition of the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#), since they are only related to assets which are out of the scope of this PP.

93 In consequence, the addition of these assumptions does not contradict with the strict conformance claim on the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#).

A.Secure-Values

Usage of secure values:

Only confidential and secure cryptographically strong keys shall be used to set up the authentication. These values are generated outside the TOE and they are downloaded to the TOE.

A.Terminal-Support

Terminal support:

The terminal verifies information sent by the TOE in order to ensure integrity and confidentiality of the communication. Furthermore, the terminal shall provide random numbers according to AIS20 or AIS31 [\[1\]](#) for the authentication

A.KeyFunction

Usage of Key-dependent Functions:

Key-dependent Functions (if any) shall be implemented in the Security IC Embedded Software in a way that they are not susceptible to leakage attacks (as described under T.Leak-Inherent and T.Leak-Forced).

Note that here the routines which may compromise keys when being executed are part of the Security IC Embedded Software. In contrast to this, the threats T.Leak-Inherent and T.Leak-Forced address (i) the cryptographic routines which are part of the TOE (ii) the processing of User Data including cryptographic keys.

## 4 Security objectives (ASE\_OBJ)

- 94 The security objectives of the TOE cover principally the following aspects:
- integrity and confidentiality of assets,
  - protection of the TOE and associated documentation during development and production phases,
  - provide random numbers,
  - provide access control functionality,
  - provide cryptographic support.
- 95 Since this Security Target claims strict conformance to the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages \(BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014\)](#), all the security objectives defined in the Protection Profile apply to the TOE. In order to address complementary TOE security functionality not defined in the Protection Profile, some security objectives have been introduced in the Platform Security Target and in this one.
- 96 Note that the origin of each security objective is clearly identified in the prefix of its label. Most of these security aspects can therefore be easily found in the [Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages \(BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014\)](#), section 3.
- 97 A summary of all the TOE security objectives with their respective origin and status of inclusion in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) is provided in [Table 4](#). All the security objectives defined in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) are valid for the present Security Target.
- 98 Only the ones introduced in this Security Target, are detailed in the following sections.

**Table 4. Summary of security objectives**

	Label	Title	Origin	In [PF-ST]
TOE	BSI.O.Leak-Inherent	Protection against Inherent Information Leakage	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Phys-Probing	Protection against Physical Probing	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Malfunction	Protection against Malfunctions	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation	Protection against Physical Manipulation	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Leak-Forced	Protection against Forced Information Leakage	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Abuse-Func	Protection against Abuse of Functionality	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Identification	TOE Identification	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.RND	Random Numbers	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Cap-Avail-Loader	Capability and Availability of the Loader	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.O.Ctrl-Auth-Loader	Access control and authenticity for the Loader	[PP0084]	Yes



Table 4. Summary of security objectives (continued)

	Label	Title	Origin	In [PF-ST]
TOE	JIL.O.Prot-TSF-Confidentiality	Protection of the confidentiality of the TSF	[JILSR]	Yes
	JIL.O.Secure-Load-ACode	Secure loading of the Additional Code	[JILSR]	Yes
	JIL.O.Secure-AC-Activation	Secure activation of the Additional Code	[JILSR]	Yes
	JIL.O.TOE-Identification	Secure identification of the TOE	[JILSR]	Yes
	O.Secure-Load-AMemImage	Secure loading of the Additional Memory Image	[PF-ST]	Yes
	O.MemImage-Identification	Secure identification of the Memory Image	[PF-ST]	Yes
	BSI.O.Authentication	Authentication to external entities	[PP0084]	Yes
	AUG1.O.Add-Functions	Additional Specific Security Functionality	[AUG]	Yes
	AUG4.O.Mem-Access	Area based Memory Access Control	[AUG]	Yes
	O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2	Access Control for MFD FEV2		No
	O.Authentication-MFD FEV2	Authentication for MFD FEV2		No
	O.Encryption-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 Confidential Communication		No
	O.MAC-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 Integrity-protected Communication		No
	O.Type-Consistency-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 Data type consistency		No
	O.Transaction-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 Transaction mechanism		No
	O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2	Preventing Traceability for MFD FEV2		No
	O.Resource-MFD FEV2	Resource availability for MFD FEV2		No
	O.Firewall-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 firewall		No
	O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 data cleaning for resource sharing		No
	O.Verification-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 code integrity check		No

Table 4. Summary of security objectives (continued)

	Label	Title	Origin	In [PF-ST]
Environments	BSI.OE.Resp-Appl	Treatment of User Data of the Composite TOE	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.OE.Process-Sec-IC	Protection during composite product manufacturing	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.OE.Lim-Block-Loader	Limitation of capability and blocking the Loader	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.OE.Loader-Usage	Secure communication and usage of the Loader	[PP0084]	Yes
	BSI.OE.TOE-Auth	External entities authenticating of the TOE	[PP0084]	Yes
	<i>OE.Composite-TOE-Id</i>	Composite TOE identification	[PF-ST]	Yes
	<i>OE.TOE-Id</i>	TOE identification	[PF-ST]	Yes
	<i>OE.Enable-Disable-Secure-Diag</i>	Enabling or disabling the Secure Diagnostic	[PF-ST]	Yes
	<i>OE.Secure-Diag-Usage</i>	Secure communication and usage of the Secure Diagnostic	[PF-ST]	Yes
	<i>OE.Secure-Values</i>	Generation of secure values		No
	<i>OE.Terminal-Support</i>	Terminal support to ensure integrity, confidentiality and use of random numbers		No

## 4.1 Security objectives for the TOE

99 These security objectives are described in the Platform Security Target [PF-ST]

BSI.O.Leak-Inherent	Protection against Inherent Information Leakage
BSI.O.Phys-Probing	Protection against Physical Probing
BSI.O.Malfunction	Protection against Malfunctions
BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation	Protection against Physical Manipulation
BSI.O.Leak-Forced	Protection against Forced Information Leakage
BSI.O.Abuse-Func	Protection against Abuse of Functionality
BSI.O.Identification	TOE Identification
BSI.O.RND	Random Numbers
BSI.O.Cap-Avail-Loader	Capability and Availability of the Loader
BSI.O.Ctrl-Auth-Loader	Access control and authenticity for the Loader
BSI.O.Authentication	Authentication to external entities

JIL.O.Prot-TSF-Confidentiality	Protection of the confidentiality of the TSF
JIL.O.Secure-Load-ACode	Secure loading of the Additional Code
JIL.O.Secure-AC-Activation	Secure activation of the Additional Code
JIL.O.TOE-Identification	Secure identification of the TOE
O.Secure-Load-AMemImage	Secure loading of the Additional Memory Image
O.MemImage-Identification	Secure identification of the Memory Image
AUG4.O.Mem-Access	Area based Memory Access Control
AUG1.O.Add-Functions	Additional Specific Security Functionality

100 The following objectives are added for MFD FEV2:

O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2	<p>Access Control for MFD FEV2:</p> <p>The TOE must provide an access control mechanism for data stored by it. The access control mechanism shall apply to read, modify, create and delete operations for data elements and to reading and modifying security attributes as well as authentication data. It shall be possible to limit the right to perform a specific operation to a specific user. The security attributes (keys) used for authentication shall never be output.</p>
O.Authentication-MFD FEV2	<p>Authentication for MFD FEV2:</p> <p>The TOE must provide an authentication mechanism in order to be able to authenticate authorised users. The authentication mechanism shall be resistant against replay and man-in-the-middle attacks.</p>
O.Encryption-MFD FEV2	<p>MFD FEV2 Confidential Communication:</p> <p>The TOE must be able to protect the communication by encryption. This shall be implemented by security attributes that enforce encrypted communication for the respective data elements.</p>
O.MAC-MFD FEV2	<p>MFD FEV2 Integrity-protected Communication:</p> <p>The TOE must be able to protect the communication by adding a MAC. This shall be implemented by security attributes that enforce integrity protected communication for the respective data elements. Usage of the protected communication shall also support the detection of injected and bogus commands within the communication session before the protected data transfer.</p>
O.Type-Consistency-MFD FEV2	<p>MFD FEV2 Data type consistency:</p> <p>The TOE must provide a consistent handling of the different supported data types. This comprises over- and underflow checking for values, for data file sizes and record handling.</p>
O.Transaction-MFD FEV2	<p>MFD FEV2 Transaction mechanism:</p> <p>The TOE must be able to provide a transaction mechanism that allows to update multiple data elements either all in common or none of them.</p>

O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2	Preventing Traceability for MFD FEV2: The TOE must be able to prevent that the TOE end-user can be traced. This shall be done by providing an option that disables the transfer of any information that is suitable for tracing an end-user by an unauthorised subject.
O.Resource-MFD FEV2	Resource availability for MFD FEV2: The TOE shall control the availability of resources for MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product.
O.Firewall-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 firewall: The TOE shall ensure isolation of data and code between MIFARE DESFire EV2 and the other applications. An application shall not read, write, compare any piece of data or code belonging to the MIFARE DESFire EV2 Licensed product.
O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 data cleaning for resource sharing: It shall be ensured that any hardware resource, that is shared by MIFARE DESFire EV2 and other applications or by any application which has access to such hardware resource, is always cleaned (using code that is part of the MIFARE DESFire EV2 system and its certification) whenever MIFARE DESFire EV2 is interrupted by the operation of another application. The only exception is buffers as long as these buffers do not contain other information than what is communicated over the contactless interface or has a form that is no different than what is normally communicated over the contactless interface. For example, no data shall remain in a hardware cryptographic coprocessor (e.g. DES or AES coprocessor) when MIFARE DESFire EV2 is interrupted by another application.
O.Verification-MFD FEV2	MFD FEV2 code integrity check: The TOE shall ensure that MIFARE DESFire EV2 code is verified prior being executed.

## 4.2 Security objectives for the environment

101 The following security objectives for the environment are detailed in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) and still valid in the same terms for this Security Target. The clarifications made there also apply.

102 Security Objectives for the Security IC Embedded Software development environment (phase 1):

[BSI.OE.Resp-AppI](#)

[Treatment of User Data of the Composite TOE](#)

103	Security Objectives for the operational Environment (phase 4 up to 7):		
	BSI.OE.Process-Sec-IC	Protection during composite product manufacturing	Up to phase 6
	BSI.OE.Lim-Block-Loader	Limitation of capability and blocking the Loader	Up to phase 6
	BSI.OE.Loader-Usage	Secure communication and usage of the Loader	Up to phase 7
	BSI.OE.TOE-Auth	External entities authenticating of the TOE	Up to phase 7
	OE.Composite-TOE-Id	Composite TOE identification	Up to phase 7
	OE.TOE-Id	TOE identification	Up to phase 7
	OE.Enable-Disable-Secure-Diag	Enabling or disabling the Secure Diagnostic	Up to phase 7
	OE.Secure-Diag-Usage	Secure communication and usage of the Secure Diagnostic	Up to phase 7

104 The following security objectives for the operational environment (phase 5 up to 7) are added for MFD FEV2:

OE.Secure-Values	Generation of secure values: The environment shall generate confidential and cryptographically strong secure keys for authentication purpose. These values are generated outside the TOE and they are downloaded to the TOE during the personalisation or usage in phase 5 to 7.
OE.Terminal-Support	Terminal support to ensure integrity, confidentiality and use of random numbers:  The terminal shall verify information sent by the TOE in order to ensure integrity and confidentiality of the communication. This involves checking of MAC values, verification of redundancy information according to the cryptographic protocol and secure closing of the communication session. Furthermore, the terminal shall provide random numbers according to AIS20 or AIS31 [1] for the authentication.

### 4.3 Security objectives rationale

105 The main line of this rationale is that the inclusion of all the security objectives of the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) protection profile, those already introduced in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) and those introduced in this ST, guarantees that all the security environment aspects identified in [Section 3](#) are addressed by the security objectives stated in this chapter.

- 106 Thus, it is necessary to show that:
- security environment aspects from this ST, are addressed by security objectives stated in this chapter,
  - security objectives from this ST, are suitable (i.e. they address security environment aspects),
  - security objectives from this ST, are consistent with the other security objectives stated in this chapter (i.e. no contradictions).
- 107 All security aspects are already justified in the Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#), except the ones denoted by “New” in [Table 5](#).
- 108 The augmentation made in this ST introduces the following security environment aspects:
- TOE threats "Unauthorised data modification for MFD FEV2, ([T.Data-Modification-MFD FEV2](#))", "Impersonating authorised users during authentication for MFD FEV2, ([T.Impersonate-MFD FEV2](#))", "Cloning for MFD FEV2, ([T.Cloning-MFD FEV2](#))", "MFD FEV2 code confidentiality, ([T.Confid-Applic-Code-MFD FEV2](#))", "MFD FEV2 data confidentiality, ([T.Confid-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2](#))", "MFD FEV2 code integrity, ([T.Integ-Applic-Code-MFD FEV2](#))", "MFD FEV2 data integrity, ([T.Integ-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2](#))", and "MFD FEV2 resource availability, ([T.Resource-MFD FEV2](#))".
  - organisational security policies "Confidentiality during communication, ([P.Encryption](#))", "Integrity during communication, ([P.MAC](#))", "Un-traceability of end-users, ([P.No-Trace](#))", and "Transaction mechanism, ([P.Transaction](#))".
  - assumptions "Usage of secure values, ([A.Secure-Values](#))", "Terminal support, ([A.Terminal-Support](#))", and "Usage of Key-dependent Functions, ([A.KeyFunction](#))".
- 109 The justification of the additional policies, additional threats, and additional assumptions provided in the next subsections shows that they do not contradict to the rationale already given in the protection profile [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) and [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) for the assumptions, policy and threats defined there.
- 110 In particular, the added assumptions do not contradict with the policies, threats and assumptions of the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) Protection Profile, to which strict conformance is claimed, because they are all exclusively related to MFD FEV2, which is out of the scope of this protection profile.
- 111 Only the security aspects denoted by “New” in [Table 5](#) will be detailed in the following.

**Table 5. Security Objectives versus Assumptions, Threats or Policies**

<b>Assumption, Threat or Organisational Security Policy</b>	<b>Security Objective</b>	<b>Notes</b>
<a href="#">BSI.T.Leak-Inherent</a>	<a href="#">BSI.O.Leak-Inherent</a>	
<a href="#">BSI.T.Phys-Probing</a>	<a href="#">BSI.O.Phys-Probing</a>	
<a href="#">BSI.T.Malfunction</a>	<a href="#">BSI.O.Malfunction</a>	
<a href="#">BSI.T.Phys-Manipulation</a>	<a href="#">BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation</a>	
<a href="#">BSI.T.Leak-Forced</a>	<a href="#">BSI.O.Leak-Forced</a>	
<a href="#">BSI.T.Abuse-Func</a>	<a href="#">BSI.O.Abuse-Func</a> <a href="#">OE.Enable-Disable-Secure-Diag</a> <a href="#">OE.Secure-Diag-Usage</a>	

Table 5. Security Objectives versus Assumptions, Threats or Policies (continued)

Assumption, Threat or Organisational Security Policy	Security Objective	Notes
<i>BSI.T.RND</i>	<i>BSI.O.RND</i>	
<i>BSI.T.Masquerade-TOE</i>	<i>BSI.O.Authentication</i> <i>BSI.OE.TOE-Auth</i>	
<i>AUG4.T.Mem-Access</i>	<i>AUG4.O.Mem-Access</i>	
<i>JIL.T.Open-Samples-Diffusion</i>	<i>JIL.O.Prot-TSF-Confidentiality</i> <i>BSI.O.Leak-Inherent</i> <i>BSI.O.Leak-Forced</i>	
<i>T.Data-Modification-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2</i> <i>O.Type-Consistency-MFD FEV2</i> <i>OE.Terminal-Support</i>	New
<i>T.Impersonate-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Authentication-MFD FEV2</i>	New
<i>T.Cloning-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2</i> <i>O.Authentication-MFD FEV2</i>	New
<i>T.Confid-Applic-Code-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Firewall-MFD FEV2</i>	New
<i>T.Confid-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Firewall-MFD FEV2</i>	New
<i>T.Integ-Applic-Code-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Verification-MFD FEV2</i> <i>O.Firewall-MFD FEV2</i>	New
<i>T.Integ-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2</i> <i>O.Firewall-MFD FEV2</i>	New
<i>T.Resource-MFD FEV2</i>	<i>O.Resource-MFD FEV2</i>	New
<i>BSI.P.Process-TOE</i>	<i>BSI.O.Identification</i>	Phase 2-3 optional Phase 4
<i>BSI.P.Lim-Block-Loader</i>	<i>BSI.O.Cap-Avail-Loader</i> <i>BSI.OE.Lim-Block-Loader</i>	
<i>BSI.P.Ctrl-Loader</i>	<i>BSI.O.Ctrl-Auth-Loader</i> <i>JIL.O.Secure-Load-ACode</i> <i>JIL.O.Secure-AC-Activation</i> <i>JIL.O.TOE-Identification</i> <i>O.Secure-Load-AMemImage</i> <i>O.MemImage-Identification</i> <i>BSI.OE.Loader-Usage</i> <i>OE.TOE-Id</i> <i>OE.Composite-TOE-Id</i>	
<i>AUG1.P.Add-Functions</i>	<i>AUG1.O.Add-Functions</i>	
<i>P.Encryption</i>	<i>O.Encryption-MFD FEV2</i>	New

**Table 5. Security Objectives versus Assumptions, Threats or Policies (continued)**

Assumption, Threat or Organisational Security Policy	Security Objective	Notes
<i>P.MAC</i>	<i>O.MAC-MFDFEV2</i>	New
<i>P.No-Trace</i>	<i>O.No-Trace-MFDFEV2</i> <i>O.Access-Control-MFDFEV2</i> <i>O.Authentication-MFDFEV2</i>	New
<i>P.Transaction</i>	<i>O.Transaction-MFDFEV2</i>	New
<i>BSI.A.Resp-Appl</i>	<i>BSI.OE.Resp-Appl</i>	Phase 1
<i>BSI.A.Process-Sec-IC</i>	<i>BSI.OE.Process-Sec-IC</i>	Phase 5-6 optional Phase 4
<i>A.KeyFunction</i>	<i>BSI.OE.Resp-Appl</i>	Phase 1
<i>A.Secure-Values</i>	<i>OE.Secure-Values</i>	New Phases 5-7
<i>A.Terminal-Support</i>	<i>OE.Terminal-Support</i>	New Phase 7

#### 4.3.1 Assumption "Usage of secure values"

112 The justification related to the assumption "Usage of secure values, (*A.Secure-Values*)" is as follows:

113 *OE.Secure-Values* is an immediate transformation of this assumption, therefore it covers the assumption.

114 *A.Secure-Values* and *OE.Secure-Values* do not contradict with the security problem definition of the *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014*, because they are only related to MFDFEV2, which is out of the scope of this protection profile.

#### 4.3.2 Assumption "Terminal support"

115 The justification related to the assumption "Terminal support, (*A.Terminal-Support*)" is as follows:

116 The objective *OE.Terminal-Support* is an immediate transformation of the assumption, therefore it covers the assumption. The TOE can only check the integrity of data received from the terminal. For data transferred to the terminal, the receiver must verify the integrity of the received data. Furthermore the TOE cannot verify the entropy of the random number sent by the terminal. The terminal itself must ensure that random numbers are generated with appropriate entropy for the authentication. This is assumed by the related assumption, therefore the assumption is covered.

117 *A.Terminal-Support* and *OE.Terminal-Support* do not contradict with the security problem definition of the *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014*, because they are only related to MFDFEV2, which is out of the scope of this protection profile.



### 4.3.3 Assumption "Usage of Key-dependent Functions"

- 118 The justification related to the assumption "Usage of Key-dependent Functions, ([A.KeyFunction](#))" is as follows:
- 119 [BSI.OE.Resp-AppI](#) requires the Security IC Embedded Software to implement measures to manage the cryptographic keys appropriately to ensure the strength of the cryptographic operation, therefore it covers the assumption.
- 120 [A.KeyFunction](#) does not contradict with the security problem definition of the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#), because it is only related to MFD FEV2, which is out of the scope of this protection profile.

### 4.3.4 TOE threat "Unauthorised data modification for MFD FEV2"

- 121 The justification related to the threat "Unauthorised data modification for MFD FEV2, ([T.Data-Modification-MFD FEV2](#))" is as follows:
- 122 According to threat [T.Data-Modification-MFD FEV2](#), the TOE shall avoid that user data stored by the TOE may be modified by unauthorised subjects. The objective [O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2](#) requires an access control mechanism that limits the ability to modify data and code elements stored by the TOE. [O.Type-Consistency-MFD FEV2](#) ensures that data types are adhered, so that TOE data cannot be modified by abusing type-specific operations. The terminal must support this by checking the TOE responses, which is required by [OE.Terminal-Support](#). Therefore [T.Data-Modification-MFD FEV2](#) is covered by these three objectives.
- 123 The added objectives for the TOE [O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2](#) and [O.Type-Consistency-MFD FEV2](#) do not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives for the TOE.

### 4.3.5 TOE threat "Impersonating authorised users during authentication for MFD FEV2"

- 124 The justification related to the threat "Impersonating authorised users during authentication for MFD FEV2, ([T.Impersonate-MFD FEV2](#))" is as follows:
- 125 The threat is related to the fact that an unauthorised subject may try to impersonate an authorised subject during authentication, e.g. by a man-in-the middle or replay attack. [O.Authentication-MFD FEV2](#) requires that the authentication mechanism provided by the TOE shall be resistant against attack scenarios targeting the impersonation of authorized users. Therefore the threat is covered by [O.Authentication-MFD FEV2](#).
- 126 The added objective for the TOE [O.Authentication-MFD FEV2](#) does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives for the TOE.

### 4.3.6 TOE threat "Cloning for MFD FEV2"

- 127 The justification related to the threat "Cloning for MFD FEV2, ([T.Cloning-MFD FEV2](#))" is as follows:
- 128 The concern of [T.Cloning-MFD FEV2](#) is that all data stored on the TOE (including keys) may be read out in order to create a duplicate. [O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2](#) requires that unauthorized users can not read any information that is restricted to the authorized subjects. The cryptographic keys used for the authentication are stored inside the TOE and are protected by this objective. This objective states that no keys used for authentication shall ever be output. [O.Authentication-MFD FEV2](#)

requires that users are authenticated before they can read any information that is restricted to authorized users. Therefore the two objectives cover [T.Cloning-MFDFEV2](#).

#### 4.3.7 TOE threat "MFDFEV2 resource availability"

129 The justification related to the threat "MFDFEV2 resource availability, ([T.Resource-MFDFEV2](#))" is as follows:

130 The concern of [T.Resource-MFDFEV2](#) is to prevent denial of service or malfunction of MFDFEV2, that may result from an unavailability of resources. The goal of [O.Resource-MFDFEV2](#) is to control the availability of resources for MFDFEV2. Therefore the threat is covered by [O.Resource-MFDFEV2](#).

131 The added objective for the TOE [O.Resource-MFDFEV2](#) does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives for the TOE.

#### 4.3.8 TOE threat "MFDFEV2 code confidentiality"

132 The justification related to the threat "MFDFEV2 code confidentiality, ([T.Confid-Applic-Code-MFDFEV2](#))" is as follows:

133 Since [O.Firewall-MFDFEV2](#) requires that the TOE ensures isolation of code between MFDFEV2 and the other applications, the code of MFDFEV2 is protected against unauthorised disclosure, therefore [T.Confid-Applic-Code-MFDFEV2](#) is covered by [O.Firewall-MFDFEV2](#).

134 The added objective for the TOE [O.Firewall-MFDFEV2](#) does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives for the TOE.

#### 4.3.9 TOE threat "MFDFEV2 data confidentiality"

135 The justification related to the threat "MFDFEV2 data confidentiality, ([T.Confid-Applic-Data-MFDFEV2](#))" is as follows:

136 Since [O.Firewall-MFDFEV2](#) requires that the TOE ensures isolation of data between MFDFEV2 and the other applications, the data of MFDFEV2 is protected against unauthorised disclosure, therefore [T.Confid-Applic-Data-MFDFEV2](#) is covered by [O.Firewall-MFDFEV2](#).

#### 4.3.10 TOE threat "MFDFEV2 code integrity"

137 The justification related to the threat "MFDFEV2 code integrity, ([T.Integ-Applic-Code-MFDFEV2](#))" is as follows:

138 The threat is related to the alteration of MFDFEV2 code by an attacker. [O.Verification-MFDFEV2](#) requires that the TOE verifies the code integrity before its execution. Complementary, [O.Firewall-MFDFEV2](#) requires that the TOE ensures isolation of code between MFDFEV2 and the other applications, thus protecting the code of MFDFEV2 against unauthorised modification. Therefore the threat is covered by [O.Verification-MFDFEV2](#) together with [O.Firewall-MFDFEV2](#).

139 The added objective for the TOE [O.Verification-MFDFEV2](#) does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives for the TOE.

#### 4.3.11 TOE threat "MFD FEV2 data integrity"

140 The justification related to the threat "MFD FEV2 data integrity, (*T.Integ-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2*)" is as follows:

141 The threat is related to the alteration of MFD FEV2 data by an attacker. Since *O.Firewall-MFD FEV2* and *O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2* require that the TOE ensures isolation of data between MFD FEV2 and the other applications, the data of MFD FEV2 is protected against unauthorised modification, therefore *T.Integ-Applic-Data-MFD FEV2* is covered by *O.Firewall-MFD FEV2* together with *O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2*.

142 The added objective for the TOE *O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2* does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives for the TOE.

#### 4.3.12 Organisational security policy "Confidentiality during communication"

143 The justification related to the organisational security policy "Confidentiality during communication, (*P.Encryption*)" is as follows:

144 *O.Encryption-MFD FEV2* is an immediate transformation of the security policy, therefore it covers the Security Policy.

145 The added objective for the TOE *O.Encryption-MFD FEV2* does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives.

#### 4.3.13 Organisational security policy "Integrity during communication"

146 The justification related to the organisational security policy "Integrity during communication, (*P.MAC*)" is as follows:

147 *O.MAC-MFD FEV2* is an immediate transformation of the security policy, therefore it covers the Security Policy.

148 The added objective for the TOE *O.MAC-MFD FEV2* does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives.

#### 4.3.14 Organisational security policy "Un-traceability of end-users"

149 The justification related to the organisational security policy "Un-traceability of end-users, (*P.No-Trace*)" is as follows:

150 This policy requires that the TOE has the ability to prevent tracing of end-users. Tracing can be performed with the UID or with any freely accessible data element stored by the TOE.

151 *O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2* provides means to implement access control to data elements on the TOE and *O.Authentication-MFD FEV2* provides means to implement authentication on the TOE, in order to prevent tracing based on freely accessible data elements. *O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2* requires that the TOE shall provide an option to prevent the transfer of any information that is suitable for tracing an end-user by an unauthorized subject, which includes the UID. Therefore the policy is covered by these three objectives.

152 The added objective for the TOE *O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2* does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives.

#### 4.3.15 Organisational security policy "Transaction mechanism"

- 153 The justification related to the organisational security policy "Transaction mechanism, (*P.Transaction*)" is as follows:
- 154 *O.Transaction-MFDFEV2* is an immediate transformation of the security policy, therefore it covers the Security Policy.
- 155 The added objective for the TOE *O.Transaction-MFDFEV2* does not introduce any contradiction in the security objectives.

## 5 Security requirements (ASE\_REQ)

156 This chapter on security requirements contains a section on security functional requirements (SFRs) for the TOE ([Section 5.1](#)), a section on security assurance requirements (SARs) for the TOE ([Section 5.2](#)), a section on the refinements of these SARs ([Section 5.3](#)) as required by the "[BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#)" Protection Profile. This chapter includes a section with the security requirements rationale ([Section 5.4](#)).

### 5.1 Security functional requirements for the TOE

157 The selected security functional requirements (SFRs) for this TOE (MIFARE DESFire EV2 on ST31P450 A04) are summarized in [Table 6](#).

This table also specifies:

- Their type i.e. drawn from [CCMB-2017-04-002 R5](#) or extended,
- Their origin i.e. defined in the [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) Protection Profile, in [\[AUG\]](#), or in the Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#). All SFRs are inherited from [\[PF-ST\]](#), except those identified by "This ST".

158 The extended SFRs are defined in the "[BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#)" Protection Profile.

159 All extensions to the SFRs of the "[BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#)" Protection Profiles (PPs) are **exclusively** drawn from [CCMB-2017-04-002 R5](#).

160 All iterations, assignments, selections, or refinements on SFRs have been performed according to section C.4 of [CCMB-2017-04-001 R5](#). They are easily identified in the following text since they appear **as indicated here**.

**Table 6. Summary of functional security requirements for the TOE**

Label	Title	Addressing	Origin	Type
FRU_FLT.2	Limited fault tolerance	Malfunction	<a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>	<a href="#">CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</a>
FPT_FLS.1	Failure with preservation of secure state			
FMT_LIM.1 / Test	Limited capabilities	Abuse of Test functionality	<a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>	Extended
FMT_LIM.2 / Test	Limited availability			
FAU_SAS.1	Audit storage	Lack of TOE identification	<a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a> Operated	

Table 6. Summary of functional security requirements for the TOE (continued)

Label	Title	Addressing	Origin	Type
FDP_SDC.1	Stored data confidentiality	Physical manipulation & probing	BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014 Operated	Extended  CCMB-2017-04-002 R5
FDP_SDI.2	Stored data integrity monitoring and action			
FPT_PHP.3	Resistance to physical attack			
FDP_ITT.1	Basic internal transfer protection	Leakage	BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014	
FPT_ITT.1	Basic internal TSF data transfer protection			
FDP_IFC.1	Subset information flow control			
FCS_RNG.1	Random number generation	Weak cryptographic quality of random numbers	BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014 Operated	Extended
FCS_COP.1 / TDES	Cryptographic operation - TDES	Cipher scheme support	[AUG] #1 Operated / [PF-ST]	Extended  CCMB-2017-04-002 R5
FCS_COP.1 / AES	Cryptographic operation - AES			
FDP_ACC.1 / Memories	Subset access control	Memory access violation	[PF-ST]	
FDP_ACF.1 / Memories	Security attribute based access control			
FMT_MSA.3 / Memories	Static attribute initialisation	Correct operation	[AUG] #4 Operated	
FMT_MSA.1 / Memories	Management of security attribute			
FMT_SMF.1 / Memories	Specification of management functions		[PF-ST]	
FIA_API.1	Authentication Proof of Identity	Masquerade	BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014 Operated	Extended
FMT_LIM.1 / Loader	Limited capabilities	Abuse of Loader functionality		
FMT_LIM.2 / Loader	Limited availability			

Table 6. Summary of functional security requirements for the TOE (continued)

Label	Title	Addressing	Origin	Type
FTP_ITC.1 / Loader	Inter-TSF trusted channel - Loader	Loader violation	BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014 Operated	CCMB-2017-04-002 R5
FDP_UCT.1 / Loader	Basic data exchange confidentiality - Loader			
FDP_UIT.1 / Loader	Data exchange integrity - Loader			
FDP_ACC.1 / Loader	Subset access control - Loader			
FDP_ACF.1 / Loader	Security attribute based access control - Loader			
FMT_MSA.3 / Loader	Static attribute initialisation - Loader	Correct Loader operation	[PF-ST]	
FMT_MSA.1 / Loader	Management of security attribute - Loader			
FMT_SMR.1 / Loader	Security roles - Loader			
FIA_UID.1 / Loader	Timing of identification - Loader			
FIA_UAU.1 / Loader	Timing of authentication - Loader			
FMT_SMF.1 / Loader	Specification of management functions - Loader	Lack of TOE identification		
FPT_FLS.1 / Loader	Failure with preservation of secure state - Loader			
FAU_SAR.1 / Loader	Audit review - Loader			
FAU_SAS.1 / Loader	Audit storage - Loader			Extended

Table 6. Summary of functional security requirements for the TOE (continued)

Label	Title	Addressing	Origin	Type
FTP_ITC.1 / Sdiag	Inter-TSF trusted channel - Secure Diagnostic	Abuse of Secure Diagnostic functionality	[PF-ST]	CCMB-2017-04-002 R5
FAU_SAR.1 / Sdiag	Audit review - Secure Diagnostic			
FMT_LIM.1 / Sdiag	Limited capabilities - Secure Diagnostic			
FMT_LIM.2 / Sdiag	Limited availability - Secure Diagnostic			Extended
FMT_SMR.1 / MFD FEV2	Security roles	MFD FEV2 access control	This ST	CCMB-2017-04-002 R5
FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2	Subset access control			
FDP_ACF.1 / MFD FEV2	Security attribute based access control			
FMT_MSA.3 / MFD FEV2	Static attribute initialisation			
FMT_MSA.1 / MFD FEV2	Management of security attribute			
FMT_SMF.1 / MFD FEV2	Specification of management functions			
FDP_ITC.2 / MFD FEV2	Import of user data with security attributes			
FPT_TDC.1 / MFD FEV2	Inter-TSF basic TSF data consistency			



Table 6. Summary of functional security requirements for the TOE (continued)

Label	Title	Addressing	Origin	Type
FIA_UID.2 / MFD FEV2	User identification before any action	MFD FEV2 confidentiality, authentication and integrity	This ST	CCMB-2017-04-002 R5
FIA_UAU.2 / MFD FEV2	User authentication before any action			
FIA_UAU.5 / MFD FEV2	Multiple authentication mechanisms			
FMT_MTD.1 / MFD FEV2	Management of TSF data			
FTP_TRP.1 / MFD FEV2	Trusted path			
FCS_COP.1 / MFD FEV2-DES	Cryptographic operation - MFD FEV2-DES			
FCS_COP.1 / MFD FEV2-AES	Cryptographic operation - MFD FEV2-AES			
FCS_CKM.4 / MFD FEV2	Cryptographic key destruction			
FDP_ROL.1 / MFD FEV2	Basic rollback	MFD FEV2 robustness		
FPT_RPL.1 / MFD FEV2	Replay detection			
FPR_UNL.1 / MFD FEV2	Unlinkability			
FRU_RSA.2 / MFD FEV2	Minimum and maximum quotas	MFD FEV2 correct operation		
FDP_RIP.1 / MFD FEV2	Subset residual information protection	MFD FEV2 intrinsic confidentiality and integrity		

- 161 All these SFRs have already been stated in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#), and are satisfied by the [ST31P450](#) platform, except the following ones, dedicated to MFD FEV2: [FMT\\_SMR.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FDP\\_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FDP\\_ACF.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FMT\\_MSA.3 / MFD FEV2](#), [FMT\\_MSA.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FMT\\_SMF.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FDP\\_ITC.2 / MFD FEV2](#), [FPT\\_TDC.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FIA\\_UID.2 / MFD FEV2](#), [FIA\\_UAU.2 / MFD FEV2](#), [FIA\\_UAU.5 / MFD FEV2](#), [FMT\\_MTD.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FTP\\_TRP.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FCS\\_COP.1 / MFD FEV2-DES](#), [FCS\\_COP.1 / MFD FEV2-AES](#), [FCS\\_CKM.4 / MFD FEV2](#), [FDP\\_ROL.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FPT\\_RPL.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FPR\\_UNL.1 / MFD FEV2](#), [FRU\\_RSA.2 / MFD FEV2](#), [FDP\\_RIP.1 / MFD FEV2](#).
- 162 The SFRs from the Platform Security Target are detailed in the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition \[PF-ST\]](#).
- 163 The following SFRs are extensions to "[BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#)" Protection Profile (PP), related to the capabilities and protections of MFD FEV2.

## 5.1.1 Additional Security Functional Requirements regarding access control

### Security roles (FMT\_SMR.1) / MFDFEV2

164 The TSF shall maintain the roles *Admin, AppMgr, DelAppMgr, AppUser, AppChangeUser, AppRollUser, OrigKeyUser* and *Anybody*.

165 The TSF shall be able to associate users with roles.

### Subset access control (FDP\_ACC.1) / MFDFEV2

166 The TSF shall enforce the *MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy* on *all subjects, objects, operations and attributes defined by the MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy*.

### Security attribute based access control (FDP\_ACF.1) / MFDFEV2

167 The TSF shall enforce the *MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy* to objects based on the following: *all subjects, objects and attributes*.

168 The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed:

- *The Admin is allowed to perform Application.Create and Application.Delete.*
- *The Admin is allowed to perform DelApplication.Delete.*
- *The AppMgr is allowed to perform File.Create and File.Delete.*
- *The DelAppMgr is allowed to perform DelApplication.Create with valid DAMMAC and valid DAMENC.*

169 The TSF shall explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules:

- *The AppMgr is allowed to perform Application.Delete if the attribute PICCLLevelData.PICCKeySettings grants this right.*
- *The AppUser is allowed to perform File.Read or File.Write or File.ReadWrite or File.Change on File if the File.AccessRights grant these rights.*
- *The Anybody is allowed to perform Application.Create if the attribute PICCLLevelData.PICCKeySettings grant this right.*
- *The Anybody is allowed to perform File.Create and File.Delete if the Application.AppKeySettings grant these rights.*
- *The Anybody is allowed to perform File.Read or File.Write or File.ReadWrite or File.Change on File if the File.AccessRights grant these rights.*

170 The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules:

- *No one but Nobody is allowed to perform File.Read or File.Write or File.ReadWrite or File.Change on File if the File.AccessRights do not grant this right.*
- *OrigKeyUser is not allowed to perform any operation on objects.*
- *No one but Nobody is allowed to perform any operation on OriginalityKey.*

171 The following SFP *MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy* is defined for the requirement "Security attribute based access control (FDP\_ACF.1) / MFDFEV2":

172 *SFP 1: MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy*

The Security Function Policy (SFP) MFD FEV2 Access Control Policy uses the following definitions:

The subjects are:

- **Admin: Administrator**  
The Admin is the subject that owns or has access to the PICCMasterKey.  
The Admin is the subject that distributes the PICCDAMAuthKey, DAMMACs, and DAMENCs containing the AppDAMDefaultKey, to the DelAppMgr.
- **AppMgr: Application Manager**  
The AppMgr is the subject that owns or has access to an AppMasterKey. Note that the TOE supports multiple Applications and therefore multiple AppMgr, however for one Application there is only one AppMgr.
- **DelAppMgr: Delegated Application Manager**  
The DelAppMgr is the subject that has access to a valid DAMMAC, the PICCDAMAuthKey, and a DAMENC containing the AppDAMDefaultKey. Note that the TOE supports multiple DelApplications and therefore multiple DelAppMgr.
- **AppUser: Application User**  
The AppUser is the subject that owns or has access to an AppKey. Note that the TOE supports multiple AppUser within each Application and the assigned rights to the AppUser can be different, which allows to have more or less powerful AppUser.
- **AppChangeUser: Application Change User**  
The AppChangeUser is the subject that owns or has access to an AppChangeKey.
- **AppRollUser: Application Roll Key Set User**  
The AppRollUser is the subject that owns or has access to an AppRollKey.
- **OrigKeyUser: Originality Key User**  
The OrigKeyUser is the subject that owns or has access to an OriginalityKey. The OrigKeyUser can authenticate with the TOE to prove the authenticity of the Security IC.
- **Anybody: Anybody**  
Any subject that does not belong to one of the roles Admin, AppMgr, DelAppMgr, AppUser, AppChangeUser, AppRollUser or OrigKeyUser belongs to the role Anybody. This role includes the card holder (also referred to as end-user), and any other subject like an attacker for instance. The subjects belonging to Anybody do not possess any key and therefore are not able to perform any operation that is restricted to one of the roles which are explicitly excluded from the role Anybody.
- **Nobody: Nobody**  
Any subject that does not belong to one of the roles Admin, AppMgr, DelAppMgr, AppUser, AppChangeUser, AppRollUser, OrigKeyUser or Anybody, belongs to the role Nobody. Due to the definition of Anybody, the set of all subjects belonging to the role Nobody is the empty set.

The objects are:

- **PICCLevelData: PICC Level Data**  
The PICC level is the lowest level of the MFD FEV2 Software (PICC level, Application

level, File level). On the PICC level Application and DelApplication can be created or deleted. Hence to the PICCLevelData belong Application and DelApplication.

- **Application: Application**  
The card can store a number of Application. An Application can store a number of File.
- **DelApplication: Delegated Application**  
The card can store a number of DelApplication. After creation the DelApplication has the same attributes as an Application.
- **File: File**  
An Application can store a number of File of different types.
- **PICCMasterKey: PICC Master Key**  
The Card Master Key.
- **PICCApplDefaultKey: PICC Application Default Key**  
The Default Application Master Key and Application Keys that are used when an Application is created and when a KeySet is initialized.
- **PICCDAMAAuthKey: PICC DAM Authentication Key**  
Delegated Application Management Authentication Key.
- **PICCDAMENCKey: PICC DAM Encryption Key**  
Delegated Application Management Encryption Key to generate DAMENC.
- **PICCDAMMACKey: PICC DAM MAC Key**  
Delegated Application Management MAC Key to generate DAMMAC.
- **OriginalityKey: Originality Key**  
Key to check the originality of the card.
- **AppMasterKey: Application Master Key**  
Application Master Key.
- **AppChangeKey: Application Change Key**  
Application Change Key.
- **AppKey: Application Key**  
Application Key.
- **AppTransactionMACKey: Application Transaction MAC Key**  
Application Transaction MAC Key.
- **AppRollKey: Application Roll Keyset Key**  
Application Roll Key Set Key.
- **AppDAMDefaultKey: Application DAM Default Key**  
Delegated Application Management Default Authentication Key.
- **KeySet: Key Set**  
AppKeys are grouped into KeySets.

The security attributes are:

- **PICCLevelData.PICCKeySettings: Generic PICC key settings.**
- **Application.AppKeySettings: Generic Application key settings.**
- **File.AccessRights: Generic access rights for File.**

The operations that can be performed with the objects are:

- *PICCLevelData.Modify*: Modify attribute *PICCLevelData.PICCKeySettings*.
- *PICCLevelData.Freeze*: Freeze attribute *PICCLevelData.PICCKeySettings*.
- *Application.Modify*: Modify attribute *Application.AppKeySettings*.
- *Application.Freeze*: Freeze attribute *Application.AppKeySettings*.
- *Application.Create*: Create an *Application*.
- *Application.Delete*: Delete an *Application*.
- *Application.Select*: Select an *Application*.
- *DelApplication.Create*: Create a *DelApplication*.
- *DelApplication.Delete*: Delete a *DelApplication*.
- *File.Create*: Create a *File*.
- *File.Delete*: Delete a *File*.
- *File.Freeze*: Freeze attributes of *File*.
- *File.Read*: Read operations accessing the content of a *File*.
- *File.Write*: Write operations accessing the content of a *File*.
- *File.ReadWrite*: ReadWrite operations accessing the content of a *File*.
- *File.Change*: Change operation to change the attribute *File.AccessRights*.
- *PICCMasterKey.Change*: Change the *PICCMasterKey*.
- *PICCMasterKey.Freeze*: Freeze the *PICCMasterKey*.
- *PICCApDefaultKey.Change*: Change the *PICCApDefaultKey*.
- *PICCDAMAuthKey.Change*: Change the *PICCDAMAuthKey*.
- *PICCDAMENCKKey.Change*: Change the *PICCDAMENCKKey*.
- *PICCDAMMACKKey.Change*: Change the *PICCDAMMACKKey*.
- *AppMasterKey.Change*: Change the *AppMasterKey*.
- *AppMasterKey.Freeze*: Freeze the *AppMasterKey*.
- *AppChangeKey.Change*: Change the *AppChangeKey*.
- *AppKey.Change*: Change the *AppKey*.
- *AppTransactionMACKKey.Create*: Create the *AppTransactionMACKKey*.
- *AppTransactionMACKKey.Delete*: Delete the *AppTransactionMACKKey*.
- *AppRollKey.Change*: Change the *AppRollKey*.
- *KeySet.Roll*: Roll the *KeySet*.

Note that subjects are authorised by cryptographic keys. These keys are considered as authentication data and not as security attributes of the subjects. The card has a card master key *PICCMasterKey*. Every application has an *AppMasterKey* and a variable number of *AppKeys* organized in *KeySet* used for operations on *Files* (all these keys are called *Application Keys*). The *Application Keys* and *Key Sets* within an application are numbered.

*Implications of the MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy:*

*The MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy has some implications, that can be drawn from the policy and that are essential parts of the TOE security functions.*

- *The TOE end-user does normally not belong to the group of authorised users (Admin, AppMgr, DelAppMgr, AppUser), but regarded as Anybody by the TOE. This means that the TOE cannot determine if it is used by its intended end-user (in other words: it cannot determine if the current card holder is the owner of the card).*
- *The Admin can have the exclusive right to create and delete Applications on the Card, however he can also grant this privilege to Anybody. In the case of DelApplications the Admin can grant this privilege to the AppMgr. Additionally, changing the PICCLevelData is reserved for the Admin. AppKeys, at delivery time should be personalized to a preliminary, temporary key only known to the Admin and the AppMgr.*
- *At Application personalization time, the AppMgr uses the preliminary AppKey in order to personalize the AppKeys, whereas all keys, except the AppMasterKey, can be personalized to a preliminary, temporary key only known to the AppMgr and the AppUser. Furthermore, the AppMgr has the right to create Files within his Application scope.*

### **Static attribute initialisation (FMT\_MSA.3) / MFDFEV2**

173 The TSF shall enforce the **MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy** to provide **permissive** default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP.

174 The TSF shall allow the **no one but Nobody** to specify alternative initial values to override the default values when an object is created.

175 Application note:

The only initial attributes are the card attributes. All other attributes have to be defined at the same time the respective object is created.

### **Management of security attributes (FMT\_MSA.1) / MFDFEV2**

176 The TSF shall enforce the **MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy** to restrict the ability to **modify or freeze and change** the security attributes **of the objects PICCLevelData, Application and the security attribute File.AccessRights** to the **Admin, AppMgr and AppChangeUser, respectively**.

177 **Refinement:**

**The detailed management abilities are:**

- **Only the Admin is allowed to perform PICCLevelData.Modify or PICCLevelData.Freeze on PICCLevelData.PICCKeySettings.**
- **Only the AppMgr is allowed to perform Application.Modify or Application.Freeze on Application.AppKeySettings.**
- **The AppChangeUser is allowed to perform File.Freeze on File.AccessRights.**

### **Management of TSF data (FMT\_MTD.1) / MFDFEV2**

178 The TSF shall restrict the ability to **perform the operations PICCMasterKey.Change, PICCMasterKey.Freeze, PICCAAppDefaultKey.Change, AppMasterKey.Change, AppMasterKey.Freeze, AppChangeKey.Change** to the **Admin, AppMgr and AppUser**.

179 **Refinement:**



*The detailed management abilities are:*

- *Only the Admin is allowed to perform PICCMasterKey.Change or PICCMasterKey.Freeze.*
- *The Admin is allowed to perform PICCAAppDefaultKey.Change.*
- *The Admin is allowed to perform PICCDAMAAuthKey.Change.*
- *The Admin is allowed to perform PICCDAMENCKKey.Change.*
- *The Admin is allowed to perform PICCDAMMACKKey.Change.*
- *The AppMgr is allowed to perform AppMasterKey.Change and AppMasterKey.Freeze.*
- *The AppMgr is allowed to perform AppChangeKey.Change.*
- *The AppMgr is allowed to perform AppKey.Change.*
- *The AppMgr is allowed to perform AppRollKey.Change.*
- *The AppMgr is allowed to perform AppTransactionMACKey.Create and AppTransactionMACKey.Delete.*
- *The AppChangeUser is allowed to perform AppChangeKey.Change.*
- *The AppChangeUser is allowed to perform AppKey.Change.*
- *The AppUser is allowed to perform AppKey.Change on AppKey if Application.AppKeySettings grant this right.*
- *The AppUser is allowed to perform AppTransactionMACKey.Create and AppTransactionMACKey.Delete on AppTransactionMACKey if Application.AppKeySettings grant this right.*
- *The AppRollUser is allowed to perform KeySet.Roll.*

#### **Specification of Management Functions (FMT\_SMF.1) / MFDFEV2**

180 The TSF shall be capable of performing the following security management functions:

- *Authenticating a user,*
- *Invalidating the current authentication state based on the functions: Selecting an application or the card, Changing the key corresponding to the current authentication, Occurrence of any error during the execution of a command, Starting a new authentication, Rolling key set, Failed Proximity Check, Deleting an Application as AppMgr, Reset,*
- *Changing a security attribute,*
- *Rolling the key set,*
- *Creating or deleting an application, a delegated application or a file,*
- *Selection of the Virtual Card.*

#### **Import of user data with security attributes (FDP\_ITC.2) / MFDFEV2**

181 The TSF shall enforce the **MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy** when importing user data, controlled under the SFP, from outside of the TOE.

182 The TSF shall use the security attributes associated with the imported user data.

183 The TSF shall ensure that the protocol used provides for the unambiguous association between the security attributes and the user data received.

184 The TSF shall ensure that interpretation of the security attributes of the imported user data is as intended by the source of the user data.

185 The TSF shall enforce the following rules when importing user data controlled under the SFP from outside the TOE: ***no additional rules***.

## 5.1.2 Additional Security Functional Requirements regarding confidentiality, authentication and integrity

### Cryptographic operation (FCS\_COP.1) / MFD FEV2-DES

186 The TSF shall perform ***encryption and decryption used for authentication*** in accordance with the specified algorithm ***Triple-DES in one of the following modes of operation: CBC and 3-key Triple-DES*** and cryptographic key sizes ***168 bits*** that meet the following standards: ***NIST SP 800-67 (TDES), NIST SP 800-38A (CBC mode)***.

### Cryptographic operation (FCS\_COP.1) / MFD FEV2-AES

The TSF shall perform ***encryption and decryption and cipher based MAC for authentication and communication*** in accordance with the specified algorithm ***Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) in one of the following modes of operation: CBC, CMAC*** and cryptographic key sizes ***128 bits*** that meet the following standards: ***FIPS 197 (AES), NIST SP 800-38A (CBC mode), NIST SP 800-38B (CMAC mode)***.

187 ***Refinement:***

***For the MIFARE DESFire EV1 secure messaging, the TOE uses the cryptographic algorithm for CMAC according to NIST SP 800-38B (CMAC mode) with the following modification: the TOE does not use the standard zero byte IV, instead it uses an IV defined by the previous cryptographic operation (chaining mode).***

### Cryptographic key destruction (FCS\_CKM.4) / MFD FEV2

188 The TSF shall destroy cryptographic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic key destruction method ***overwriting*** that meets the following: ***none***.

### User identification before any action (FIA\_UID.2) / MFD FEV2

189 The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.

Application note:

Identification of a user is performed upon an authentication request based on the currently selected context and the key number. For example, if an authentication request for key number 0 is issued after selecting a specific application, the user is identified as the Application Manager of the respective application. Before any authentication request is issued, the user is identified as "Everybody".

### User authentication before any action (FIA\_UAU.2) / MFD FEV2

190 The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.

### Multiple authentication mechanisms (FIA\_UAU.5) / MFD FEV2

191 The TSF shall provide ***'none' and cryptographic authentication*** to support user authentication.



- 192 The TSF shall authenticate any user's claimed identity according to the **following rules**:
- **The 'none' authentication is performed with anyone who communicates with the TOE without issuing an explicit authentication request. The 'none' authentication implicitly and solely authorises the "Everybody" subject.**
  - **The cryptographic authentication is used to authorise the Administrator, Application Manager, Delegated Application Manager and Application User.**

#### **Trusted path (FTP\_TRP.1) / MFDFEV2**

- 193 The TSF shall provide a communication path between itself and **remote** users that is logically distinct from other communication paths and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the communicated data from **modification, disclosure or only modification**.
- 194 The TSF shall permit **remote users** to initiate communication via the trusted path.
- 195 The TSF shall require the use of the trusted path for **authentication requests with 3-key Triple-DES or AES, confidentiality and/or integrity verification for data transfers protected with AES based on a setting in the file attributes**.

#### **Inter-TSF basic TSF data consistency (FPT\_TDC.1) / MFDFEV2**

- 196 The TSF shall provide the capability to consistently interpret **data files and values** when shared between the TSF and another trusted IT product.
- 197 The TSF shall use **the rule: data files or values can only be modified by their dedicated type-specific operations honouring the type-specific boundaries** when interpreting the TSF data from another trusted IT product.

### **5.1.3 Additional Security Functional Requirements regarding the robustness and correct operation**

#### **Basic rollback (FDP\_ROL.1) / MFDFEV2**

- 198 The TSF shall enforce **the MFDFEV2 Access Control Policy** to permit the rollback of the **operations that modify the value or data file objects** on the **backup files**.
- 199 The TSF shall permit operations to be rolled back within the **scope of the current transaction, which is defined by the following limitative events: chip reset, select command, deselect command, explicit commit, explicit abort, command failure**.

#### **Replay detection (FPT\_RPL.1) / MFDFEV2**

- 200 The TSF shall detect replay for the following entities: **authentication requests with 3-key Triple-DES or AES, confidentiality and/or data integrity verification for data transfers protected with AES and based on a setting in the file attributes**.
- 201 The TSF shall perform **rejection of the request** when replay is detected.

#### **Unlinkability (FPR\_UNL.1) / MFDFEV2**

- 202 The TSF shall ensure that **unauthorised subjects other than the card holder** are unable to determine whether **any operation of the TOE were caused by the same user**.

**Minimum and maximum quotas (FRU\_RSA.2) / MFD FEV2**

- 203 The TSF shall enforce maximum quotas of the following resources **NVM and RAM** that **subjects** can use **simultaneously**.
- 204 The TSF shall ensure the provision of minimum quantity of **the NVM and the RAM** that is available for **subjects** to use **simultaneously**.  
Application note:  
The subjects addressed here are MFD FEV2, and all other applications running on the TOE. The goal is to ensure that MFD FEV2 always have enough NVM and RAM for its own usage.

**Subset residual information protection (FDP\_RIP.1) / MFD FEV2**

- 205 The TSF shall ensure that any previous information content of a resource is made unavailable upon the **deallocation of the resource from** the following objects: **MFD FEV2**.

**5.2 TOE security assurance requirements**

- 206 Security Assurance Requirements for the TOE for the evaluation of the TOE are those taken from the Evaluation Assurance Level **5 (EAL5)** and augmented by taking the following components:
  - **ALC\_DVS.2,**
  - **AVA\_VAN.5,**
  - **ASE\_TSS.2,**
  - **ALC\_FLR.1.**
- 207 Regarding application note 22 of **BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014**, the continuously increasing maturity level of evaluations of Security ICs justifies the selection of a higher-level assurance package.
- 208 The component ASE\_TSS.2 is chosen as an augmentation in this ST to give architectural information on the security functionality of the TOE.
- 209 The component ALC\_FLR.1 is chosen as an augmentation in this ST because a solid flaw management is key for the continuous improvement of the security IC platforms, especially on markets which need highly resistant and long lasting products.
- 210 The set of security assurance requirements (SARs) is presented in **Table 7**, indicating the origin of the requirement.

**Table 7. TOE security assurance requirements**

Label	Title	Origin
ADV_ARC.1	Security architecture description	EAL5/ <b>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</b>
ADV_FSP.5	Complete semi-formal functional specification with additional error information	EAL5
ADV_IMP.1	Implementation representation of the TSF	EAL5/ <b>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</b>
ADV_INT.2	Well-structured internals	EAL5
ADV_TDS.4	Semiformal modular design	EAL5
AGD_OPE.1	Operational user guidance	EAL5/ <b>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</b>

Table 7. TOE security assurance requirements (continued)

Label	Title	Origin
AGD_PRE.1	Preparative procedures	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ALC_CMC.4	Production support, acceptance procedures and automation	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ALC_CMS.5	Development tools CM coverage	EAL5
ALC_DEL.1	Delivery procedures	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ALC_DVS.2	Sufficiency of security measures	<a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ALC_FLR.1	Basic flaw remediation	Security Target
ALC_LCD.1	Developer defined life-cycle model	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ALC_TAT.2	Compliance with implementation standards	EAL5
ASE_CCL.1	Conformance claims	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ASE_ECD.1	Extended components definition	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ASE_INT.1	ST introduction	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ASE_OBJ.2	Security objectives	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ASE_REQ.2	Derived security requirements	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ASE_SPD.1	Security problem definition	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ASE_TSS.2	TOE summary specification with architectural design summary	Security Target
ATE_COV.2	Analysis of coverage	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ATE_DPT.3	Testing: modular design	EAL5
ATE_FUN.1	Functional testing	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
ATE_IND.2	Independent testing - sample	EAL5/ <a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>
AVA_VAN.5	Advanced methodical vulnerability analysis	<a href="#">BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</a>

### 5.3 Refinement of the security assurance requirements

- 211 As [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) defines refinements for selected SARs, these refinements are also claimed in this Security Target.
- 212 Regarding application note 23 of [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#), the refinements for all the assurance families have been reviewed for the hierarchically higher-level assurance components selected in this Security Target.
- 213 An impact summary is provided in [Table 8](#).

Table 8. Impact of EAL5 selection on *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014* refinements

Assurance Family	<i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i> Level	ST Level	Impact on refinement
ALC_DVS	2	2	None
ALC_CMS	4	5	None, refinement is still valid
ALC_CMC	4	4	None
ADV_ARC	1	1	None
ADV_FSP	4	5	None, presentation style changes
ADV_IMP	1	1	None
ATE_COV	2	2	None
AGD_OPE	1	1	None
AVA_VAN	5	5	None

## 5.4 Security Requirements rationale

### 5.4.1 Rationale for the Security Functional Requirements

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Just as for the security objectives rationale of *Section* , the main line of this rationale is that the inclusion of all the security requirements of the *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014* protection profile, together with those introduced in the Platform Security Target [*PF-ST*], and those introduced in this Security Target, guarantees that all the security objectives identified in *Section 4* are suitably addressed by the security requirements stated in this chapter, and that the latter together form an internally consistent whole.

Table 9. Security Requirements versus Security Objectives

Security Objective	TOE Security Functional and Assurance Requirements
<i>BSI.O.Leak-Inherent</i>	<i>Basic internal transfer protection FDP_ITT.1</i> <i>Basic internal TSF data transfer protection FPT_ITT.1</i> <i>Subset information flow control FDP_IFC.1</i>
<i>BSI.O.Phys-Probing</i>	<i>Stored data confidentiality FDP_SDC.1</i> <i>Resistance to physical attack FPT_PHP.3</i>
<i>BSI.O.Malfunction</i>	<i>Limited fault tolerance FRU_FLT.2</i> <i>Failure with preservation of secure state FPT_FLS.1</i>
<i>BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation</i>	<i>Stored data integrity monitoring and action FDP_SDI.2</i> <i>Resistance to physical attack FPT_PHP.3</i>
<i>BSI.O.Leak-Forced</i>	<i>All requirements listed for BSI.O.Leak-Inherent</i> <i>FDP_ITT.1, FPT_ITT.1, FDP_IFC.1</i> <i>plus those listed for BSI.O.Malfunction and BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation</i> <i>FRU_FLT.2, FPT_FLS.1, FDP_SDI.2, FPT_PHP.3</i>

Table 9. Security Requirements versus Security Objectives

Security Objective	TOE Security Functional and Assurance Requirements
<i>BSI.O.Abuse-Func</i>	<i>Limited capabilities FMT_LIM.1 / Test</i> <i>Limited availability FMT_LIM.2 / Test</i> <i>Limited capabilities - Secure Diagnostic FMT_LIM.1 / Sdiag</i> <i>Limited availability - Secure Diagnostic FMT_LIM.2 / Sdiag</i> <i>Inter-TSF trusted channel - Secure Diagnostic FTP_ITC.1 / Sdiag</i> <i>Audit review - Secure Diagnostic FAU_SAR.1 / Sdiag</i> <i>plus those for BSI.O.Leak-Inherent, BSI.O.Phys-Probing, BSI.O.Malfunction, BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation, BSI.O.Leak-Forced FDP_ITT.1, FPT_ITT.1, FDP_IFC.1, FDP_SDC.1, FDP_SDI.2, FPT_PHP.3, FRU_FLT.2, FPT_FLS.1</i>
<i>BSI.O.Identification</i>	<i>Audit storage FAU_SAS.1</i>
<i>BSI.O.RND</i>	<i>Random number generation FCS_RNG.1</i> <i>plus those for BSI.O.Leak-Inherent, BSI.O.Phys-Probing, BSI.O.Malfunction, BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation, BSI.O.Leak-Forced FDP_ITT.1, FPT_ITT.1, FDP_IFC.1, FDP_SDI.2, FDP_SDC.1, FPT_PHP.3, FRU_FLT.2, FPT_FLS.1</i>
<i>BSI.OE.Resp-Appl</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<i>BSI.OE.Process-Sec-IC</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<i>BSI.OE.Lim-Block-Loader</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<i>BSI.OE.Loader-Usage</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<i>BSI.OE.TOE-Auth</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<i>OE.Enable-Disable-Secure-Diag</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<i>OE.Secure-Diag-Usage</i>	<i>Not applicable</i>
<i>BSI.O.Authentication</i>	<i>Authentication Proof of Identity FIA_API.1</i>
<i>BSI.O.Cap-Avail-Loader</i>	<i>Limited capabilities FMT_LIM.1 / Loader</i> <i>Limited availability FMT_LIM.2 / Loader</i>
<i>BSI.O.Ctrl-Auth-Loader</i>	<i>"Inter-TSF trusted channel - Loader" FTP_ITC.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Basic data exchange confidentiality - Loader" FDP_UCT.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Data exchange integrity - Loader" FDP_UIT.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Subset access control - Loader" FDP_ACC.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Security attribute based access control - Loader" FDP_ACF.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Static attribute initialisation - Loader" FMT_MSA.3 / Loader</i> <i>"Management of security attribute - Loader" FMT_MSA.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Specification of management functions - Loader" FMT_SMF.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Security roles - Loader" FMT_SMR.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Timing of identification - Loader" FIA_UID.1 / Loader</i> <i>"Timing of authentication - Loader" FIA_UAU.1 / Loader</i>

Table 9. Security Requirements versus Security Objectives

Security Objective	TOE Security Functional and Assurance Requirements
<i>JIL.O.Prot-TSF-Confidentiality</i>	<p><i>“Inter-TSF trusted channel - Loader” FTP_ITC.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Basic data exchange confidentiality - Loader” FDP_UCT.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Data exchange integrity - Loader” FDP_UIT.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Subset access control - Loader” FDP_ACC.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Security attribute based access control - Loader” FDP_ACF.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Static attribute initialisation - Loader” FMT_MSA.3 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Management of security attribute - Loader” FMT_MSA.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Specification of management functions - Loader” FMT_SMF.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Security roles - Loader” FMT_SMR.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Timing of identification - Loader” FIA_UID.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Timing of authentication - Loader” FIA_UAU.1 / Loader</i></p>
<i>JIL.O.Secure-Load-ACode</i>	<p><i>“Inter-TSF trusted channel - Loader” FTP_ITC.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Basic data exchange confidentiality - Loader” FDP_UCT.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Data exchange integrity - Loader” FDP_UIT.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Subset access control - Loader” FDP_ACC.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Security attribute based access control - Loader” FDP_ACF.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Static attribute initialisation - Loader” FMT_MSA.3 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Management of security attribute - Loader” FMT_MSA.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Specification of management functions - Loader” FMT_SMF.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Security roles - Loader” FMT_SMR.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Timing of identification - Loader” FIA_UID.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Timing of authentication - Loader” FIA_UAU.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Audit storage - Loader” FAU_SAS.1 / Loader</i></p>
<i>JIL.O.Secure-AC-Activation</i>	<p><i>“Failure with preservation of secure state - Loader” FPT_FLS.1 / Loader</i></p>
<i>JIL.O.TOE-Identification</i>	<p><i>“Audit storage - Loader” FAU_SAS.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Audit review - Loader” FAU_SAR.1 / Loader</i></p> <p><i>“Stored data integrity monitoring and action” FDP_SDI.2</i></p>

Table 9. Security Requirements versus Security Objectives

Security Objective	TOE Security Functional and Assurance Requirements
<i>O.Secure-Load-AMemImage</i>	<p>“Inter-TSF trusted channel - Loader” <i>FTP_ITC.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Basic data exchange confidentiality - Loader” <i>FDP_UCT.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Data exchange integrity - Loader” <i>FDP_UIT.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Subset access control - Loader” <i>FDP_ACC.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Security attribute based access control - Loader” <i>FDP_ACF.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Static attribute initialisation - Loader” <i>FMT_MSA.3 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Management of security attribute - Loader” <i>FMT_MSA.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Specification of management functions - Loader” <i>FMT_SMF.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Security roles - Loader” <i>FMT_SMR.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Timing of identification - Loader” <i>FIA_UID.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Timing of authentication - Loader” <i>FIA_UAU.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Audit storage - Loader” <i>FAU_SAS.1 / Loader</i></p>
<i>O.MemImage-Identification</i>	<p>“Failure with preservation of secure state - Loader” <i>FPT_FLS.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Audit storage - Loader” <i>FAU_SAS.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Audit review - Loader” <i>FAU_SAR.1 / Loader</i></p> <p>“Stored data integrity monitoring and action” <i>FDP_SDI.2</i></p>
<i>OE.Composite-TOE-Id</i>	Not applicable
<i>OE.TOE-Id</i>	Not applicable
<i>AUG1.O.Add-Functions</i>	<p>“Cryptographic operation - TDES” <i>FCS_COP.1 / TDES</i></p> <p>“Cryptographic operation - AES” <i>FCS_COP.1 / AES</i></p>
<i>AUG4.O.Mem-Access</i>	<p>“Subset access control” <i>FDP_ACC.1 / Memories</i></p> <p>“Security attribute based access control” <i>FDP_ACF.1 / Memories</i></p> <p>“Static attribute initialisation” <i>FMT_MSA.3 / Memories</i></p> <p>“Management of security attribute” <i>FMT_MSA.1 / Memories</i></p> <p>“Specification of management functions” <i>FMT_SMF.1 / Memories</i></p>
<i>O.Access-Control-MFDFEV2</i>	<p>“Security roles” <i>FMT_SMR.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Subset access control” <i>FDP_ACC.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Security attribute based access control” <i>FDP_ACF.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Static attribute initialisation” <i>FMT_MSA.3 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Management of security attribute” <i>FMT_MSA.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Specification of management functions” <i>FMT_SMF.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Import of user data with security attributes” <i>FDP_ITC.2 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Cryptographic key destruction” <i>FCS_CKM.4 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p>“Management of TSF data” <i>FMT_MTD.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p>



Table 9. Security Requirements versus Security Objectives

Security Objective	TOE Security Functional and Assurance Requirements
<i>O.Authentication-MFDFEV2</i>	<p><i>“Cryptographic operation - MFDFEV2-DES” FCS_COP.1 / MFDFEV2-DES</i></p> <p><i>“Cryptographic operation - MFDFEV2-AES” FCS_COP.1 / MFDFEV2-AES</i></p> <p><i>“User identification before any action” FIA_UID.2 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“User authentication before any action” FIA_UAU.2 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“Multiple authentication mechanisms” FIA_UAU.5 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“Specification of management functions” FMT_SMF.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“Trusted path” FTP_TRP.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“Replay detection” FPT_RPL.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p>
<i>O.Encryption-MFDFEV2</i>	<p><i>“Cryptographic key destruction” FCS_CKM.4 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“Cryptographic operation - MFDFEV2-AES” FCS_COP.1 / MFDFEV2-AES</i></p> <p><i>“Trusted path” FTP_TRP.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p>
<i>O.MAC-MFDFEV2</i>	<p><i>“Cryptographic key destruction” FCS_CKM.4 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“Cryptographic operation - MFDFEV2-AES” FCS_COP.1 / MFDFEV2-AES</i></p> <p><i>“Trusted path” FTP_TRP.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p> <p><i>“Replay detection” FPT_RPL.1 / MFDFEV2</i></p>
<i>O.Type-Consistency-MFDFEV2</i>	<i>“Inter-TSF basic TSF data consistency” FPT_TDC.1 / MFDFEV2</i>
<i>O.Transaction-MFDFEV2</i>	<i>“Basic rollback” FDP_ROL.1 / MFDFEV2</i>
<i>O.No-Trace-MFDFEV2</i>	<i>“Unlinkability” FPR_UNL.1 / MFDFEV2</i>
<i>O.Resource-MFDFEV2</i>	<i>“Minimum and maximum quotas” FRU_RSA.2 / MFDFEV2</i>
<i>O.Verification-MFDFEV2</i>	<p><i>“Failure with preservation of secure state” FPT_FLS.1</i></p> <p><i>“Subset access control” FDP_ACC.1 / Memories</i></p> <p><i>“Security attribute based access control” FDP_ACF.1 / Memories</i></p> <p><i>“Static attribute initialisation” FMT_MSA.3 / Memories</i></p>
<i>O.Firewall-MFDFEV2</i>	<p><i>“Subset access control” FDP_ACC.1 / Memories</i></p> <p><i>“Security attribute based access control” FDP_ACF.1 / Memories</i></p> <p><i>“Static attribute initialisation” FMT_MSA.3 / Memories</i></p>
<i>O.Shr-Res-MFDFEV2</i>	<i>“Subset residual information protection” FDP_RIP.1 / MFDFEV2</i>
<i>OE.Secure-Values</i>	Not applicable
<i>OE.Terminal-Support</i>	Not applicable

215 All justifications for Security Objectives and SFRs have been already provided in the Platform Security Target [PF-ST], except for *O.Access-Control-MFDFEV2*, *O.Authentication-MFDFEV2*, *O.Encryption-MFDFEV2*, *O.MAC-MFDFEV2*, *O.Type-Consistency-MFDFEV2*, *O.Transaction-MFDFEV2*, *O.No-Trace-MFDFEV2*, *O.Resource-MFDFEV2*, *O.Verification-MFDFEV2*, *O.Firewall-MFDFEV2* and *O.Shr-Res-MFDFEV2* and their associated SFRs.



- 216 This rationale must show that security requirements suitably address these objectives.
- 217 The justification that the additional security objectives are suitably addressed, that the additional security requirements are mutually supportive and that, together with those already in [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#) and in [\[PF-ST\]](#), they form an internally consistent whole, is provided in the next subsections.

#### 5.4.2 Additional security objectives are suitably addressed

##### Security objective “Access control for MFD FEV2 ([O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2](#))”

- 218 The justification related to the security objective “Access control for MFD FEV2 ([O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2](#))” is as follows:
- 219 The security functional requirement “[Security roles \(FMT\\_SMR.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” defines the roles of the MFD FEV2 Access Control Policy.
- The security functional requirements “[Subset access control \(FDP\\_ACC.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” and “[Security attribute based access control \(FDP\\_ACF.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” define the rules and “[Static attribute initialisation \(FMT\\_MSA.3\) / MFD FEV2](#)” and “[Management of security attributes \(FMT\\_MSA.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” the attributes that the access control is based on.
- The security functional requirement “[Management of TSF data \(FMT\\_MTD.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” provides the rules for the management of the authentication data.
- The management functions are defined by “[Specification of Management Functions \(FMT\\_SMF.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)”.
- Since the TOE stores data on behalf of the authorised subjects, import of user data with security attributes is defined by “[Import of user data with security attributes \(FDP\\_ITC.2\) / MFD FEV2](#)”.
- Since cryptographic keys are used for authentication (refer to [O.Authentication-MFD FEV2](#)), these keys have to be removed if they are no longer needed for the access control (i.e. an application is deleted). This is required by “[Cryptographic key destruction \(FCS\\_CKM.4\) / MFD FEV2](#)”.
- These nine SFRs together provide an access control mechanism as required by the objective [O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2](#).

##### Security objective “Authentication for MFD FEV2 ([O.Authentication-MFD FEV2](#))”

- 220 The justification related to the security objective “Authentication for MFD FEV2 ([O.Authentication-MFD FEV2](#))” is as follows:
- 221 The two security functional requirements “[Cryptographic operation - MFD FEV2-DES](#)” and “[Cryptographic operation - MFD FEV2-AES](#)” require that the TOE provides the basic cryptographic algorithms that can be used to perform the authentication.
- The security functional requirements “[User identification before any action \(FIA\\_UID.2\) / MFD FEV2](#)”, “[User authentication before any action \(FIA\\_UAU.2\) / MFD FEV2](#)” and “[Multiple authentication mechanisms \(FIA\\_UAU.5\) / MFD FEV2](#)” together define that users must be identified and authenticated before any action. The ‘none’ authentication of “[Multiple authentication mechanisms \(FIA\\_UAU.5\) / MFD FEV2](#)” also ensures that a specific subject is identified and authenticated before an explicit authentication request is sent to the TOE.
- “[Specification of Management Functions \(FMT\\_SMF.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” defines security management functions the TSF shall be capable to perform.
- “[Trusted path \(FTP\\_TRP.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” requires a trusted communication path between the TOE and remote users; FTP\_TRP.1.3 especially requires “authentication requests”.
- Together with “[Replay detection \(FPT\\_RPL.1\) / MFD FEV2](#)” which requires a replay

detection for these authentication requests, the eight security functional requirements fulfill the objective *O.Authentication-MFDFEV2*.

**Security objective “MFDFEV2 Confidential Communication (*O.Encryption-MFDFEV2*)”**

222 The justification related to the security objective “MFDFEV2 Confidential communication (*O.Encryption-MFDFEV2*)” is as follows:

223 The security functional requirement "*Cryptographic operation - MFDFEV2-AES*" requires that the TOE provides the basic cryptographic algorithm AES that can be used to protect the communication by encryption.

"*Trusted path (FTP\_TRP.1) / MFDFEV2*" requires a trusted communication path between the TOE and remote users; FTP\_TRP.1.3 especially requires “confidentiality and/or data integrity verification for data transfers protected with AES and based on a setting in the file attributes”.

"*Cryptographic key destruction (FCS\_CKM.4) / MFDFEV2*" requires that cryptographic keys used for encryption have to be removed after usage.

These three security functional requirements fulfill the objective *O.Encryption-MFDFEV2*.

**Security objective “MFDFEV2 Integrity-protected Communication (*O.MAC-MFDFEV2*)”**

224 The justification related to the security objective “MFDFEV2 Integrity-protected Communication (*O.MAC-MFDFEV2*)” is as follows:

225 The security functional requirement "*Cryptographic operation - MFDFEV2-AES*" requires that the TOE provides the basic cryptographic algorithms that can be used to compute a MAC which can protect the integrity of the communication.

"*Trusted path (FTP\_TRP.1) / MFDFEV2*" requires a trusted communication path between the TOE and remote users; FTP\_TRP.1.3 especially requires “confidentiality and/or data integrity verification for data transfers on request of the file owner”.

"*Cryptographic key destruction (FCS\_CKM.4) / MFDFEV2*" requires that cryptographic keys used for MAC operations have to be removed after usage.

Together with "*Replay detection (FPT\_RPL.1) / MFDFEV2*" which requires a replay detection for these data transfers, the four security functional requirements fulfill the objective *O.MAC-MFDFEV2*.

**Security objective “MFDFEV2 Data type consistency (*O.Type-Consistency-MFDFEV2*)”**

226 The justification related to the security objective “MFDFEV2 Data type consistency (*O.Type-Consistency-MFDFEV2*)” is as follows:

227 The security functional requirement "*Inter-TSF basic TSF data consistency (FPT\_TDC.1) / MFDFEV2*" requires the TOE to consistently interpret data files and values. The TOE will honor the respective file formats and boundaries (i.e. upper and lower limits, size limitations). This meets the objective *O.Type-Consistency-MFDFEV2*.

**Security objective “MFDFEV2 Transaction mechanism (*O.Transaction-MFDFEV2*)”**

228 The justification related to the security objective “MFDFEV2 Transaction mechanism (*O.Transaction-MFDFEV2*)” is as follows:

229 The security functional requirement "*Basic rollback (FDP\_ROL.1) / MFD FEV2*" requires the possibility to rollback a set of modifying operations on backup files in total. The set of operations is defined by the scope of the transaction, which is itself limited by some boundary events. This fulfills the objective *O.Transaction-MFD FEV2*.

**Security objective "Preventing traceability for MFD FEV2 (*O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2*)"**

230 The justification related to the security objective "Preventing traceability for MFD FEV2 (*O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2*)" is as follows:

231 The security functional requirement "*Unlinkability (FPR\_UNL.1) / MFD FEV2*" requires that unauthorised subjects other than the card holder are unable to determine whether any operation of the TOE were caused by the same user. This meets the objective *O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2*.

**Security objective "NVM resource availability for MFD FEV2 (*O.Resource-MFD FEV2*)"**

232 The justification related to the security objective "Resource availability for MFD FEV2 (*O.Resource-MFD FEV2*)" is as follows:

233 The security functional requirement "*Minimum and maximum quotas (FRU\_RSA.2) / MFD FEV2*" requires that sufficient parts of the NVM and RAM are reserved for MFD FEV2 use. This fulfills the objective *O.Resource-MFD FEV2*.

**Security objective "MFD FEV2 code integrity check (*O.Verification-MFD FEV2*)"**

234 The justification related to the security objective "MFD FEV2 code integrity check (*O.Verification-MFD FEV2*)" is as follows:

235 The security functional requirements "*Subset access control FDP\_ACC.1 / Memories*" and "*Security attribute based access control FDP\_ACF.1 / Memories*", supported by "*Static attribute initialisation FMT\_MSA.3 / Memories*", ensure that MFD FEV2 code integrity is protected. In addition, the security functional requirement "*Failure with preservation of secure state FPT\_FLS.1*" ensures that in case of error on NVM, MFD FEV2 execution is stopped. This meets the objective *O.Verification-MFD FEV2*.

**Security objective "MFD FEV2 firewall (*O.Firewall-MFD FEV2*)"**

236 The justification related to the security objective "MFD FEV2 firewall (*O.Firewall-MFD FEV2*)" is as follows:

237 The security functional requirements "*Subset access control FDP\_ACC.1 / Memories*" and "*Security attribute based access control FDP\_ACF.1 / Memories*", supported by "*Static attribute initialisation FMT\_MSA.3 / Memories*", require that no application can read, write, compare any piece of data or code belonging to MFD FEV2. This meets the objective *O.Firewall-MFD FEV2*.

**Security objective "MFD FEV2 data cleaning for resource sharing (*O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2*)"**

238 The justification related to the security objective "MFD FEV2 data cleaning for resource sharing (*O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2*)" is as follows:

239 The security functional requirement "[Subset residual information protection \(FDP\\_RIP.1\) / MFDFEV2](#)" requires that the information content of a resource is made unavailable upon its deallocation from MFDFEV2. This meets the objective [O.Shr-Res-MFDFEV2](#).

### 5.4.3 Additional security requirements are consistent

**"Security roles ([FMT\\_SMR.1 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
Subset access control ([FDP\\_ACC.1 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
Security attribute based access control ([FDP\\_ACF.1 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
Static attribute initialisation ([FMT\\_MSA.3 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
Management of security attributes ([FMT\\_MSA.1 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
Specification of TSF data ([FMT\\_MTD.1 / MFDFEV2](#))  
Specification of management function ([FMT\\_SMF.1 / MFDFEV2](#))  
Import of user data with security attributes ([FDP\\_ITC.2 / MFDFEV2](#))  
Cryptographic key destruction ([FCS\\_CKM.4 / MFDFEV2](#))"**

240 These security requirements have already been argued in [Section : Security objective "Access control for MFDFEV2 \(O.Access-Control-MFDFEV2\)"](#) above.

**"User identification before any action ([FIA\\_UID.2 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
User authentication before any action ([FIA\\_UAU.2 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
Multiple authentication mechanisms ([FIA\\_UAU.5 / MFDFEV2](#))"**

241 These security requirements have already been argued in [Section : Security objective "Authentication for MFDFEV2 \(O.Authentication-MFDFEV2\)"](#) above.

**"Trusted path ([FTP\\_TRP.1 / MFDFEV2](#)),  
Replay detection ([FPT\\_RPL.1 / MFDFEV2](#))"**

242 These security requirements have already been argued in [Section : Security objective "MFDFEV2 Integrity-protected Communication \(O.MAC-MFDFEV2\)"](#) above.

**"Inter-TSF basic TSF data consistency ([FPT\\_TDC.1 / MFDFEV2](#))"**

243 This security requirement has already been argued in [Section : Security objective "MFDFEV2 Confidential Communication \(O.Encryption-MFDFEV2\)"](#) above.

**"Basic rollback ([FDP\\_ROL.1 / MFDFEV2](#))"**

244 This security requirement has already been argued in [Section : Security objective "MFDFEV2 Transaction mechanism \(O.Transaction-MFDFEV2\)"](#) above.

**"Unlinkability ([FPR\\_UNL.1 / MFDFEV2](#))"**

245 This security requirement has already been argued in [Section : Security objective "Preventing traceability for MFDFEV2 \(O.No-Trace-MFDFEV2\)"](#) above.

**"Minimum and maximum quotas ([FRU\\_RSA.2 / MFDFEV2](#))"**

246 This security requirement has already been argued in [Section : Security objective "NVM resource availability for MFDFEV2 \(O.Resource-MFDFEV2\)"](#) above.

**"Subset residual information protection (*FDP\_RIP.1 / MFDFEV2*)"**

247 This security requirement has already been argued in *Section : Security objective "MFDFEV2 data cleaning for resource sharing (O.Shr-Res-MFDFEV2)"* above.

**5.4.4 Dependencies of Security Functional Requirements**

248 All dependencies of Security Functional Requirements have been fulfilled in this Security Target except :

- those justified in the *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014* protection profile security requirements rationale,
- those justified in the *ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition [PF-ST]* security requirements rationale,
- those justified in *[AUG]* security requirements rationale.

249 Details are provided in *Table 10* below.

250 Note that in order to avoid repetitions of the SFRs iterated in this Security Target, and improve readability, some are mentioned in a generic form in this table.

**Table 10. Dependencies of security functional requirements**

Label	Dependencies	Fulfilled by security requirements in this Security Target	Dependency already in <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i> , in <i>[PF-ST]</i> or in <i>[AUG]</i>
FRU_FLT.2	FPT_FLS.1	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FPT_FLS.1	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.1 / Test	FMT_LIM.2 / Test	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.2 / Test	FMT_LIM.1 / Test	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.1 / Loader	FMT_LIM.2 / Loader	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.2 / Loader	FMT_LIM.1 / Loader	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.1 / Stest	FMT_LIM.2 / Stest	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.2 / Stest	FMT_LIM.1 / Stest	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.1 / Sdiag	FMT_LIM.2 / Sdiag	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FMT_LIM.2 / Sdiag	FMT_LIM.1 / Sdiag	Yes	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FAU_SAS.1	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FDP_SDC.1	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FDP_SDI.2	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FPT_PHP.3	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FDP_ITT.1	FDP_ACC.1 or FDP_IFC.1	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / Memories and FDP_IFC.1	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FPT_ITT.1	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>

Table 10. Dependencies of security functional requirements (continued)

Label	Dependencies	Fulfilled by security requirements in this Security Target	Dependency already in <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i> , in <i>[PF-ST]</i> or in <i>[AUG]</i>
FDP_IFC.1	FDP_IFF.1	No, see <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FCS_RNG.1	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FCS_COP.1	[FDP_ITC.1 or FDP_ITC.2 or FCS_CKM.1]	Yes, by FCS_CKM.1, see <i>[PF-ST]</i>	Yes, <i>[AUG]</i> #1
	FCS_CKM.4	No, see <i>[PF-ST]</i>	
FCS_CKM.1	[FDP_CKM.2 or FCS_COP.1]	Yes, by FCS_COP.1	
	FCS_CKM.4	No, see <i>[PF-ST]</i>	
FDP_ACC.1 / Memories	FDP_ACF.1 / Memories	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FDP_ACF.1 / Memories	FDP_ACC.1 / Memories	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / Memories	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
	FMT_MSA.3 / Memories	Yes	
FMT_MSA.3 / Memories	FMT_MSA.1 / Memories	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
	FMT_SMR.1 / Memories	No, see <i>[AUG]</i> #4	
FMT_MSA.1 / Memories	[FDP_ACC.1 / Memories or FDP_IFC.1]	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / Memories and FDP_IFC.1	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
	FMT_SMF.1 / Memories	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
	FMT_SMR.1 / Memories	No	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FMT_SMF.1 / Memories	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FIA_API.1	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FTP_ITC.1 / Loader	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FDP_UCT.1 / Loader	[FTP_ITC.1 / Loader or FTP_TRP.1 / Loader]	Yes, by FTP_ITC.1 / Loader	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
	[FDP_ACC.1 / Loader or FDP_IFC.1 / Loader]	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / Loader	

Table 10. Dependencies of security functional requirements (continued)

Label	Dependencies	Fulfilled by security requirements in this Security Target	Dependency already in <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i> , in <i>[PF-ST]</i> or in <i>[AUG]</i>
FDP_UIT.1 / Loader	[FTP_ITC.1 / Loader or FTP_TRP.1 / Loader]	Yes, by FTP_ITC.1 / Loader	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
	[FDP_ACC.1 / Loader or FDP_IFC.1 / Loader]	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / Loader	
FDP_ACC.1 / Loader	FDP_ACF.1 / Loader	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FDP_ACF.1 / Loader	FDP_ACC.1 / Loader	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
	FMT_MSA.3 / Loader	Yes	
FMT_MSA.3 / Loader	FMT_MSA.1 / Loader	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
	FMT_SMR.1 / Loader	Yes	
FMT_MSA.1 / Loader	[FDP_ACC.1 / Loader or FDP_IFC.1]	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
	FDP_SMF.1 / Loader	Yes	
	FDP_SMR.1 / Loader	Yes	
FMT_SMR.1 / Loader	FIA_UID.1 / Loader	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FIA_UID.1 / Loader	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FIA_UAU.1 / Loader	FIA_UID.1 / Loader	Yes	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FDP_SMF.1 / Loader	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FPT_FLS.1 / Loader	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FAU_SAS.1 / Loader	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i>
FAU_SAR.1 / Loader	FAU_GEN.1	No, by FAU_SAS.1 / Loader instead, see <i>[PF-ST]</i>	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FTP_ITC.1 / Sdiag	None	No dependency	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>
FAU_SAR.1 / Sdiag	FAU_GEN.1	No, see <i>[PF-ST]</i>	Yes, <i>[PF-ST]</i>



Table 10. Dependencies of security functional requirements (continued)

Label	Dependencies	Fulfilled by security requirements in this Security Target	Dependency already in <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i> , in <i>[PF-ST]</i> or in <i>[AUG]</i>
FMT_SMR.1 / MFD FEV2	FIA_UID.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes, by FIA_UID.2 / MFD FEV2	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2	FDP_ACF.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FDP_ACF.1 / MFD FEV2	FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
	FMT_MSA.3 / MFD FEV2	Yes	
FMT_MSA.3 / MFD FEV2	FMT_MSA.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
	FMT_SMR.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	
FMT_MSA.1 / MFD FEV2	[FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2 or FDP_IFC.1]	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
	FMT_SMF.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	
	FMT_SMR.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	
FMT_SMF.1 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FDP_ITC.2 / MFD FEV2	[FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2 or FDP_IFC.1]	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
	[FTP_ITC.1 or FTP_TRP.1 / MFD FEV2]	Yes, by FTP_TRP.1 / MFD FEV2	
	FPT_TDC.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	
FPT_TDC.1 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FIA_UID.2 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FIA_UAU.2 / MFD FEV2	FIA_UID.1	Yes, by FIA_UID.2 / MFD FEV2	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FIA_UAU.5 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>



Table 10. Dependencies of security functional requirements (continued)

Label	Dependencies	Fulfilled by security requirements in this Security Target	Dependency already in <i>BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014</i> , in <i>[PF-ST]</i> or in <i>[AUG]</i>
FMT_MTD.1 / MFD FEV2	FMT_SMR.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
	FMT_SMF.1 / MFD FEV2	Yes	
FTP_TRP.1 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FCS_CKM.4 / MFD FEV2	[FDP_ITC.1 or FDP_ITC.2 / MFD FEV2 or FCS_CKM.1]	Yes, by FDP_ITC.2 / MFD FEV2	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FDP_ROL.1 / MFD FEV2	[FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2 or FDP_IFC.1]	Yes, by FDP_ACC.1 / MFD FEV2	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FPT_RPL.1 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FPR_UNL.1 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FRU_RSA.2 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>
FDP_RIP.1 / MFD FEV2	None	No dependency	<b>No</b> , <i>CCMB-2017-04-002 R5</i>

#### 5.4.5 Rationale for the Assurance Requirements

##### Security assurance requirements added to reach EAL5

- 251 Regarding application note 22 of *BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014*, this Security Target chooses EAL5 because developers and users require a high level of independently assured security in a planned development and require a rigorous development approach without incurring unreasonable costs attributable to specialist security engineering techniques.
- 252 EAL5 represents a meaningful increase in assurance from EAL4 by requiring semiformal design descriptions, a more structured (and hence analyzable) architecture, extensive testing, and improved mechanisms and/or procedures that provide confidence that the TOE will not be tampered during development.
- 253 The assurance components in an evaluation assurance level (EAL) are chosen in a way that they build a mutually supportive and complete set of components. The requirements chosen for augmentation do not add any dependencies, which are not already fulfilled for the corresponding requirements contained in EAL5. Therefore, these components add additional assurance to EAL5, but the mutual support of the requirements and the internal consistency is still guaranteed.

254 Note that detailed and updated refinements for assurance requirements are given in [Section 5.3](#).

**Dependencies of assurance requirements**

255 Dependencies of security assurance requirements are fulfilled by the EAL5 package selection.

256 The augmentation to this package identified in [Section 5.2](#) does not introduce dependencies not already satisfied by the EAL5 package, and is considered as consistent augmentation:

- ASE\_TSS.2 dependencies (ASE\_INT.1, ASE\_REQ.1 and ADV\_ARC.1) are fulfilled by the assurance requirements claimed by this ST,
- ALC\_DVS.2 and AVA\_VAN.5 dependencies have been justified in [BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014](#),
- ALC\_FLR.1 has no dependency.

## 6 TOE summary specification (ASE\_TSS)

257 This section demonstrates how the TOE meets each Security Functional Requirement, and includes a statement of compatibility vs. the Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#).

### 6.1 TOE Security Functional Requirements realisation

258 This section argues how the TOE meets each SFR.

259 The TOE is evaluated as a composite TOE, made of the underlying hardware platform and the MIFARE DESFire EV2 library on top of it.

260 Consequently, the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#) details how all the platform SFRs are met, and in the following only the SFRs related to MFD FEV2 are addressed.

#### 6.1.1 Security roles (FMT\_SMR.1) / MFD FEV2

261 MFD FEV2 supports the assignment of roles to users through the assignment of different keys for the different roles and through the structure and configuration of the access rights. This allows to distinguish between the roles of Admin, AppMgr, DelAppMgr, AppUser, AppChangeUser, AppRollUser and OrigKeyUser.

#### 6.1.2 Subset access control (FDP\_ACC.1) / MFD FEV2

262 For each MFD FEV2 command subject to access control, the MFD FEV2 library verifies if the MFD FEV2 access conditions are satisfied and returns an error when this is not the case.

#### 6.1.3 Security attribute based access control (FDP\_ACF.1) / MFD FEV2

263 The MFD FEV2 library verifies the MFD FEV2 security attributes during the execution of MFD FEV2 commands to enforce the Access Control Policy defined by the MFD FEV2 interface specification.

#### 6.1.4 Static attribute initialisation (FMT\_MSA.3) / MFD FEV2

264 The MFD FEV2 library initialises all the static attributes to the values defined by MFD FEV2 interface specifications before they can be used by the Embedded Software.

#### 6.1.5 Management of security attributes (FMT\_MSA.1) / MFD FEV2

265 The MFD FEV2 library verifies the MFD FEV2 security attributes during the execution of MFD FEV2 commands to enforce the Access Control Policy on the security attributes.

#### 6.1.6 Specification of Management Functions (FMT\_SMF.1) / MFD FEV2

266 The MFD FEV2 library implements the management functions defined by the MFD FEV2 interface specifications for authentication, changing security attributes and creating or deleting an application, a value or a data file.

**6.1.7 Import of user data with security attributes (FDP\_ITC.2) / MFDFEV2**

267 The MFDFEV2 library implements the MFDFEV2 interface specifications and enforces the Access Control Policy to associate the user data to the security attributes.

**6.1.8 Inter-TSF basic TSF data consistency (FPT\_TDC.1) / MFDFEV2**

268 The MFDFEV2 library implements the MFDFEV2 interface specifications, supporting consistent interpretation and modification control of inter-TSF exchanges.

**6.1.9 Cryptographic operation (FCS\_COP.1) / MFDFEV2-DES**

269 The MFDFEV2 library uses Triple DES as cryptographic operation (EDES+ accelerator), to perform encryption and decryption used for authentication in accordance with [NIST SP 800-67](#) and [NIST SP 800-38A](#), in one of the following modes of operation: CBC and 3-key Triple-DES with a cryptographic key size of 168 bits.

**6.1.10 Cryptographic operation (FCS\_COP.1) / MFDFEV2-AES**

270 The MFDFEV2 library uses AES as cryptographic operation (AES accelerator), to perform encryption and decryption and cipher based MAC for authentication and communication in accordance with [FIPS 197](#), [NIST SP 800-38A](#) and [NIST SP 800-38B](#), in one of the following modes of operation: CBC, CMAC with a cryptographic key size of 128 bits.

271 Cryptographic operations are used for setting up the mutual authentication, for encryption and message authentication.

**6.1.11 Cryptographic key destruction (FCS\_CKM.4) / MFDFEV2**

272 The MFDFEV2 library erases key values from memory after their context becomes obsolete.

**6.1.12 User identification before any action (FIA\_UID.2) / MFDFEV2**

273 The MFDFEV2 library identifies the user through the key selected for authentication as specified by the MFDFEV2 Interface Specification.

**6.1.13 User authentication before any action (FIA\_UAU.2) / MFDFEV2**

274 During the authentication, the MFDFEV2 library verifies that the user knows the selected key.

275 After this authentication, both parties share a session key.

**6.1.14 Multiple authentication mechanisms (FIA\_UAU.5) / MFDFEV2**

276 The MFDFEV2 library implements the MFDFEV2 Interface Specification, that has a mechanism to authenticate Admin, AppMgr, DelAppMgr, AppUser, AppChangeUser, AppRollUser and OrigKeyUser, while Anybody is assumed when there is no valid authentication state.

277 Two types of authentication are supported: the native MFDFEV2 3-pass authentication and the ISO authentication.

### 6.1.15 Management of TSF data (FMT\_MTD.1) / MFDFEV2

278 The MFDFEV2 library implements the MFDFEV2 Interface Specification, restricting key modifications in ways configurable through the security attributes to authenticated users, or disabling key modification capabilities.

### 6.1.16 Trusted path (FTP\_TRP.1) / MFDFEV2

279 The MFDFEV2 library implements the MFDFEV2 Interface Specification allowing to establish and enforce a trusted path between itself and remote users.

### 6.1.17 Basic rollback (FDP\_ROL.1) / MFDFEV2

280 The MFDFEV2 library implements the MFDFEV2 transaction mechanism ensuring that either all or none of the (modifying) file commands within a transaction are performed. If not, they are rolled back.

### 6.1.18 Replay detection (FPT\_RPL.1) / MFDFEV2

281 The MFDFEV2 library implements the MFDFEV2 authentication command, and authenticated commands, that allow replay detection.

### 6.1.19 Unlinkability (FPR\_UNL.1) / MFDFEV2

282 MFDFEV2 provides an Administrator option to use random UID during the ISO 14443 anti-collision sequence, preventing the traceability through UID. At higher level, the MFDFEV2 access control - when configured for this purpose - provides traceability protection.

### 6.1.20 Minimum and maximum quotas (FRU\_RSA.2) / MFDFEV2

283 The MFDFEV2 library ensures the memory required for its operation is available.

### 6.1.21 Subset residual information protection (FDP\_RIP.1) / MFDFEV2

284 At the end of commands execution or upon interrupt, the MFDFEV2 library cleans the confidential data from registers it uses.

## 6.2 Statement of compatibility

285 This section details the statement of compatibility between this Security Target and the Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#).

286 The following mappings regarding SFRs, objectives and assurance requirements demonstrate that there is no inconsistency between this composite Security Target and the [ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition](#).

### 6.2.1 Compatibility of security objectives

287 There is no conflict between the security objectives of this Security Target and those of the Platform Security Target [\[PF-ST\]](#).

Table 11. Platform Security Objectives vs. TOE Security Objectives

Platform Security Objectives	TOE Security Objectives
<i>BSI.O.Leak-Inherent</i>	<i>BSI.O.Leak-Inherent</i>
<i>BSI.O.Phys-Probing</i>	<i>BSI.O.Phys-Probing</i>
<i>BSI.O.Malfunction</i>	<i>BSI.O.Malfunction</i>
<i>BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation</i>	<i>BSI.O.Phys-Manipulation</i>
<i>BSI.O.Leak-Forced</i>	<i>BSI.O.Leak-Forced</i>
<i>BSI.O.Abuse-Func</i>	<i>BSI.O.Abuse-Func</i>
<i>BSI.O.Identification</i>	<i>BSI.O.Identification</i>
<i>BSI.O.RND</i>	<i>BSI.O.RND</i>
<i>BSI.O.Authentication</i>	<i>BSI.O.Authentication</i>
<i>BSI.O.Cap-Avail-Loader</i>	<i>BSI.O.Cap-Avail-Loader</i>
<i>BSI.O.Ctrl-Auth-Loader</i>	<i>BSI.O.Ctrl-Auth-Loader</i>
<i>JIL.O.Prot-TSF-Confidentiality</i>	<i>JIL.O.Prot-TSF-Confidentiality</i>
<i>JIL.O.Secure-Load-ACode</i>	<i>JIL.O.Secure-Load-ACode</i>
<i>JIL.O.Secure-AC-Activation</i>	<i>JIL.O.Secure-AC-Activation</i>
<i>JIL.O.TOE-Identification</i>	<i>JIL.O.TOE-Identification</i>
<i>O.Secure-Load-AMemImage</i>	<i>O.Secure-Load-AMemImage</i>
<i>O.MemImage-Identification</i>	<i>O.MemImage-Identification</i>
<i>AUG1.O.Add-Functions</i>	<i>AUG1.O.Add-Functions</i> <i>O.Authentication-MFD FEV2</i> <i>O.Encryption-MFD FEV2</i> <i>O.MAC-MFD FEV2</i>
<i>AUG4.O.Mem-Access</i>	<i>AUG4.O.Mem-Access</i> <i>O.Firewall-MFD FEV2</i> <i>O.Verification-MFD FEV2</i>
	Additional objectives:
	<i>O.Access-Control-MFD FEV2</i>
	<i>O.Type-Consistency-MFD FEV2</i>
	<i>O.Transaction-MFD FEV2</i>
	<i>O.No-Trace-MFD FEV2</i>
	<i>O.Resource-MFD FEV2</i>
	<i>O.Shr-Res-MFD FEV2</i>

288 There is no conflict between the security objectives for the environment of this Security Target and those of the Platform Security Target [PF-ST]:

**Table 12. Platform Security Objectives for the Environment vs. TOE Security Objectives for the Environment**

Platform Security Objectives for the Environment	TOE Security Objectives for the Environment
<i>BSI.OE.Resp-Appl</i>	<i>BSI.OE.Resp-Appl</i>
<i>BSI.OE.Process-Sec-IC</i>	<i>BSI.OE.Process-Sec-IC</i>
<i>BSI.OE.Lim-Block-Loader</i>	<i>BSI.OE.Lim-Block-Loader</i>
<i>BSI.OE.Loader-Usage</i>	<i>BSI.OE.Loader-Usage</i>
<i>BSI.OE.TOE-Auth</i>	<i>BSI.OE.TOE-Auth</i>
<i>OE.Enable-Disable-Secure-Diag</i>	<i>OE.Enable-Disable-Secure-Diag</i>
<i>OE.Secure-Diag-Usage</i>	<i>OE.Secure-Diag-Usage</i>
<i>OE.Composite-TOE-Id</i>	<i>OE.Composite-TOE-Id</i>
<i>OE.TOE-Id</i>	<i>OE.TOE-Id</i>
	Additional objectives for the environment:
	<i>OE.Secure-Values</i>
	<i>OE.Terminal-Support</i>

### 6.2.2 Compatibility of Security Functional Requirements

- 289 All platform SFRs are relevant for this Composite ST.
- 290 The Composite ST SFRs do not show any conflict with the platform SFRs.
- 291 The following platform SFRs are used by this Composite ST because of their security properties providing protection against attacks to the TOE as a whole:
- FRU\_FLT.2,
  - FDP\_SDC.1,
  - FDP\_SDI.2,
  - FPT\_PHP.3,
  - FDP\_ITT.1,
  - FPT\_ITT.1,
  - FDP\_IFC.1,
- FPT\_FLS.1 in order to generate a software reset,  
 FCS\_RNG.1 for the provision of random numbers,  
 FDP\_ITT.1, FPT\_ITT.1, FDP\_IFC.1 for side-channel protection.
- 292 Complementary, the [Table 13](#) below shows the mapping between the Platform SFRs specifically used to implement a security service by SFRs of this Composite ST.

**Table 13. Platform Security Functional Requirements vs. TOE Security Functional Requirements**

Platform SFR	Composite ST SFRs
FRU_FLT.2	FRU_FLT.2
FPT_FLS.1	FPT_FLS.1

**Table 13. Platform Security Functional Requirements vs. TOE Security Functional Requirements (continued)**

Platform SFR	Composite ST SFRs
FMT_LIM.1 / Test	FMT_LIM.1 / Test
FMT_LIM.2 / Test	FMT_LIM.2 / Test
FAU_SAS.1	FAU_SAS.1
FDP_SDC.1	FDP_SDC.1
FDP_SDI.2	FDP_SDI.2
FPT_PHP.3	FPT_PHP.3
FDP_ITT.1	FDP_ITT.1
FPT_ITT.1	FPT_ITT.1
FDP_IFC.1	FDP_IFC.1
FCS_RNG.1	FCS_RNG.1
FCS_COP.1 / TDES	FCS_COP.1 / TDES FCS_COP.1 / MFD FEV2-DES
FCS_COP.1 / AES	FCS_COP.1 / AES FCS_COP.1 / MFD FEV2-AES
FDP_ACC.2 / Memories	FDP_ACC.2 / Memories
FDP_ACF.1 / Memories	FDP_ACF.1 / Memories
FMT_MSA.3 / Memories	FMT_MSA.3 / Memories
FMT_MSA.1 / Memories	FMT_MSA.1 / Memories
FMT_SMF.1 / Memories	FMT_SMF.1 / Memories
FIA_API.1	FIA_API.1
FMT_LIM.1 / Loader	FMT_LIM.1 / Loader
FMT_LIM.2 / Loader	FMT_LIM.2 / Loader
FTP_ITC.1 / Loader	FTP_ITC.1 / Loader
FDP_UCT.1 / Loader	FDP_UCT.1 / Loader
FDP_UIT.1 / Loader	FDP_UIT.1 / Loader
FDP_ACC.1 / Loader	FDP_ACC.1 / Loader
FDP_ACF.1 / Loader	FDP_ACF.1 / Loader
FMT_MSA.3 / Loader	FMT_MSA.3 / Loader
FMT_MSA.1 / Loader	FMT_MSA.1 / Loader
FMT_SMR.1 / Loader	FMT_SMR.1 / Loader
FIA_UID.1 / Loader	FIA_UID.1 / Loader
FIA_UAU.1 / Loader	FIA_UAU.1 / Loader



**Table 13. Platform Security Functional Requirements vs. TOE Security Functional Requirements (continued)**

<b>Platform SFR</b>	<b>Composite ST SFRs</b>
FMT_SMF.1 / Loader	FMT_SMF.1 / Loader
FPT_FLS.1 / Loader	FPT_FLS.1 / Loader
FAU_SAR.1 / Loader	FAU_SAR.1 / Loader
FAU_SAS.1 / Loader	FAU_SAS.1 / Loader
FTP_ITC.1 / Sdiag	FTP_ITC.1 / Sdiag
FAU_SAR.1 / Sdiag	FAU_SAR.1 / Sdiag
FMT_LIM.1 / Sdiag	FMT_LIM.1 / Sdiag
FMT_LIM.2 / Sdiag	FMT_LIM.2 / Sdiag

**6.2.3 Compatibility of Security Assurance Requirements**

293 The level of assurance of the TOE is EAL5 augmented with ASE\_TSS.2, ALC\_DVS.2, AVA\_VAN.5 and ALC\_FLR.1, while the level of assurance of the Platform is EAL5 augmented with ALC\_DVS.2 and AVA\_VAN.5.

294 Therefore, the set of Security Assurance Requirements of this composite evaluation is identical to the Security Assurance Requirements of the underlying platform, except ASE\_TSS.2 and ALC\_FLR.1 which are specific to the Security Target.

295 There is no conflict regarding the Security Assurance Requirements.

## 7 Identification

Table 14. TOE components

Platform identification				Library identification
IC Maskset name	IC version	Master identification number	Firmware version	MIFARE DESFire EV2 version
K410A	C	0x01F1h	3.1.1 and 3.1.2	1.0.4

Table 15. Guidance documentation

Component description	Reference	Version
MIFARE® DESFire® EV2 library v1.0 for the ST31P platform devices - User manual	UM_ST31P_MFD_EV2_1.0	2
MIFARE DESFire EV2 interface specification - Technical note	TN_MIFARE_DESFire_EV2	1
Release note: MIFARE DESFire® EV2 library 1.0.4 on ST31P450	RN_ST31P_MFD_EV2_1.0.4	1

Table 16. Sites list

Site	Address	Activities <sup>(1)</sup>
ST Grenoble	STMicroelectronics 12 rue Jules Horowitz, BP 217 38019 Grenoble Cedex France	ES-DEV
ST Rousset	STMicroelectronics 190 Avenue Célestin Coq ZI de Rousset-Peynier 13106 Rousset Cedex France	ES-DEV

Table 16. Sites list (continued)

Site	Address	Activities <sup>(1)</sup>
ST Tunis	STMicroelectronics Elgazala Technopark, Raoued, Gouvernorat de l'Ariana, PB21, 2088 cedex, Ariana, Tunisia	IT
ST Zaventem	STMicroelectronics Green Square, Lambroekstraat 5, Building B 3d floor 1831 Diegem/Machelen Belgium	ES-DEV

1. ES-DEV = development, IT = Network infrastructure

## 8 References

**Table 17. Common Criteria**

Component description	Reference	Version
Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation - Part 1: Introduction and general model, April 2017	CCMB-2017-04-001 R5	3.1 Rev 5
Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation - Part 2: Security functional components, April 2017	CCMB-2017-04-002 R5	3.1 Rev 5
Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation - Part 3: Security assurance components, April 2017	CCMB-2017-04-003 R5	3.1 Rev 5

**Table 18. Platform Security Target**

Ref	Component description	Reference	Version
[PF-ST]	ST31P450 A04 Security Target for composition	SMD_ST31P450_ST_19_006	A04.1

**Table 19. Protection Profile and other related standards**

Ref	Component description	Reference	Version
[PP0084]	Eurosmart - Security IC Platform Protection Profile with Augmentation Packages	BSI-CC-PP-0084-2014	1.0
[AUG]	Smartcard Integrated Circuit Platform Augmentations, March 2002.		1.0
[JILSR]	Security requirements for post-delivery code loading, Joint Interpretation Library, February 2016		1.0

**Table 20. Other standards**

Ref	Identifier	Description
[1]	BSI-AIS20/AIS31	A proposal for: Functionality classes for random number generators, W. Killmann & W. Schindler BSI, Version 2.0, 18-09-2011
[2]	NIST SP 800-67	NIST SP 800-67 Rev.2, Recommendation for the Triple Data Encryption Algorithm (TDEA) Block Cipher, November 2017, National Institute of Standards and Technology
[3]	FIPS 197	FIPS 197, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), November 2001
[4]	NIST SP 800-38A	NIST SP 800-38A: Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation, 2001, with Addendum Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Three Variants of Ciphertext Stealing for CBC Mode, October 2010

Table 20. Other standards

Ref	Identifier	Description
[5]	NIST SP 800-38B	NIST special publication 800-38B: Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: The CMAC Mode for Authentication, National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), June 2016
[6]	ANSSI-PP0084.03	PP0084: Interpretations, ANSSI, April 2016

## Appendix A Glossary

### A.1 Terms

**Authorised user**

A user who may, in accordance with the TSP, perform an operation.

**Composite product**

Security IC product which includes the Security Integrated Circuit (i.e. the TOE) and the Embedded Software and is evaluated as composite target of evaluation.

**End-consumer**

User of the Composite Product in Phase 7.

**Integrated Circuit (IC)**

Electronic component(s) designed to perform processing and/or memory functions.

**IC Dedicated Software**

IC proprietary software embedded in a Security IC (also known as IC firmware) and developed by **ST**. Such software is required for testing purpose (IC Dedicated Test Software) but may provide additional services to facilitate usage of the hardware and/or to provide additional services (IC Dedicated Support Software).

**IC Dedicated Test Software**

That part of the IC Dedicated Software which is used to test the TOE before TOE Delivery but which does not provide any functionality thereafter.

**IC developer**

Institution (or its agent) responsible for the IC development.

**IC manufacturer**

Institution (or its agent) responsible for the IC manufacturing, testing, and pre-personalization.

**IC packaging manufacturer**

Institution (or its agent) responsible for the IC packaging and testing.

**Initialisation data**

Initialisation Data defined by the TOE Manufacturer to identify the TOE and to keep track of the Security IC's production and further life-cycle phases are considered as belonging to the TSF data. These data are for instance used for traceability and for TOE identification (identification data)

**Object**

An entity within the TSC that contains or receives information and upon which subjects perform operations.

**Packaged IC**

Security IC embedded in a physical package such as micromodules, DIPs, SOICs or TQFPs.

**Pre-personalization data**

Any data supplied by the Card Manufacturer that is injected into the non-volatile memory by the Integrated Circuits manufacturer (Phase 3). These data are for instance used for traceability and/or to secure shipment between phases. If "Package 2: Loader dedicated for usage by authorized users only" is used the Pre-personalisation Data

may contain the authentication reference data or key material for the trusted channel between the TOE and the authorized users using the Loader.

**Secret**

Information that must be known only to authorised users and/or the TSF in order to enforce a specific SFP.

**Security IC**

Composition of the TOE, the Security IC Embedded Software, User Data, and the package.

**Security IC Embedded SoftWare (ES)**

Software embedded in the Security IC and not developed by the IC designer. The Security IC Embedded Software is designed in Phase 1 and embedded into the Security IC in Phase 3.

**Security IC embedded software (ES) developer**

Institution (or its agent) responsible for the security IC embedded software development and the specification of IC pre-personalization requirements, if any.

**Security attribute**

Information associated with subjects, users and/or objects that is used for the enforcement of the TSP.

**Sensitive information**

Any information identified as a security relevant element of the TOE such as:

- the application data of the TOE (such as IC pre-personalization requirements, IC and system specific data),
- the security IC embedded software,
- the IC dedicated software,
- the IC specification, design, development tools and technology.

**Smartcard**

A card according to ISO 7816 requirements which has a non volatile memory and a processing unit embedded within it.

**Subject**

An entity within the TSC that causes operations to be performed.

**Test features**

All features and functions (implemented by the IC Dedicated Software and/or hardware) which are designed to be used before TOE Delivery only and delivered as part of the TOE.

**TOE Delivery**

The period when the TOE is delivered which is after Phase 3 *or Phase 1 in this Security target.*

**TSF data**

Data created by and for the TOE, that might affect the operation of the TOE.

**User**

Any entity (human user or external IT entity) outside the TOE that interacts with the TOE.

**User data**

All data managed by the Smartcard Embedded Software in the application context. User data comprise all data in the final Smartcard IC except the TSF data.

## A.2 Abbreviations

Table 21. List of abbreviations

Term	Meaning
AIS	Application notes and Interpretation of the Scheme (BSI).
BSI	Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik.
CBC	Cipher Block Chaining.
CC	Common Criteria Version 3.1. R5.
CMAC	Cipher-based Message Authentication Code
DES	Data Encryption Standard.
EAL	Evaluation Assurance Level.
ES	Security IC Embedded Software.
ES-DEV	Embedded Software Development.
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standard.
IC	Integrated Circuit.
ISO	International Standards Organisation.
IT	Information Technology.
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology.
NVM	Non Volatile Memory.
OSP	Organisational Security Policy.
PP	Protection Profile.
PUB	Publication Series.
RAM	Random Access Memory.
SAR	Security Assurance Requirement.
SFP	Security Function Policy.
SFR	Security Functional Requirement.
ST	Context dependent : STMicroelectronics or Security Target.
TDES	Triple Data Encryption Standard
TOE	Target of Evaluation.
TRNG	True Random Number Generator.
TSC	TSF Scope of Control.
TSF	TOE Security Functionality.
TSP	TOE Security Policy.
TSS	TOE Summary Specification.



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