

National Information Assurance Partnership
Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme



Validation Report

for

IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches

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**National Institute of Standards and Technology
Information Technology Laboratory
100 Bureau Drive
Gaithersburg, MD 20899**

**National Security Agency
Information Assurance Directorate
9800 Savage Road STE 6740
Fort George G. Meade, MD 20755-6740**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Validation Team

Sheldon Durrant

Paul Bicknell

Stelios Melachrinoudis

Michelle Carlson

Jenn Dotson

Common Criteria Testing Laboratory

Leidos

Columbia, MD

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1 Executive Summary

This report is intended to assist the end-user of this product and any security certification agent for that end-user to determine the suitability of this Information Technology (IT) product in their environment. End-users should review the Security Target (ST), (which is where specific security claims are made) as well as this Validation Report (VR) (which describes how those security claims were evaluated, tested, and any restrictions that may be imposed upon the evaluated configuration) to help in that determination. Prospective users should carefully read the Assumptions and Clarification of Scope in Section 4 and the Validator Comments in Section 10, where any restrictions on the evaluated configuration are highlighted.

This report documents the National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP) assessment of the evaluation of the IPGARD KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches. It presents the evaluation results, their justifications, and the conformance results. This VR is not an endorsement of the Target of Evaluation (TOE) by any agency of the U.S. Government and no warranty of the TOE is either expressed or implied. This VR applies only to the specific version and configuration of the product as evaluated and as documented in the ST.

The evaluation of the IPGARD KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches was performed by Leidos Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL) in Columbia, Maryland, in the United States and was completed in July 2018. The evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Common Criteria and Common Methodology for IT Security Evaluation (CEM), version 3.1, revision 4 and the assurance activities specified in the Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch, Version 3.0 (PSS PP).

The evaluation was consistent with NIAP Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme (CCEVS) policies and practices as described on their web site (www.niap-ccevs.org).

The Leidos evaluation team determined that the IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches is conformant to the claimed Protection Profile (PP) and, when installed, configured and operated as specified in the evaluated guidance documentation, satisfied all of the security functional requirements stated in the ST. The information in this VR is largely derived from the publically available Assurance Activities Report (AAR) and the associated proprietary test report produced by the Leidos evaluation team.

The validation team monitored the activities of the evaluation team, examined evaluation evidence, provided guidance on technical issues and evaluation processes, and reviewed the evaluation results produced by the evaluation team. The validation team found that the evaluation results showed that all assurance activities specified in the claimed PP had been completed successfully and that the product satisfied all of the security functional and assurance requirements as stated in the ST.

Therefore the validation team concludes that the testing laboratory's findings are accurate, the conclusions justified, and the conformance results are correct. The conclusions of the testing laboratory in the evaluation technical report are consistent with the evidence produced.

The products, when configured as specified in the guidance documentation, satisfy all of the security functional requirements stated in the IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Switch Security Target.

Item	Identifier
Evaluated Product	IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches
Sponsor & Developer	Albert Cohen IPGARD, Inc. 3291 North Jones Blvd Las Vegas, NV 89108
CCTL	Leidos Common Criteria Testing Laboratory 6841 Benjamin Franklin Drive Columbia, MD 21046
Completion Date	August 2018
CC	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1, Revision 4, September 2012
Interpretations	There were no applicable interpretations used for this evaluation.
CEM	Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation: Version 3.1, Revision 4, September 2012
PP	Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch, Version 3.0
Disclaimer	The information contained in this Validation Report is not an endorsement of the IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches by any agency of the U.S. Government and no warranty of the product is either expressed or implied.
Evaluation Personnel	Gregory Beaver Cody Cummins Justin Fisher Gary Grainger Allen Sant Kevin Steiner
Validation Personnel	Sheldon Durrant, Senior Validator Paul Bicknell, Senior Validator Stelios Melachrinoudis, Lead Validator Michelle Carlson, ECR Team Jenn Dotson, ECR Team The MITRE Corporation

Table 1: Evaluation Details

2 Identification

The CCEVS is a joint National Security Agency (NSA) and National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) effort to establish commercial facilities to perform trusted product evaluations. Under this program, security evaluations are conducted by commercial testing laboratories called Common Criteria Testing Laboratories (CCTLs) in accordance with National Voluntary Laboratory Assessment Program (NVLAP) accreditation.

The NIAP Validation Body assigns validators to monitor the CCTLs to ensure quality and consistency across evaluations. Developers of information technology products desiring a security evaluation contract with a CCTL and pay a fee for their product's evaluation. Upon successful completion of the evaluation, the product is added to NIAP's Product Compliant List (PCL).

The following table identifies the evaluated Security Target and TOE.

Name	Description
ST Title	IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Switch Security Target
ST Version	5.03
Publication Date	May 10, 2018
Vendor and ST Author	IPGARD, Inc.
TOE Reference	IPGARD KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches
TOE Software Version	IPGARD KVM/Matrix Peripheral Sharing Switches
Keywords	KVM, Isolator, Matrix, Secure, IPGARD, Protection Profile 3.0

2.1 Threats

Security Problem Definition, including the threats, may be found in the PSS.

That information has not been reproduced here.

2.2 Organizational Security Policies

There are no Organizational Security Policies for the Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch.

3 Architectural Information

The IPGARD Secure Peripheral Sharing Switches (PSS) provide a secure medium to share a single set or more of peripheral components such as keyboard, video display and mouse/pointing devices among one or multiple computers over USB, DVI, HDMI, and DisplayPort. For KVM/Matrix models, the architecture is such that only one set of keyboard and mouse operation is permitted at a time, thereby enforcing a single user mode of operation even when multiple input port groups are present.

The IPGARD Secure PSS product utilizes multiple isolated microcontrollers to emulate the connected peripherals in order to prevent a multitude of threats. The TOE is also equipped with numerous unidirectional data flow forcing devices to guarantee isolation of connected computer data channels.

IPGARD Secure KVM port models:

- 1-Port
- 2-Port
- 4-Port
- 8-Port

IPGARD Secure KVM video outputs (displays):

- Single head
- Dual-head
- Quad-head

IPGARD Secure Matrix port models:

- 4-Port
- 8-Port

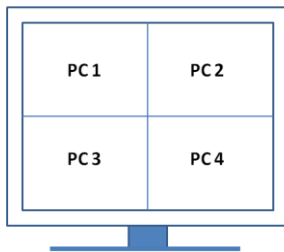
IPGARD Secure Matrix video outputs (displays):

- Single head – 2 or 4 displays

The IPGARD KVM with Preview Screen provides the capability of presenting one or more video input over a single or two monitors. For instance -

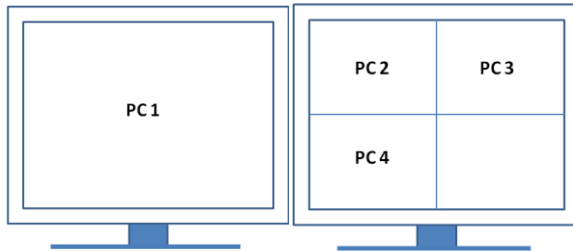
Single monitor system:

All connected PC's to the TOE (PC 1, 2, 3 and 4) can output video into one monitor.



Two monitor system:

PC 1 outputs video to monitor 1 on the left and the rest (PC 2, 3 and 4) are outputting video to monitor 2.



The IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix switches are compatible with standard personal/portable computers, servers or thin-clients. Connected computers are assumed to run off-the-shelf general-purpose operating systems such as Windows or Linux. The PSS includes ports for the following interfaces:

- USB keyboard
- USB mouse
- DVI, HDMI 1.4 and DisplayPort 1.2 Video Input (computer ports) – specific port depends on model
- DVI, HDMI 1.4 and DisplayPort 1.2 Video Output (peripheral port) – specific port depends on model
- 3.5mm Audio Input (computer ports)
- 3.5mm Audio Output (peripheral port)
- USB Smart-card reader, PIV/CAC reader, Token or Biometric reader – supported models only

Computers of varying sensitivities are connected to a single TOE that is intended to restrict peripheral connectivity to one computer at a time. Data leakage is prevented across the TOE to avoid severe compromise of the user's information.

4 Assumptions

The ST identifies the following assumptions about the use of the product:

- It is assumed that the computers and peripheral devices connected to the TOE are not TEMPEST approved.
- It is assumed that the computers connected to the TOE are not equipped with special analog data collection cards or peripherals such as: Analog to digital interface, high performance audio interface, Digital Signal Processing function, and analog video capture function.
- Physical security, commensurate with the value of the TOE and the data it contains, is assumed to be provided by the environment.
- TOE Administrators and users are trusted to follow and apply all guidance in a trusted manner.
- Personnel configuring the TOE and its operational environment will follow the applicable security configuration guidance.

4.1 Clarification of Scope

All evaluations (and all products) have limitations, as well as potential misconceptions that need clarification. This text covers some of the more important limitations and clarifications of this evaluation. Note that:

1. As with any evaluation, this evaluation only shows that the evaluated configuration meets the security claims made, with a certain level of assurance (the assurance activities specified in the claimed PPs and performed by the evaluation team).
2. This evaluation covers only the specific hardware products, and firmware versions identified in this document, and not any earlier or later versions released or in process.
3. The evaluation of security functionality of the product was limited to the functionality specified in the claimed PPs. Any additional security related functional capabilities of the product were not covered by this evaluation. Any additional non-security related functional capabilities of the product, even those described in the ST, were not covered by this evaluation.
4. This evaluation did not specifically search for, nor attempt to exploit, vulnerabilities that were not “obvious” or vulnerabilities to objectives not claimed in the ST. The CEM defines an “obvious” vulnerability as one that is easily exploited with a minimum of understanding of the TOE, technical sophistication and resources.

5 Security Policy

The TOE implements the User Data Protection and Data Isolation security function policies of the *Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch* as specified in the ST.

The TOE allows an individual user to utilize a single set of peripherals (or in the case of KVM/Matrix models, an individual user to utilize one of several sets of keyboard/mouse peripherals) to operate in an environment with several isolated computers (or in the case of the isolator model, a single isolated computer). All TOE models switch keyboard/mouse input and audio output from one isolated computer to another. KVM models additionally switch display output. Some models (those with -P in the model name) additionally switch USB/CAC authentication devices. Consequently, the TOE security policy consists of data isolation policies for the traffic that is transmitted to/from peripherals that are connected to the TOE and computers that are connected to the TOE along with supporting audit, authentication, management and self-protection policies.

5.1 Keyboard and Mouse Subsystem

The keyboard and mouse processor is programmed in firmware only to accept basic keyboard and mouse USB devices (standard 108-key keyboard and 3-button mouse). Wireless keyboard and mouse are not allowed by the TOE. Only USB host peripheral devices are allowed by TOE keyboard and mouse host emulators. A secure peripheral switch (multiplexer) is used to assure the selection of just one tied keyboard and mouse serial data stream during TOE operation. The secure multiplexer has a third position, isolation, which is activated when the TOE has been tampered with or self-test has failed to disable the keyboard and mouse stream.

5.2 TOE External Interfaces

The TOE only supports AC/DC power, USB keyboard and mouse, video out (DVI in/DVI out, DP 1.2 in/DP 1.2 out, DP 1.2 in/HDMI 1.4 out, or VGA in/VGA out via adapter), analog audio output, and USB authentication devices on supported models. Docking protocols are not supported by the TOE. Analog microphone or audio line inputs are not supported by the TOE. Unidirectional audio diodes are placed in parallel on both right and left stereo channels to ensure unidirectional data flow from the connected computer to the user peripheral device. Audio data from the connected peripheral devices to the connected computer is blocked by the audio data diodes.

5.3 Audio Subsystem

Electrical isolation of the audio subsystem from all other TOE interfaces prevents data leakage to and from the audio paths. The use of microphones or audio line input devices is prohibited. All TOE devices support analog audio out switching and all TOE devices will prevent the use of microphone devices. These microphones are stopped through the use of unidirectional audio diodes on both left and right stereo channels (which force data flow from only the computer to the connected audio device) and the analog output amplifier which enforces unidirectional audio

data flow. The TOE audio subsystem does not delay, store, or convert audio data flows. This prevents any audio overflow during switching between isolated audio channels.

5.4 Video Subsystem

Each connected computer has its own TOE isolated channel with its own Extended Display Identification Data (EDID) emulator and video input port. Data flows from the input video source through its respective EDID emulator and out of the monitor display port. Each video input interface is isolated from one another using different EDID ICs, power planes, ground planes, and electronic components in each independent channel. The TOE supports DVI/DP 1.2 video input, and DVI/HDMI 1.4 video output (depending on the TOE model).

5.5 TOE Administration and Security Management

Each TOE is equipped with an Administration and Security Management Tool that can be initiated by running an executable file on a computer with keyboard connected to the same computer via the TOE. The tool requires administrator or a user to be successfully identified and authenticated by the TOE in order to gain access to any supported feature. Some features are restricted to the Administrator role only, while other features can be performed by either the Administrator or User role.

5.6 User Authentication Device Subsystem

TOE models that support USB authentication devices are shipped with default Device Filtration for the CAC port. The filter is set at default to allow only standard smart-card reader, PIV/CAC USB 1.1/2.0 token, or biometric reader. All devices must be bus powered only (no external power source allowed). The TOE default settings accept standard smart-card reader, PIV/CAC USB 1.1/2.0 token or biometric reader. Authenticated users and administrator can register (whitelist) other USB devices. All other USB devices are prohibited (blacklisted).

5.7 User Control and Monitoring Security

User monitoring and control of the TOE is performed through the TOE front panel LED illuminated push-buttons. These buttons are tied to the TOE system controller functionality. All push-buttons for selecting computer channels are internally illuminated via LEDs. The current selected channel is indicated by the illumination of the current channel push-button LED (the other channel LEDs remain off). During operation, all front panel LED indications cannot be turned off or dimmed by the user in any way including after Restore Factory Default (reset).

All features of the TOE front panel are tested during power up self-testing. From power up until the termination of the TOE self-test, no channel is selected.

Non-Matrix models of the TOE can also be configured to be in KM mode, which permits cursor control of selected channel. This identifies the selected computer by visual position of the mouse cursor.

5.8 Tampering Protection

In order to mitigate potential tampering and replacement, the TOE is devised to ensure that any replacement may be detected, any physical modification is evident, and any logical modification may be prevented. The TOE is designed so that access to the TOE firmware, software, or its memory via its accessible ports is prevented. The TOE is designed to prevent any physical or logical access its internal memory. There is a mechanical switch on the inside of the TOE that triggers the anti-tampering state when the enclosure is manually opened. Once the anti-tampering state is triggered, the TOE is permanently disabled.

5.9 Self-Testing and Security Audit

The TOE has a self-testing function that executes immediately after power is supplied including Restore Factory Default (reset) and power reset. Self-testing must complete successfully before normal operational access is granted to the TSF. The self-test function includes the following activities:

- Basic integrity test of the TOE hardware (no front panel push buttons are jammed).
- Basic integrity test of the TOE firmware.
- Integrity test of the anti-tampering system and control function.
- Test the data traffic isolation between ports.

The TOE has a non-volatile memory event log which records all abnormal security events that occur within TOE operation. This log can be accessed by the identified and authorized administrator and dumped into a .txt file using a connected computer and the Administration and Security Management tool that is provided by the TOE vendor.

6 Documentation

The guidance documentation examined during the course of the evaluation and delivered with the TOE is as follows:

- IPGard Secure KVM Administration and Security Management Tool Guide (KVM/Matrix), Document ID ADG-0S0-ALL, Version 2.1, May 10, 2018
- IPGARD Advanced 2/4-Port HDMI Secure KVM Switch User Manual, Document ID USM-0S0-MM2, Version 1.11, July 3, 2018
- IPGARD Advanced 4-Port DVI-I Secure KVM Switch User Manual, Document ID USM-0S0-421, Version 1.20, July 3, 2018
- IPGARD Advanced 2/4/8-Port DisplayPort Secure KVM Switch User Manual, Document ID USM-0S0-MM3, Version 1.11, July 3, 2018
- IPGARD Advanced 2/4/8/16-Port DVI-I Secure KVM User Manual, Document ID USM-0S0-MM1, Version 2.10, July 3, 2018
- IPGARD Advanced Single Port DVI-I Secure KVM User Manual, Document ID USM-0S0-001, Version 1.12, July 3, 2018
- IPGARD Advanced 4/8-Port DVI-D Matrix KVM User Manual, Document ID USM-0S0-3M1, Version 2.10, July 3, 2018
- IPGARD Advanced 4/8 Port Secure KM Switch User Manual, Document ID USM-0S0-MM0, Version 1.11, July 3, 2018

The above documents are considered to be part of the evaluated TOE. The documentation is delivered with the product and is also available by download from:

<https://www.ipgard.com/NIAP/documentation>.

Any additional customer documentation delivered with the TOE or made available through electronic downloads should not be relied upon for using the TOE in its evaluated configuration.

The Security Target used is:

- IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Switch Security Target, Document ID: SST-0S0-ALL, Revision: 5.03, Release Date: May 10, 2018

7 Independent Testing

7.1 Evaluation team independent testing

This section describes the testing efforts of the evaluation team. It is derived from information contained in the following proprietary documents:

- *IPGARD Secure KVM Switch Series Common Criteria Test Report and Procedures*, Version 1.0, May 25, 2018

A non-proprietary summary of the test configuration, test tools, and tests performed may be found in:

- Assurance Activities Report For IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Switches, Version 1.1, July 17, 2018

The purpose of the testing activity was to confirm the TOE behaves in accordance with the TOE security functional requirements as specified in the ST for a product claiming conformance to *Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch*, Version 3.0.

The evaluation team devised a Test Plan based on the Testing Assurance Activities specified in *Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch*, Version 3.0. The Test Plan described how each test activity was to be instantiated within the TOE test environment. The evaluation team executed the tests specified in the Test Plan and documented the results in the team test report listed above.

Independent testing took place at the vendor facility in North Hollywood, California from April 23, 2018 to April 27, 2018.

Prior to testing, the evaluation team performed an onsite evaluation per NIAP Labgram #078/Valgram #098: CCTL Evaluation Test Requirements. The vendor site controlled access to the test facility. Only the employees who were involved in testing were allowed in the testing facility. This ensured that testing was performed in an isolated environment to prevent tampering. All test equipment was verified to be functioning properly before being used as part of testing.

The evaluators received the TOE in the form that normal customers would receive it, installed and configured the TOE in accordance with the provided guidance, and exercised the Team Test Plan on equipment configured in the testing laboratory.

Given the complete set of test results from the test procedures exercised by the evaluators, the testing requirements for *Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch*, Version 3.0 were fulfilled.

7.2 Vulnerability analysis

A search of public domain sources for potential vulnerabilities in the TOE conducted in May of 2018 did not reveal any known vulnerabilities.

The evaluator conducted penetration testing based on the threat model defined in the claimed PP.
The testing did not exploit any vulnerability.

8 Results of the Evaluation

The evaluation was conducted based upon the assurance activities specified in *Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch*, Version 3.0, in conjunction with version 3.1, revision 4 of the CC and the CEM, and all applicable NIAP Technical Decisions, scheme policies, scheme publications, and official responses to Technical Queries. A verdict for an assurance component is determined by the resulting verdicts assigned to the corresponding evaluator action elements.

The validation team's assessment of the evidence provided by the evaluation team is that it demonstrates that the evaluation team performed the assurance activities in the claimed PPs, and correctly verified that the product meets the claims in the ST.

The details of the evaluation are recorded in the Evaluation Technical Report (ETR), which is controlled by the Leidos CCTL. The security assurance requirements are listed in the following table.

Table 2: TOE Security Assurance Requirements

Assurance Component ID	Assurance Component Name
ADV_FSP.1	Basic Functional Specification
AGD_OPE.1	Operational User Guidance
AGD_PRE.1	Preparative Procedures
ALC_CMC.1	Labeling of the TOE
ALC_CMS.1	TOE CM Coverage
ATE_IND.1	Independent Testing – Sample
AVA_VAN.1	Vulnerability Survey

9 Validator Comments/Recommendations

The validators suggest that the consumer pay particular attention to the evaluated configuration of the device(s). The functionality evaluated is scoped exclusively to the security functional requirements specified in the Security Target, and only the functionality implemented by the SFR's within the Security Target was evaluated. All other functionality provided by the devices, to include software, firmware, or hardware that was not part of the evaluated configuration, needs to be assessed separately and no further conclusions can be drawn about their effectiveness.

NIAP established a Peripheral Sharing Switch Technical Rapid Response Team (PSS-TRRT) to address questions and concerns related to evaluations claiming conformance to *Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch*. A Technical Decision is an issue resolution statement that clarifies or interprets protection profile requirements and assurance activities. PSS-TRRT has formally posted six Technical Decisions related to *Protection Profile for Peripheral Sharing Switch*: TD0083, TD0086, TD0136, TD0144, TD0251, and TD0298 (see https://www.niap-ccavs.org/Documents_and_Guidance/view_tds.cfm). All six PSS-TRRT Technical Decisions applied to this evaluation.

In addition to the items mentioned above some additional product administration and usability features are worth considering:

- The vendor provides an administrative tool to configure the product. This tool is a software application that runs on a general-purpose Windows computer. The security of the application was not separately assessed as part of the evaluation of the product. Distribution of this tool should only be to systems that are required to perform administrative functions.
- The product provides administrative functionality but this is limited to role-based administration with administrative accounts defined on the product itself. The administrator must take care to ensure that the account credentials are provided to the necessary individuals over secure channels.
- The product provides default passwords for its management accounts. The administrator should ensure that these passwords are changed to secure values.
- An administrator mode is supported in the product, but its usability and features are limited. The administrator should make sure they enable multiple users and change default passwords.
- An audit feature is supported, but is of a limited nature given the product.
- Different TOE models provide support for different peripheral interfaces. Vendor guidance must be consulted to determine the interfaces that are supported for a given TOE model. There is no difference in the underlying security architecture for each TOE model so for those interfaces that are shared across multiple models, the required security functionality is implemented in the same manner.

- Some TOE models support matrix switching functionality (i.e., multiple sets of keyboard/mouse peripherals can be connected to the TOE simultaneously). The security policy enforced by the TSF prevents multiple port groups from being used simultaneously, so this capability does not violate the claimed PP.

10 Security Target

Name	Description
ST Title	IPGARD Secure KVM/Matrix Switch Security Target
ST Version	5.03
Publication Date	May 10, 2018

11 Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronym	Full Definition	Applicability
AUX	DisplayPort Auxiliary Channel	KVM/Matrix
CAC	Common Access Card	KVM/Matrix
CC	Common Criteria	CC
CCEVS	Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme	NIAP
CCTL	Common Criteria Test Lab	KVM/Matrix
CDC	Communication Device Class	KVM/Matrix
CODEC	Coder-Decoder	KVM/Matrix
dBv	A measurement of voltages ratio – decibel volt	KVM/Matrix
DC	Direct Current	KVM/Matrix
DP	DisplayPort	KVM/Matrix
DVI	Digital Visual Interface	KVM/Matrix
EDID	Extended Display Identification Data	KVM/Matrix
ETR	Evaluation Technical Report	NIAP
FDF	Fixed Device Filtration	KVM/Matrix
HD	High Definition	KVM/Matrix
HDMI	High Definition Multimedia Interface	KVM/Matrix
HEAC	HDMI Ethernet Audio Control	KVM/Matrix
HID	Human Interface Device	KVM/Matrix
IP	Internet Protocol	KVM/Matrix
USB Keep-Alive NAK transaction	USB 2.0 standard handshake PID (1010B) – Receiving device cannot accept data or transmitting device cannot send data.	KVM/Matrix
KM	Keyboard, Mouse	KVM
KVM	Keyboard, Video and Mouse	KVM/Matrix
LED	Light-Emitting Diode	KVM/Matrix
LoS	Line-of-Sight	KVM/Matrix
MCU	Microcontroller Unit	KVM/Matrix
MCCS	Monitor Control Command Set	KVM/Matrix
MHL	Mobile High-Definition Link	Not in use
MSC	Mass Storage Class	KVM/Matrix
mV	millivolt	KVM/Matrix

NIAP	National Information Assurance Program	NIAP
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology	NIAP
NSA	National Security Agency	NIAP
OSD	On-Screen Display	KVM/Matrix
PC	Personal Computer	KVM/Matrix
PCL	Product Compliance List	NIAP
PIN	Personal Identification Number	KVM/Matrix
PP	Protection Profile	PP
PS/2	IBM Personal System/2 series	KVM/Matrix
PSS	Peripheral Sharing Switch	KVM/Matrix
S/PDIF	Sony/Philips Digital Interface Format	KVM/Matrix
SFR	Security Functional Requirements	NIAP
SP	Special Publication	KVM/Matrix
SPF	Shared Peripheral Functions	KVM/Matrix
ST	Security Target	NIAP
TMDS	Transition-Minimized Differential Signalling	KVM/Matrix
TOE	Target of Evaluation	NIAP
TSF	TOE Security Functions	NIAP
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver / Transmitter	KVM/Matrix
USB	Universal Serial Bus	KVM/Matrix
V	Volt	KVM/Matrix
VESA	Video Electronics Standards Association	KVM/Matrix
VGA	Video Graphics Array	KVM/Matrix
VR	Validation Report	NIAP

12 Bibliography

The Validation Team used the following documents to produce this Validation Report:

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